

AMINO ACID DERIVATIVE AND HYPOTENSOR CONTAINING SAME**Publication number:** JP61053298**Also published as:****Publication date:** 1986-03-17

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US4719200 (A)

Applicant: AJINOMOTO KK**Classification:****- international:** C07K5/08; A61K38/00; A61P9/12; C07K5/083;
C07K5/103; C07K5/107; C07K5/117; A61K38/00;
A61P9/00; C07K5/00; (IPC1-7): A61K37/02; C07K5/08
- European: C07K5/08A1A; C07K5/10A1A; C07K5/10A2; C07K5/10H**Application number:** JP19840176355 19840824**Report a data error****Abstract of JP61053298**

NEW MATERIAL: A compound expressed by the formula [X represents H, R (R represents alkyl, aryl, etc. herein) or RCO; Y represents H, R, RCO, RCS, RSO₂, ROSO₂, etc.; Z represents OH, RO, RS, RNH, HONH, RONH, etc.; except those derivatives wherein Z represents OH, p-nitrobenzyloxy, benzyloxy or pentachlorophenoxy, and X is H, and Y is t-butyloxy-carbonyl; Z is benzyloxy, and X is H, and Y is benzyloxy-carbonyl]. **USE:** A hypotensor. **PREPARATION:** For example, an amino-protected alanine is reacted with a carboxyl-protected proline to prepare alanylproline, and a carboxyl-protecting group thereof is eliminated. The resultant product is further reacted with the carboxyl-protected proline to synthesize a tripeptide of alanyl-prolyl-proline, and acylation of terminal amino group thereof is conducted to obtain the compound expressed by the formula.

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SUBSTITUTED PIPERIDINES, MEDICAMENTS CONTAINING THESE COMPOUNDS, AND METHODS FOR THE PRODUCTION THEREOF

Publication number: JP2003519222T

Publication date: 2003-06-17

Inventor:

Applicant:

Classification:

- international:

A61K31/4745; A61K31/496; A61K31/517;
A61K31/5377; A61K31/5513; A61P11/06; A61P15/12;
A61P17/00; A61P25/04; A61P25/36; A61P29/00;
A61P37/08; A61P43/00; C07D401/04; C07D401/14;
C07D405/14; C07D471/04; A61K31/4738; A61K31/496;
A61K31/517; A61K31/5375; A61K31/551; A61P11/00;
A61P15/00; A61P17/00; A61P25/00; A61P29/00;
A61P37/00; A61P43/00; C07D401/00; C07D405/00;
C07D471/00; (IPC1-7): C07D401/04; A61K31/4745;
A61K31/496; A61K31/517; A61K31/5377; A61K31/5513;
A61P11/06; A61P15/12; A61P17/00; A61P25/04;
A61P25/36; A61P29/00; A61P37/08; A61P43/00;
C07D401/14; C07D405/14; C07D471/04

- European: C07D401/04; C07D401/14R

Application number: JP20010550216T 20001222

Priority number(s): DE19991063868 19991230; WO2000EP13236
20001222

Also published as:

WO0149676 (A1)
US6949541 (B2)
US2003212057 (A1)
MXPA02006509 (A)
HR20020560 (A2)

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Abstract not available for JP2003519222T

Abstract of corresponding document: **WO0149676**

The invention relates to substituted piperidines of general formula (I) in which A<1>, A<2>, R, R<1> and R<2> are defined as in Claim No. 1, to their tautomers, diastereomers, enantiomers, mixtures, and to the salts, in particular, their physiologically compatible salts with inorganic or organic acids or bases, which comprise valuable pharmacological properties, in particular, CGRP-antagonistic properties. The invention also relates to medicaments containing these compounds, to their use and to methods for the production thereof.

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HETEROCYCLIC AMINES USEFUL IN THE THERAPY OF ASTHMA AND INFLAMMATION OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT

Publication number: JP6506450T

Publication date: 1994-07-21

Inventor:

Applicant:

Classification:

- international: A61K31/425; A61K31/426; A61K31/435; A61K31/4427; A61K31/445; A61K31/496; A61K31/535; A61K31/54; A61P11/00; A61P11/06; A61P29/00; C07D207/08; C07D207/09; C07D207/16; C07D277/04; C07D277/06; C07D401/12; C07D401/14; C07D403/12; C07D403/14; C07D417/12; C07D417/14; A61K31/425; A61K31/426; A61K31/435; A61K31/4427; A61K31/445; A61K31/496; A61K31/535; A61K31/54; A61P11/00; A61P29/00; C07D207/00; C07D277/00; C07D401/00; C07D403/00; C07D417/00; (IPC1-7): C07D207/08; A61K31/425; A61K31/435; A61K31/445; A61K31/535; A61K31/54; C07D207/09; C07D207/16; C07D277/06; C07D401/12; C07D401/14; C07D403/12; C07D403/14; C07D417/12; C07D417/14

- European: C07D277/06; C07D401/12; C07D401/14; C07D403/12; C07D417/12

Application number: JP19920506863T 19920401

Priority number(s): WO1992EP00724 19920401; IT1991MI00966 19910409

Also published as:

WO9218478 (A1)
EP0580633 (A1)
US5453423 (A1)
IE921117 (A1)
HU211968 (A9)

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Abstract not available for JP6506450T

Abstract of corresponding document: **WO9218478**

Compounds of formula (I) wherein X, Y, A, B and D have the meanings reported in the specification, are useful in the treatment of asthma and other pathologies of the respiratory tract.

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QUINAZOLINYL-AMINO DERIVATIVES HAVING alpha -ANTAGONIST ACTIVIT**Publication number:** JP9511238T**Publication date:** 1997-11-11**Inventor:****Applicant:****Classification:**

- international: **A61K31/505; A61K31/517; A61P3/06; A61P9/12; A61P13/02; A61P13/08; A61P15/00; A61P27/02; A61P27/06; A61P43/00; C07D239/95; C07D401/04; A61K31/505; A61K31/517; A61P3/00; A61P9/00; A61P13/00; A61P15/00; A61P27/00; A61P43/00; C07D239/00; C07D401/00; (IPC1-7): C07D239/95; A61K31/505; C07D401/04**

- European: C07D239/95; C07D401/04

Application number: JP19950524370T 19950317**Priority number(s):** WO1995EP01001 19950317; IT1994MI00506 19940318**Also published as:**

 WO9525726 (A1)
 EP0750614 (A1)
 US5798362 (A1)
 EP0750614 (A0)
 EP0750614 (B1)

[more >>](#)[Report a data error](#) [here](#)**Abstract not available for JP9511238T****Abstract of corresponding document: WO9525726**

New quinazolinyl-amino derivatives useful as alpha 1-adrenoreceptors blockers are described. These compounds can be used as therapeutical agents for treating affections and diseases related with the hyperactivity of the alpha -adrenergic system, as, for example, arterial hypertension, prostate benign hyperplasia (BHP), high intraocular pressure and hypercholesterolemia. Processes for the preparation of the above said compounds are also described.

Data supplied from the **esp@cenet** database - Worldwide

IMIDAZOYLALKYL SUBSTITUTED WITH A FIVE, SIX OR SEVEN MEMBERED HETEROCYCLIC RING CONTAINING ONE NITROGEN ATOM**Publication number:** JP2001522845T**Publication date:** 2001-11-20**Inventor:****Applicant:****Classification:****- international:**

A61K31/4178; A61K31/4427; A61K31/445;
A61K31/454; A61K31/495; A61P1/00; A61P3/04;
A61P9/00; A61P9/02; A61P25/00; A61P25/06;
A61P25/18; A61P25/20; A61P25/28; A61P27/06;
A61P37/08; C07D401/06; C07D403/06; A61K31/4164;
A61K31/4427; A61K31/445; A61K31/4523;
A61K31/495; A61P1/00; A61P3/00; A61P9/00;
A61P25/00; A61P27/00; A61P37/00; C07D401/00;
C07D403/00; (IPC1-7): C07D401/06; A61K31/4178;
A61K31/454; A61P1/00; A61P3/04; A61P9/00;
A61P9/02; A61P25/00; A61P25/06; A61P25/18;
A61P25/20; A61P25/28; A61P27/06; A61P37/08;
C07D403/06

- European: A61K31/445; A61K31/495; C07D401/06; C07D403/06**Application number:** JP20000520435T 19981105**Priority number(s):** US19970965754 19971107; WO1998US23224
19981105**Also published as:**

 WO9924421 (A1-corr)
 WO9924421 (A1)
 EP1028956 (A1-corr)
 EP1028956 (A1)
 ZA9810186 (A)

[more >>](#)[Report a data error](#)**Abstract not available for JP2001522845T****Abstract of corresponding document: WO9924421**

Disclosed are compounds of Formula (I) or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates thereof. Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compositions comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and an effective amount of a Compound of Formula (I). Further disclosed is a method of treating allergy (for example asthma), inflammation, hypotension, raised intraocular pressure (such as glaucoma) i.e., a method of lowering intraocular pressure, sleeping disorders, states of hyper and hypo motility and acidic secretion of the gastrointestinal tract, hypo and hyperactivity of the central nervous system (for example, agitation and depression) and other CNS disorders (such as Alzheimer's, Schizophrenia, obesity and migraine) comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) to a patient in need of such treatment. Also disclosed are methods for treatment of upper airway allergic responses comprising administering a compound, or salt or solvate thereof, of Formula (I) in combination or admixture with a histamine H1 receptor antagonist.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re patent application of : Confirmation No. 7165
Keiji KUBO et al. : Attorney Docket No. 08279.1128USWO
Serial No. 10/583,046 : Group Art Unit 1626
Filed June 15, 2006 : Examiner CHU, YONG LIANG
UREA DERIVATIVE, PROCESS FOR PRODUCING THE SAME, AND USE

VERIFICATION OF ENGLISH TRANSLATION

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

I, Mitsuo TANAKA, declare that I am conversant in both the Japanese and English languages and that the English translation as attached hereto is an accurate translation of Japanese Patent Application No. 2003-420031 filed on December 17, 2003.

Signed this 3rd day of September, 2008.



Mitsuo TANAKA

JAPAN PATENT OFFICE

This is to certify that the annexed is a true copy of the following application as filed with this Office.

Date of Application: December 17, 2003
Application Number: Patent Application No.2003-420031
The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is JP2003-420031
Applicant(s): TAKEDA PHARMACEUTICAL COMPANY LIMITED
(TAKEDA CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, LTD.)

Commissioner,

Japan Patent Office

Document Name: Application for Patent

Docket No.: B03248

Date of Application: December 17, 2003

Addressee: Commissioner, Patent Office

International Patent
Classification: C07C275/00

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Prepayment Book No.: 005142
Amount to be paid: 21,000 yen

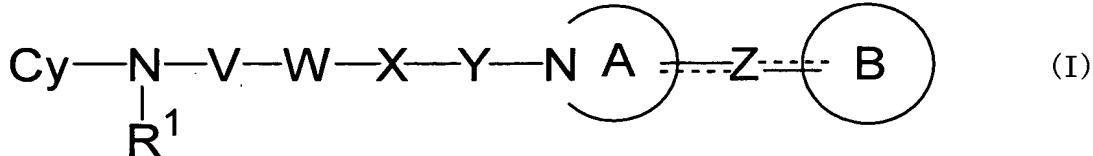
Attached document:
Item: Claims 1 copy
Item: Specification 1 copy
Item: Abstract 1 copy

Registration No.
of General Power: 9909276
0203423

Document Name: Claim

1. A compound represented by the formula (1):

[Chemical formula 1]



wherein Cy is an aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be
 5 substituted, or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be
 substituted; R^1 is a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group
 which may be substituted; V is $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)-$, or $-S(O)_2-$;
 W is $-N(R^2)-$, $-O-$, or a bond (wherein R^2 is a hydrogen atom
 or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted); X is
 10 alkylene which may be substituted; Y is $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)-$, or
 $-S(O)_2-$; Z is a bond, a chain hydrocarbon group which may
 be substituted, or $-N=$; ring A is a non-aromatic nitrogen-
 containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted; and
 ring B is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group which
 15 may be substituted;

[Chemical formula 2]

-----, -----

is each independently a single bond or a double bond; R^1
 and R^2 may be bonded to each other to form a non-aromatic
 nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be
 20 substituted; and R^2 may be bonded to a substituent of X to
 form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring
 which may be substituted, or a salt thereof.

2. A prodrug of the compound according to claim 1.

3. The compound according to claim 1, wherein Cy is phenyl which may be substituted, or a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group which may be substituted.

4. The compound according to claim 1, wherein Cy is phenyl which may be substituted with a halogen atom.

5. The compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is a hydrogen atom.

10 6. The compound according to claim 1, wherein V is -C(O)-.

7. The compound according to claim 1, wherein W is -N(R²)-.

15 8. The compound according to claim 1, wherein X is C₁₋₄ alkylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted, a hydroxyl group which may be substituted, amino which may be substituted, carbamoyl which may be substituted or carboxyl which may be esterified.

20 9. The compound according to claim 1, wherein X is methylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted.

25 10. The compound according to claim 1, wherein Y is -C(O)-.

11. The compound according to claim 1, wherein -W-X-Y- is an amino acid residue.

12. The compound according to claim 1, wherein ring A is a piperidine ring which may be substituted, or a 5 piperazine ring which may be substituted.

13. The compound according to claim 1, wherein ring B is a monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

14. The compound according to claim 13, wherein the 10 monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is a piperidine ring, a piperazine ring, a morpholine ring, an imidazoline ring, a pyrrolidine ring, a pyridine ring, an imidazole ring, or a thiazoline ring.

15. The compound according to claim 1, wherein ring B 15 is a fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

16. The compound according to claim 15, wherein the fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is a fused pyridine ring, a fused imidazole ring, or a fused 20 thiazoline ring.

17. The compound according to claim 1, wherein Z is a bond or C₁₋₆ alkylene.

18. A compound selected from the group consisting of 25 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-

ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea, and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea, or a salt thereof.

5 19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the
10 compound according to claim 1 or 2.

20. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19, which is an anticoagulant.

21. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19, which is an activated blood coagulation factor X
15 inhibitor.

22. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19, which is a prophylactic and/or therapeutic agent for myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction, deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary thromboembolism, or arteriosclerosis
20 obliterans.

23. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 19, which is a prophylactic and/or therapeutic agent for economy-class syndrome, thromboembolism during and post operation, or the secondary onset of deep vein thrombosis.

Document Name: Specification

Title of the Invention

UREA DERIVATIVE, PROCESS FOR PRODUCING THE SAME AND USE

Technical Field

5 [0001]

The present invention relates to a novel urea derivative which inhibits activated blood coagulation factor X (FXa), thus having anticoagulation action and antithrombotic action, and is useful for the prevention and 10 treatment of thrombotic occlusive disease, inflammation, cancer and the like in arteries and veins, a process for producing the same, and use thereof.

Background Art

[0002]

15 It is important to inhibit thrombus formation for the prevention and treatment of myocardial infarction, cerebral thrombosis and the like, and various antithrombin agents, platelet coagulation inhibitors and the like are being investigated and developed as antithrombotic agents.

20 However, platelet coagulation inhibitors as well as antithrombin agents have anticoagulative action, together with their inhibition of platelet coagulation, and therefore, these drugs exhibit a tendency for hemorrhage and the like as side effects, thus presenting a safety 25 problem. On the other hand, FXa inhibitors are thought to be safe anticoagulants because they specifically inhibit

coagulation factors only.

To the present, compounds having FXa inhibitory action have been disclosed in, for example, Patent Documents 1 to 15, Non-Patent Documents 1 and 2, and the like.

5 Patent Document 1: WO 96/10022
 Patent Document 2: WO 02/06234
 Patent Document 3: WO 03/045912
 Patent Document 4: WO 02/48099
 Patent Document 5: WO 00/76970
10 Patent Document 6: WO 00/76971
 Patent Document 7: WO 01/96296
 Patent Document 8: WO 01/96303
 Patent Document 9: WO 01/96304
 Patent Document 10: WO 01/96323
15 Patent Document 11: WO 03/010160
 Patent Document 12: WO 03/049735
 Patent Document 13: WO 03/049737
 Patent Document 14: WO 03/050109
 Patent Document 15: WO 02/074735
20 Non-Patent Document 1: J.W. Liebeschuetz, et al.,
 Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, Vol. 45, p. 1221 (2002)
 Non-Patent Document 2: W.W.K.R. Mederski, et al.,
 Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters, Vol. 13, p. 3715
 (2003)
25 Disclosure of the Invention
 Problem to be solved by the Invention

[0004]

Development of a novel compound which has excellent efficacy, oral absorbability, effect sustainability and the like, with less side effects, and which is useful as a therapeutic drug for thrombosis, compared with conventional FXa inhibitors, is desired.

Means for solving the Problem

[0005]

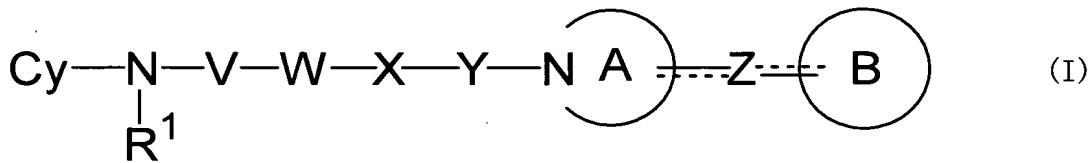
The present inventors have expected that a urea derivative having high selectivity for FXa and strong inhibitory action would be able to show sustained and sufficient effect when orally administered, and would be useful for the prevention and treatment of thrombotic occlusive disease, inflammation and cancer in arteries and veins, and have studied intensively.

As a result, the present inventors have found that a novel urea derivative represented by the following formula (I) or a salt thereof [hereinafter, sometimes, referred to as Compound (I)] has specific and strong FXa inhibitory action, is highly safe, and exhibits sustained and sufficient effect when orally administered, thus completing the present invention.

That is, the invention relates to:

(1) A compound represented by the formula (1):

25 [Chemical formula 1]



wherein Cy is an aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted; R¹ is a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted; V is -C(O)-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-; 5 W is -N(R²)-, -O-, or a bond (wherein R² is a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted); X is alkylene which may be substituted; Y is -C(O)-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-; Z is a bond, a chain hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or -N=; ring A is a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted; and 10 ring B is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group which may be substituted;

[Chemical formula 2]

----- , -----

are each independently a single bond or a double bond; R¹ 15 and R² may be bonded to each other to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted; and R² may be bonded to a substituent of X to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted, or a salt thereof;

20 (2) A prodrug of the compound according to the above (1);

(3) The compound according to the above (1), wherein

Cy is phenyl which may be substituted, or a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group which may be substituted;

(4) The compound according to the above (1), wherein

5 Cy is phenyl which may be substituted with a halogen atom;

(5) The compound according to the above (1), wherein

R¹ is a hydrogen atom;

(6) The compound according to the above (1), wherein V is -C(O)-;

10 (7) The compound according to the above (1), wherein W is -N(R²)-;

(8) The compound according to the above (1), wherein X is C₁₋₄ alkylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted, a hydroxyl group which may be substituted, amino which may be substituted, carbamoyl which may be substituted or carboxyl which may be esterified;

20 (9) The compound according to the above (1), wherein X is methylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted;

(10) The compound according to the above (1), wherein Y is -C(O)-;

25 (11) The compound according to the above (1), wherein -W-X-Y- is an amino acid residue;

(12) The compound according to the above (1), wherein ring A is a piperidine ring which may be substituted, or a piperazine ring which may be substituted;

5 (13) The compound according to the above (1), wherein ring B is a monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted;

10 (14) The compound according to the above (13), wherein the monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is a piperidine ring, a piperazine ring, a morpholine ring, an imidazoline ring, a pyrrolidine ring, a pyridine ring, an imidazole ring, or a thiazoline ring;

(15) The compound according to the above (1), wherein ring B is a fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted;

15 (16) The compound according to the above (15), wherein the fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is a fused pyridine ring, a fused imidazole ring, or a fused thiazoline ring;

20 (17) The compound according to the above (1), wherein Z is a bond or C₁₋₆ alkylene;

25 (18) A compound selected from the group consisting of N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea, N-

(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-((1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea, and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea, or a salt thereof;

5 (19) A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound according to the above (1) or (2);

10 (20) The pharmaceutical composition according to the above (19), which is an anticoagulant;

(21) The pharmaceutical composition according to the above (19), which is an activated blood coagulation factor X inhibitor;

15 (22) The pharmaceutical composition according to the above (19), which is a prophylactic and/or therapeutic agent for myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction, deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary thromboembolism, or arteriosclerosis obliterans;

20 (23) The pharmaceutical composition according to the above (19), which is a prophylactic and/or therapeutic agent for economy-class syndrome, thromboembolism during and post operation, or the secondary onset of deep vein thrombosis; and the like.

[0007]

25 In the above-described formulas, Cy is an aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or an aromatic

heterocyclic group which may be substituted.

The "aromatic hydrocarbon group" of the "aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by Cy may be exemplified by a monocyclic or fused polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon group, and for example, C₆₋₁₄ aromatic hydrocarbon groups such as phenyl, naphthyl, anthryl, phenanthryl, acenaphthyl enyl and the like are preferred, among which phenyl and the like are particularly preferred.

The "aromatic heterocyclic group" of the "aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted" represented by Cy may be exemplified by a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group such as, for example, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, furazanyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl or the like; and a 8- to 16-membered (preferably, 8- to 12-membered) aromatic fused heterocyclic group such as, for example, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, benzo[b]thienyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 1H-indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, 1,2-benzoisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 1,2-benzoisothiazolyl, 1H-benzotriazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, cinnolinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, phthalizinyl, naphthyridinyl, purinyl, pteridinyl, carbazolyl, α -carbolinyl, β -carbolinyl,

γ -carbolinyl, acridinyl, phenoazazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenazinyl, phenoazathiinyl, thianthrenyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, indolizinyl, pyrrolo[1,2-b]pyridazinyl, pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,5-5
a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyrimidinyl, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyridyl, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazinyl or the like. Preferably, a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group, and particularly preferably, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, 10 thiazolyl or the like may be mentioned.

[0008]

The substituent (hereinafter, referred to as "substituent for Cy") which may be carried by the "aromatic hydrocarbon group" or "aromatic heterocyclic group" of the 15 "aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" and "aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted" represented by Cy, may be exemplified by a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, a heterocyclic group which may be substituted, amino which may be substituted, imidoYL which may be substituted (for example, a group represented 20 by the formula: $-C(E')=N-E$ [wherein E and E' are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent (E is preferably a hydrogen atom)], etc.), amidino which may be substituted (for example, a group represented by the formula: $-C(NT'T'')=N-T$ 25 [wherein T, T' and T'' are each a hydrogen atom or a substituent (T is preferably a hydrogen atom)], etc.), a

hydroxyl group which may be substituted, a thiol group which may be substituted, carbamoyl which may be substituted, thiocarbamoyl which may be substituted, a sulfamoyl group which may be substituted, carboxyl which may be esterified, a halogen atom (e.g., fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc., preferably chlorine, bromine, etc.), a cyano group, a nitro group, acyl, and the like, and any of these substituents may be used for substitution at 1 to 5 (preferably, 1 to 3) substitutable positions.

10 [0009]

The "hydrocarbon group" of the "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" as a substituent for Cy, may be exemplified by the same group as the "hydrocarbon group" of the "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by R¹ to be described below, and the like.

15 The substituent which may be carried by the "hydrocarbon group" may be exemplified by hydroxyl, carboxyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl, acyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoyl such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl or the like, benzoyl, etc.), amino which may be substituted [this amino may have one or two substituents such as, for example, lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), carboxyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl, acyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoyl such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl or the like, benzoyl, etc.) or the like, or may be a cyclic amine

such as pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl], a halogen atom (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), nitro, cyano, lower alkyl which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms (for example, C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, 5 n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, trifluoromethyl, etc.), lower alkoxy which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, isobutoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy, 10 trifluoromethoxy or the like, etc.), oxo, thioxo, and the like. It is preferable that one to three (preferably, one or two) of these substituents, which may be identical or different, are used for substitution.

[0010]

15 The "heterocyclic group" of the "heterocyclic group which may be substituted" as a substituent for Cy, may be exemplified by an aromatic heterocyclic group containing at least one (preferably 1 to 4, more preferably 1 to 2) of heteroatoms of 1 to 3 species (preferably, 1 to 2 species) 20 selected from oxygen atom, sulfur atom, nitrogen atom and the like as the ring-constituting atom (ring atom), a saturated or unsaturated non-aromatic heterocyclic group (aliphatic heterocyclic group), and the like.

25 The "aromatic heterocyclic group" may be exemplified by a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group such as, for example, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl,

oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, furazanyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, tetrazolyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl or the like; and a 8- to 16-membered (preferably, 8- to 12-membered) aromatic fused heterocyclic group such as, for example, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, benzo[b]thienyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 1H-indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, 1,2-benzoisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, 1,2-benzoisothiazolyl, 1H-benzotriazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, cinnolinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, phthalazinyl, naphthyridinyl, purinyl, pteridinyl, carbazolyl, α -carbolinyl, β -carbolinyl, γ -carbolinyl, acridinyl, phenoxazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, thianthrenyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, indolizinyl, pyrrolo[1,2-b]pyridazinyl, pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,5-a]pyridyl, imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyrimidinyl, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyridyl, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazinyl or the like. Preferably, a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group, and particularly preferably, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, thiazolyl or the like may be mentioned.

The "non-aromatic heterocyclic group" may be exemplified by a 3- to 8-membered (preferably, 5- to 6-

membered), saturated or unsaturated (preferably, saturated) non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group (aliphatic monocyclic heterocyclic group) such as oxiranyl, azetidinyl, oxetanyl, thietanyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuryl, 5 thiolanyl, piperidyl, tetrahydropyranyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, piperazinyl or the like; a heterocyclic group in which one to two (preferably, one) of the above-mentioned non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic groups such as 1,3-dihydroisoindolyl are fused with one to two benzene rings (preferably, one); a heterocyclic group in which one to two (preferably, one) of the above-mentioned non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group are fused with one to two (preferably, one) of heterocyclic rings of the above-mentioned 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic 10 heterocyclic groups; a non-aromatic heterocyclic group in which part or all of the double bonds of the above-mentioned aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group such as 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl or the like, or of the above-mentioned aromatic fused 15 heterocyclic group are saturated; or the like.

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The substituent which may be carried by the "heterocyclic group" of the "heterocyclic group which may be substituted", may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the substituents which may be carried by the hydrocarbon group of the above-mentioned "hydrocarbon 25 group which may be substituted" as the substituent for Cy,

or the like.

[0011]

The substituent for the "amino which may be substituted", "imidoyl which may be substituted", "amidino which may be substituted", "hydroxyl group which may be substituted", and "thiol group which may be substituted" as the substituent for Cy, may be exemplified by lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.) which may be substituted with a substituent selected from a halogen atom (e.g., fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), and C₁₋₆ alkoxy which may be halogenated (e.g., methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, trichloromethoxy, 2,2,2-trichloroethoxy, etc.), acyl (C₁₋₆ alkanoyl (e.g., formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl, etc.), benzoyl, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl (e.g., methanesulfonyl, etc.), benzenesulfonyl, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl which may be halogenated (e.g., methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethoxycarbonyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxycarbonyl, trichloromethoxycarbonyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl which may be substituted with phenyl (e.g., benzyloxycarbonyl, etc.), a heterocyclic group (for example, the same group as the "heterocyclic group" of the above-mentioned "heterocyclic group which may be substituted" as the substituent for Cy, etc.), or the like. The "amino" of

the "amino which may be substituted" as a substituent for Cy may be substituted with imidoYL which may be substituted (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoylimidoYL (e.g., formylimidoYL, acetylimidoYL, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxyimidoYL, C₁₋₆ 5 alkylthioimidoYL, amidino, etc.), amino which may be substituted with one to two of C₁₋₆ alkyl, or the like. Furthermore, two of the substituents may form cyclic amino, together with a nitrogen atom, and in this case, the cyclic amino may be exemplified by a 3- to 8-membered (preferably, 10 5- to 6-membered) cyclic amino such as 1-azetidinyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, piperidino, thiomorpholino, morpholino, 1-piperazinyl which may be substituted at 4-position (the substituent may be lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, 15 hexyl or the like, etc.), aralkyl (e.g., C₇₋₁₀ aralkyl such as benzyl, phenethyl or the like, etc.), aromatic hydrocarbon group (e.g., C₆₋₁₀ aromatic hydrocarbon group such as phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-naphthyl or the like, etc.)), 1-pyrrolyl, 1-imidazolyl or the like, or the like.

20 [0012]

The "carbamoyl which may be substituted" as a substituent for Cy may be exemplified by unsubstituted carbamoyl as well as N-monosubstituted carbamoyl, or N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl.

25 The "N-monosubstituted carbamoyl" may be exemplified by lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl,

propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), lower alkenyl (e.g., C₂₋₆ alkenyl such as vinyl, allyl, isopropenyl, propenyl, butenyl, pentenyl, hexenyl or the like, etc.), cycloalkyl (e.g., C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or the like, etc.), an aromatic hydrocarbon group (e.g., C₆₋₁₀ aromatic hydrocarbon group such as phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-naphthyl or the like, etc.), aralkyl (e.g., C₇₋₁₀ aralkyl such as benzyl, phenethyl or the like; 10 preferably, phenyl-C₁₋₄ alkyl, etc.), arylalkenyl (e.g., C₈₋₁₀ arylalkenyl such as cinnamyl or the like; preferably, phenyl-C₂₋₄ alkenyl, etc.), a heterocyclic group (for example, the same group as the "heterocyclic group" of the "heterocyclic group which may be substituted" as the 15 substituent for the above-mentioned "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" as the substituent for Cy, etc.), amino which may be substituted with one to two of C₁₋₆ alkyl, or the like. The lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aromatic hydrocarbon group, aralkyl, arylalkenyl, and heterocyclic group may be substituted, and the substituent 20 may be exemplified by hydroxyl, amino which may be substituted [this amino may have one or two of substituents such as lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), acyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoyl such as 25 formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl or the like, benzoyl,

etc.), carboxyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl and the like], a halogen atom (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), nitro, cyano, lower alkyl which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms (for example, 5 fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), lower alkoxy which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), or the like. The lower alkyl may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, etc., or the like, and in particular, methyl, ethyl and the like are preferred. The lower alkoxy may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, isobutoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy, etc., or the like, and in particular, methoxy, ethoxy and the like are preferred. It is preferable that one to three (preferably, one or two) of these substituents, which may be identical or different, 10 are used for substitution.

15

The "N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl" means a carbamoyl group having two substituents on the nitrogen atom. Examples of one of the substituents include the same ones as the substituents for the above-mentioned "N-monosubstituted carbamoyl", while examples of the other substituent include lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as 20 methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl (e.g., cyclopropyl,

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cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, etc.), C_{7-10} aralkyl (e.g., benzyl, phenethyl, etc.; preferably, phenyl- C_{1-4} alkyl, etc.), and the like. Further, two substituents may form cyclic amino together with the nitrogen, and the 5 cyclic aminocarbamoyl in this case may be exemplified by cyclic aminocarbonyl of a 3- to 8-membered ring (preferably, 5- to 6-membered ring) 1-azetidinylcarbonyl, 1-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, piperidinocarbonyl, morpholinocarbonyl, thiomorpholinocarbonyl (the sulfur atom 10 may be oxidized), 1-piperazinylcarbonyl which may be substituted at the 4-position (the substituent is lower alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), aralkyl (e.g., C_{7-10} aralkyl such as benzyl, phenethyl or 15 the like, etc.), aromatic hydrocarbon group (e.g., C_{6-10} aromatic hydrocarbon group such as phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-naphthyl or the like, etc.), etc.), or the like.

The substituent for the "thiocarbamoyl which may be substituted" and "sulfamoyl which may be substituted" as 20 substituents for Cy, may be exemplified by the same ones as the substituents for the above-mentioned "carbamoyl which may be substituted", and the like.

[0013]

The "carboxyl which may be esterified" as a 25 substituent for Cy, may be exemplified by free carbonyl as well as lower alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl,

aralkyloxycarbonyl or the like.

The "lower alkoxy carbonyl" may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl such as methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, butoxycarbonyl, isobutoxycarbonyl, sec-butoxycarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, pentyloxycarbonyl, isopentyloxycarbonyl, neopentyloxycarbonyl, etc., or the like. Among them, C₁₋₃ alkoxy carbonyl such as methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl and the like are preferred.

The "aryloxycarbonyl" is preferably, for example, C₇₋₁₂ aryloxycarbonyl such as phenoxy carbonyl, 1-naphthoxycarbonyl, 2-naphthoxycarbonyl, or the like.

The "aralkyloxycarbonyl" is preferably, for example, C₇₋₁₀ aralkyloxycarbonyl (preferably, C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₄ alkoxy carbonyl, etc.) such as benzyloxycarbonyl, phenethyloxycarbonyl, or the like.

The "aryloxycarbonyl" and "aralkyloxycarbonyl" may be substituted, and for the substituent, the same ones of the same number as the substituents for the aromatic hydrocarbon group and aralkyl which have been mentioned as the exemplary substituents for the above-mentioned N-monosubstituted carbamoyl, are used.

[0014]

The "acyl group" as a substituent for Cy may be exemplified by acyl derived from carboxylic acid, acyl derived from sulfinic acid, acyl derived sulfonic acid,

acyl derived from phosphonic acid, and the like.

The "acyl derived from carboxylic acid" may be exemplified by one in which a hydrogen atom, or one substituent present on the nitrogen atom of the above-mentioned "N-monosubstituted carbamoyl" is bound to carbonyl ($-\text{C}(\text{O})-$), for example, formyl; chain-like or cyclic C_{2-8} alkanoyl which may be halogenated, such as acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, hexanoyl, cyclobutanecarbonyl, cyclopentanecarbonyl, cyclohexanecarbonyl, crotonyl, trifluoroacetyl or the like; benzyl, nicotinoyl, isonicotinoyl, and the like. Among these, C_{2-5} alkanoyl such as acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, valeryl, pivaloyl or the like, and the like are preferred.

The "acyl derived sulfinic acid" may be exemplified by one in which one substituent present on the nitrogen atom of the above-mentioned "N-monosubstituted carbamoyl" is bound to sulfinyl ($-\text{S}(\text{O})-$), for example, chain-like or cyclic C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl which may be halogenated, such as methanesulfinyl, ethanesulfinyl, propanesulfinyl, cyclopropanesulfinyl, cyclopentanesulfinyl, cyclohexanesulfinyl or the like, benzenesulfinyl, toluenesulfinyl and the like.

The "acyl derived from sulfonic acid" may be exemplified by one in which one substituent present on the nitrogen atom of the above-mentioned "N-monosubstituted

carbamoyl" is bound to sulfonyl ($-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$), for example, chain-like or cyclic C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyl which may be halogenated, such as methanesulfonyl, ethanesulfonyl, propanesulfonyl, cyclopropanesulfonyl, cyclopentanesulfonyl, cyclohexanesulfonyl or the like, benzenesulfonyl, toluenesulfonyl and the like.

5 The "acyl derived from phosphonic acid" may be exemplified by (mono- or di- C_{1-4} alkyl)phosphono which may form a ring, such as dimethylphosphono, diethylphosphono, diisopropylphosphono, dibutylphosphono, 2-oxido-1,3,2-dioxaphosphinan-2-yl or the like, and the like.

10 [0015]

Cy is preferably a phenyl group which may be substituted with a substituent selected from a halogen atom, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, amino which may be substituted, nitro, cyano, amidino which may be substituted, and carboxyl which may be esterified or amidated; or a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group (preferably, pyridyl) which may be substituted with a substituent selected from a halogen atom, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, amino which may be substituted, nitro, cyano, amidino which may be substituted, and carboxyl which may be esterified or amidated.

20 Among these, phenyl which may be substituted with a halogen atom or C_{2-4} alkenyl (preferably, a halogen atom) is preferred, and phenyl which may be substituted with a

halogen atom is more preferred.

[0016]

In the above-described formulas, R^1 is a hydrogen atom, or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted.

5 [0017]

The "hydrocarbon group" of the "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by R^1 , may be exemplified by alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aromatic hydrocarbon group, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aralkyl or the 10 like.

The "alkyl" may be exemplified by C_{1-6} alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, n-hexyl, isohexyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 2-ethylpropyl, etc., or the like.

The "alkenyl" may be exemplified by C_{2-6} alkenyl such as vinyl, allyl, isopropenyl, 2-methylallyl, 1-propenyl, 2-methyl-1-propenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, 2-ethyl-1-butenyl, 2-methyl-2-butenyl, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 1-pentenyl, 2-pentenyl, 3-pentenyl, 4-pentenyl, 4-methyl-3-pentenyl, 1-hexenyl, 2-hexenyl, 3-hexenyl, 4-hexenyl, 5-hexenyl, etc., or the like.

The "alkynyl" may be exemplified by C_{2-6} alkynyl such as ethynyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butynyl, 2-butynyl, 3-butynyl, 1-pentynyl, 2-pentynyl, 3-pentynyl, 4-pentynyl, 1-hexynyl, 2-hexynyl, 3-hexynyl, 4-hexynyl, 5-hexynyl, etc.,

or the like.

The "aromatic hydrocarbon group" may be exemplified by a monocyclic or fused polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon group, for example, a C₆₋₁₄ aromatic hydrocarbon group such as phenyl, naphthyl, anthryl, phenanthryl, acenaphthylene, etc., or the like.

The "cycloalkyl" may be exemplified by C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, etc., or the like.

10 The "cycloalkenyl" may be exemplified by C₃₋₆ cycloalkenyl such as cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, etc., or the like.

The "aralkyl" may be exemplified by a C₇₋₁₆ aralkyl group, for example, a phenyl-C₁₋₆ alkyl group such as benzyl, phenethyl, 3-phenylpropyl, 4-phenylbutyl or the like, and a naphthyl-C₁₋₆ alkyl group such as (1-naphthyl)methyl, (2-naphthyl)methyl, 2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl, 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl, etc., or the like.

[0018]

20 The substituent which may be carried by the "hydrocarbon group" of the "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by R¹, may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the substituents for the above-mentioned Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group, or the like.

[0019]

R^1 is preferably hydrogen atom, C_{1-6} alkyl or the like, and among these, hydrogen atom is more preferred.

[0020]

In the above-described formulas, V is $-C(O)-$, $-S(O)-$ 5 or $-S(O)_2-$.

V is preferably $-C(O)-$.

[0021]

In the above-described formulas, W is $-N(R^2)-$, $-O-$ or a bond, and R^2 is a hydrogen atom, or a hydrocarbon group 10 which may be substituted.

The hydrocarbon group of the "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by R^2 , may be exemplified by the same group as the hydrocarbon group of the above-mentioned "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" 15 represented by R^1 . The substituent which may be carried by the hydrocarbon group may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the substituents which may be carried by the hydrocarbon group of the above-mentioned "hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by 20 R^1 , or the like.

W is preferably $-N(R^2)-$ or $-O-$, and among them, $-N(R^2)-$ is more preferred. R^2 is preferably hydrogen atom or C_{1-4} alkyl, and among them, hydrogen atom is more preferred.

25 [0022]

In the above-described formulas, X is alkylene which

may be substituted. The alkylene may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkylene such as methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene or the like.

The substituent which may be carried by the alkylene
5 may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the substituents which may be carried by the "aromatic hydrocarbon group" of the above-mentioned "aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group and the like.

10 [0023]

X is preferably C₁₋₄ alkylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted, a hydroxyl group which may be substituted, amino which may be substituted, carbamoyl which may be substituted, or carboxyl which may be esterified, and among them, X is more preferably methylene which may be substituted with a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted. Among them, 15 methylene which may be substituted with C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, phenyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkenyl, C₇₋₁₆ aralkyl, or a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group (these C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₂₋₆ alkenyl, C₂₋₆ alkynyl, phenyl, C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, C₃₋₆ cycloalkenyl, C₇₋₁₆ aralkyl, and 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic 20 25 heterocyclic group may be respectively substituted with a

hydroxyl group, a thiol group which may be substituted with C₁₋₆ alkyl, carboxyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl, acyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoyl such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl or the like, benzoyl, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl, C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl, etc.),
5 amino which may be substituted [this amino may be substituted with one or two substituents of lower alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like, etc.), carboxyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl, acyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkanoyl such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl or the like, benzoyl, etc.) or the like], a halogen atom (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), carbamoyloxy, a nitro group, a cyano group, lower alkyl which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms (for example, C₁₋₆ alkyl such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl or the like), phenyl which may be substituted with 1 to 5 halogen atoms, lower alkoxy which may be substituted with phenyl or 1 to 5 halogen atoms (for example, C₁₋₆ alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, isobutoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy or the like, etc.), a 5- to 6-membered aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group, oxo, thioxo, etc.), or the like, is particularly preferred.

25 [0024]

In the above-described formulas, Y is -C(O)-, -S(O)-

or $-S(O)_2-$.

[0025]

Y is preferably $-C(O)-$.

In the above-described formulas, $-W-X-Y-$ is preferably
5 an amino acid residue.

The amino acid residue may be any divalent group that
is obtained by eliminating one hydrogen atom and a hydroxyl
radical from the amino group (unsubstituted amino group or
N-monosubstituted amino group) and the carboxyl group,
10 respectively, which constituted the amino acid.

The amino acid from which the amino acid residue
originates may be exemplified by α -amino acid such as
alanine, arginine, asparagine, aspartic acid, cysteine,
glutamine, glutamic acid, 2-aminomalonic acid, 2-
15 amino adipic acid, glycine, histidine, isoleucine, leucine,
lysine, ornithine, 2,4-diaminobutyric acid, methionine,
phenylalanine, proline, 4-hydroxyproline, thioproline,
azetidine-2-carboxylic acid, piperolinic acid (piperidine-
2-carboxylic acid), indoline-2-carboxylic acid,
20 tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid, serine, threonine,
tryptophan, 5-methyltryptophan, tyrosine, valine,
alloisoleucine, norvaline, norleucine, tert-leucine, γ -
methylleucine, phenylglycine, 2-aminobutyric acid, cysteic
acid, homocysteic acid, 1-naphthylalanine, 2-
25 naphthylalanine, 2-thienylglycine, 3-thienylglycine, 3-
benzothienylalanine, 4-biphenylalanine,

pentamethylphenylalanine, 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid, 1-aminocyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid, 1-aminocyclopentane-1-carboxylic acid, 1-aminocyclohexane-1-carboxylic acid, 1-aminocycloheptane-1-carboxylic acid or the like; and β -amino acid such as β -alanine, azetidine-3-carboxylic acid or the like.

[0026]

When such amino acid has a functional group, for example, a hydroxyl group, a thiol group, an amino group, 10 an imino group, a carboxyl group or the like, this functional group may be substituted with an appropriate substituent.

In this case, the substituted hydroxyl group may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkanoyloxy (for example, formyloxy, 15 acetoxy, propionyloxy, etc.), C₄₋₉ aliphatic cyclic carbonyloxy (for example, cyclopentanecarbonyloxy, cyclohexanecarbonyloxy, etc.), C₇₋₁₅ arylcarbonyloxy (for example, benzoyloxy, 4-methylbenzoyloxy, etc.), C₈₋₁₆ aralkylcarbonyloxy (for example, phenylacetoxy, 20 2-phenylpropionyloxy, 3-phenylpropionyloxy, diphenylacetoxy, etc.), aromatic heterocyclic alkylcarbonyloxy (for example, indol-2-ylacetoxy, indol-3-ylacetoxy, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxy (for example, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, tert-butoxy, etc.), C₃₋₈ cycloalkoxy (for example, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy, etc.), C₆₋₁₂ aryloxy (for example, phenoxy, 25 4-methylphenoxy, etc.), C₇₋₁₅ aralkyloxy (for example,

benzyloxy, phenethyloxy, diphenylmethoxy, etc.), or the like. The α -amino acid having the substituted hydroxyl group may be exemplified by O-acetylserine, O-acetylthreonine, 4-acetoxyproline, O-benzoylserine, O-benzoylthreonine, 4-benzoyloxyproline, O-phenylacetylserine, O-phenylacetylthreonine, 4-phenylacetoxypyroline, O-ethylserine, O-ethylthreonine, 4-ethoxyproline, O-cyclohexylserine, O-cyclohexylthreonine, 4-cyclohexyloxyproline, O-phenylserine, O-phenylthreonine, 4-phenoxyproline, O-benzylserine, O-benzylthreonine, 4-benzylloxyproline, O-diphenylmethylserine, O-diphenylmethylthreonine, 4-diphenylmethoxyproline, or the like.

The substituted thiol group may be exemplified by C_{1-6} alkanoylthio (for example, formylthio, acetylthio, propionylthio, etc.), C_{4-9} aliphatic cyclic carbonylthio (for example, cyclopentanecarbonylthio, cyclohexanecarbonylthio, etc.), C_{7-15} arylcarbonylthio (for example, benzoylthio, 4-methylbenzoylthio, etc.), C_{8-16} aralkylcarbonylthio (for example, phenylacetylthio, 2-phenylpropionylthio, 3-phenylpropionylthio, diphenylacetylthio, etc.), C_{1-6} alkylthio (for example, methylthio, ethylthio, n-propylthio, tert-butylthio, etc.), C_{3-8} cycloalkylthio (for example, cyclopentylthio, cyclohexylthio, etc.), C_{6-12} arylthio (for example, phenylthio, 4-methylphenylthio, etc.), C_{7-15} aralkylthio

(for example, benzylthio, phenethylthio, diphenylmethylthio, etc.), or the like. The α -amino acid having the substituted thiol group may be exemplified by S-acetylcystein, S-benzoylcystein, S-phenylacetylcystein, S-ethylcystein, S-cyclohexylcystein, S-phenylcystein, S-benzylcystein or the like.

The substituted amino group may be exemplified by C_{1-6} alkylamino (for example, N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N-tert-butylamino, etc.), C_{3-8} cycloalkylamino (for example, 10 N-cyclopentylamino, N-cyclohexylamino, etc.), C_{6-12} arylamino (for example, N-phenylamino, N-{4-methylphenyl}amino, etc.), C_{7-15} aralkylamino (for example, N-benzylamino, N-phenethylamino, N-{2-chlorobenzyl}amino, N-{3-chlorobenzyl}amino, N-{4-chlorobenzyl}amino, N-{2-methylbenzyl}amino, N-{3-methylbenzyl}amino, N-{4-methoxybenzyl}amino, N-{3-methoxybenzyl}amino, N-{4-methoxybenzyl}amino, etc.), 15 aromatic heterocyclic- C_{1-6} alkylamino (for example, 2-furylmethylamino, 3-furylmethylamino, 2-thienylmethylamino, 3-thienylmethylamino, indol-2-ylmethylamino, indol-3-ylmethylamino); and the substituted amido group may be exemplified by C_{1-6} aliphatic acylamido (for example, 20 formamido, acetamido, propionamido, etc.), C_{4-9} aliphatic cyclic acylamido (for example, cyclopentanecarbonylamido, cyclhexanecarbonylamido, etc.), C_{7-15} arylacylamido (for example, benzamido, 3-methylbenzamido, etc.), C_{8-16}

aralkylacylamido (for example, phenylacetamido, 2-phenylpropionamido, 3-phenylpropionamido, diphenylacetamido, 1-naphthylacetamido, 2-naphthylacetamido, etc.), aromatic heterocyclic carboxamido (for example, indol-2-ylcarboxamido, indol-3-ylcarboxyamido, etc.), aromatic heterocyclic alkylcarboxamido (for example, indol-2-ylacetamido, indol-3-ylacetamido, etc.), sulfonylamido (for example, benzenesulfonylamido, para-toluenesulfonylamido, 4-methoxy-2,3,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonylamido, etc.) or the like.

The substituent for the substituted imino group may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl, C₆₋₁₂ aryl, C₇₋₁₅ aralkyl, aromatic heterocyclic-C₁₋₆ alkyl or the like, the same ones as the substituents for the above-mentioned substituted amino group or amido group.

The α -amino acid substituted with an amino group may be exemplified by N-methylglycine (sarcosine), N-ethylglycine, N-methylleucine, N-ethylleucine, N-methylphenylalanine, N-ethylphenylalanine, N(α)-methyltryptophan, N(α)-ethyltryptophan, N-cyclopentylglycine, N-cyclohexylglycine, N-phenylglycine, N-phenylleucine, N-benzylglycine, N-benzylleucine, N(π)-benzylhistidine, N(τ)-benzylhistidine, N(π)phenacylhistidine, N(π)-benzyloxymethylhistidine, N^g-benzenesulfonylarginine, N^g-para-toluenesulfonylarginine, N^g-(4-methoxy-2,3,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl)arginine,

N(ϵ)-benzenesulfonyllysine, N(ϵ)-para-toluenesulfonyllysine,
N(ϵ)-(4-methoxy-2,3,6-trimethylbenzenesulfonyl)lysine, Nⁱⁿ-
methyltryptophan, Nⁱⁿ-ethyltryptophan, Nⁱⁿ-formyltryptophan,
Nⁱⁿ-acetyltryptophan, N(ϵ)-benzyllysine, N(ϵ)-(2-
5 furylmethyl)lysine, N(ϵ)-(2-thienylmethyl)lysine, N(ϵ)-
(indol-3-ylmethyl)lysine, N(ϵ)-phenylacetyllysine, N(ϵ)-
({2-furyl}acetyl)lysine, N(ϵ)-({2-thienyl}acetyl)lysine,
N(ϵ)-({indol-3-yl}acetyl)lysine, N(ϵ)-benzoyllysine, N(ϵ)-
(3-phenylpropionyl)lysine, N(δ)-benzylornithine, N(δ)-(2-
10 furylmethyl)ornithine, N(δ)-(2-thienylmethyl)ornithine,
N(δ)-(indol-3-ylmethyl)ornithine, N(δ)-benzoylornithine,
N(δ)-phenylacetylornithine, N(δ)-(3-
phenylpropionyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({2-
15 methylphenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({3-
methylphenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({4-
chlorophenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({3-
chlorophenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({4-
chlorophenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({2-
20 methoxyphenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({3-
methoxyphenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-({4-
methoxyphenyl}acetyl)ornithine, N(δ)-(4-
biphenylacetyl)ornithine, N(γ)-benzyl-2,4-diaminobutyric
acid, N(γ)-(2-furylmethyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-
25 (2-thienylmethyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-benzoyl-2,4-

diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-phenylacetyl-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-(3-phenylpropionyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-(2-furylacetyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-(2-thienylacetyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, N(γ)-({indol-3-yl}acetyl)-2,4-diaminobutyric acid, or the like.

The substituted carboxyl group may be exemplified by carbamoyl group (-CONH₂), C₁₋₆ alkylcarbamoyl (for example, methylcarbamoyl, ethylcarbamoyl, n-propylcarbamoyl, tert-butylcarbamoyl, etc.), C₃₋₈ cycloalkylcarbamoyl (for example, cyclopentylcarbamoyl, cyclohexylcarbamoyl, etc.), C₆₋₁₂ arylcarbamoyl (for example, phenylcarbamoyl, {4-methylphenyl}carbamoyl, etc.), C₇₋₁₅ aralkylcarbamoyl (for example, benzylcarbamoyl, phenethylcarbamoyl, {1,2-diphenylethyl}carbamoyl, etc.), {aromatic heterocyclic-C₁₋₆ alkyl}carbamoyl (for example, [2-{indol-2-yl}ethyl]carbamoyl, [2-{indol-3-yl}ethyl]carbamoyl, etc.), piperidinocarbonyl, piperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-C₁₋₆ alkylpiperazinecarbonyl (for example, N⁴-methylpiperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-ethylpiperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N⁴-C₃₋₈ cycloalkylpiperazinecarbonyl (for example, N⁴-cyclopentylpiperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-cyclohexylpiperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N⁴-5- to 7-membered heterocyclic piperazinecarbonyl (for example, N⁴-pyridylpiperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-furylpiperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-thienylpiperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N⁴-C₆₋₁₂ arylpiperazinecarbonyl (for example, N⁴-

phenylpiperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{4-$
methylphenyl}piperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N^4-C_{7-15}
aralkylpiperazinecarbonyl (for example, N^4-
benzylpiperazinecarbonyl, N^4 -phenethylpiperazinecarbonyl,
5 $N^4-\{1,2-diphenylethyl}piperazinecarbonyl$, etc.), N^4-
{aromatic heterocyclic- C_{1-6} alkyl}piperazinecarbonyl (for
example, $N^4-[2-\{indol-2-yl\}ethyl]piperazinecarbonyl$, $N^4-[2-$
{indol-3-yl}ethyl]piperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N^4-C_{1-6}
aliphatic acylpiperazinecarbonyl (for example, N^4-
10 acetyl piperazinecarbonyl, N^4 -propionylpiperazinecarbonyl,
etc.), N^4-C_{4-9} aliphatic cyclic acylpiperazinecarbonyl (for
example, N^4 -cyclopentanecarbonylpiperazinecarbonyl, N^4-
cyclohexanecarbonylpiperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N^4-C_{7-15}
arylacetyl piperazinecarbonyl (for example, N^4-
15 benzoylpiperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{4-$
methylbenzoyl}piperazinecarbonyl, etc.), N^4-C_{8-16}
aralkylacetyl piperazinecarbonyl (for example, N^4-
phenylacetyl piperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{2-$
phenylpropion}piperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{3-$
20 phenylpropionyl}piperazinecarbonyl, N^4-
diphenylacetyl piperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{1-$
naphthylacetyl}piperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{2-$
naphthylacetyl}piperazinecarbonyl, etc.), $N^4-\{aromatic$
heterocyclic carbonyl}piperazinecarbonyl (for example, N^4-
25 {indol-2-ylcarbonyl}piperazinecarbonyl, $N^4-\{indol-3-$
ylcarbonyl}piperazineamide, etc.), $N^4-\{aromatic$

heterocyclic alkylcarbonyl}piperazinecarbonyl (for example, N⁴-{indol-2-ylacetyl}piperazinecarbonyl, N⁴-{indol-3-ylacetyl}piperazinecarbonyl, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxy carbonyl (for example, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, n-propoxycarbonyl, etc.), C₃₋₈ cycloalkyloxycarbonyl (for example, cyclopentyloxycarbonyl, cyclohexyloxycarbonyl, etc.), C₇₋₁₅ aralkyloxycarbonyl (for example, benzyloxycarbonyl, phenethyloxycarbonyl, 1-phenylethoxycarbonyl, diphenylmethoxycarbonyl, etc.), or the like. The above-mentioned carbamoyl group also encompasses the amide of α -amino acids, or the amide of oligopeptides (for example, dipeptide, tripeptide, tetrapeptide, etc.).

The α -amino acid substituted with a carboxyl group may be exemplified by N⁴-methylasparagine, N⁴-phenylasparagine, N⁴-benzylasparagine, N⁴-phenethylasparagine, N⁴-(2-{indol-3-yl}ethyl)asparagines, N⁵-methylglutamine, N⁵-phenylglutamine, N⁵-benzylglutamine, N⁵-phenethylglutamine, N⁵-(2-{indol-3-yl}ethyl)glutamine, aspartic acid β -methyl ester, aspartic acid β -cyclopropyl ester, aspartic acid β -benzyl ester, aspartic acid β -phenethyl ester, aspartic acid β -N⁴-phenylpiperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(2-methylphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(3-methylphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(4-methylphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(2-methoxyphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(3-methoxyphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(4-

methoxyphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(2-chlorophenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(3-chlorophenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(4-chlorophenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(4-nitrophenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(4-fluorophenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(2,3-dimethylphenyl)piperazineamide, aspartic acid β -N⁴-(2-pyridyl)piperazineamide, glutamic acid γ -methyl ester, glutamic acid γ -cyclopropyl ester, glutamic acid γ -benzyl ester, glutamic acid γ -phenethyl ester, or the like.

When the amino acid from which the amino acid residue originates exists as optical isomers, any of the D-isomer, L-isomer and DL-isomer may be used.

[0027]

In the above-described formulas, Z is a bond, a chain hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or -N=.

The chain hydrocarbon group of the "chain hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by Z, may be exemplified by a divalent chain hydrocarbon group, a trivalent chain hydrocarbon group, and a tetravalent chain hydrocarbon group.

The "divalent chain hydrocarbon group" may be exemplified by C₁₋₆ alkylene (for example, methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene, etc.), C₂₋₆

alkenylene (for example, vinylene, propylene, 1- or 2-butenylene, butadienylene, etc.), C₂₋₈ alkynylene (for example, ethynylene, 1- or 2-propynylene, 1- or 2-butynylene, etc.), and the like.

5 The "trivalent chain hydrocarbon group" may be exemplified by a trivalent group which is obtained by further eliminating one hydrogen atom from one terminal of a divalent chain hydrocarbon group selected from C₁₋₆ alkylene (for example, methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, 10 tetramethylene, etc.), C₂₋₆ alkenylene (for example, vinylene, propylene, 1- or 2-butenylene, butadienylene, etc.), and C₂₋₈ alkynylene (for example, ethynylene, 1- or 2-propynylene, 1- or 2-butynylene, etc.), or the like.

15 The "tetravalent chain hydrocarbon group" may be exemplified by a tetravalent group which is obtained by further eliminating two hydrogen atoms from both terminals of a divalent chain hydrocarbon group selected from C₁₋₆ alkylene (for example, methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, tetramethylene, etc.), C₂₋₆ alkenylene (for example, vinylene, propylene, 1- or 2-butenylene, butadienylene, 20 etc.), and C₂₋₈ alkynylene (for example, ethynylene, 1- or 2-propynylene, 1- or 2-butynylene, etc.), or the like.

25 The substituent which may be carried by the chain hydrocarbon group of the "chain hydrocarbon group which may be substituted" represented by Z, may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the above-mentioned

substituents for Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group, or the like.

When Z is $-\text{N}=$, any of the bond with ring A or the bond with ring B may be a double bound, and it is preferable that the bond with ring B is a double bond.

Z is preferably a bond, or a C_{1-6} alkylene group.

[0028]

In the above-described formulas,

[Chemical formula 3]

— , —

10 are each independently a single bond or a double bond.

Preferably,

[Chemical formula 4]

— and —

are both single bonds.

15 [0029]

In the above-described formulas, ring A is a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

20 The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be exemplified by a 3- to 8-membered (preferably, 5- to 6-membered) saturated or unsaturated (preferably, saturated) non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic ring (aliphatic monocyclic heterocyclic ring) such as azetidine, pyrrolidine, piperidine, morpholine, thiomorpholine, 25 piperazine, perhydroazepine or the like, and the like.

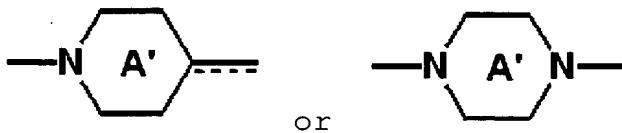
The substituent which may be carried by the "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" of the "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted" represented by ring A, may be the same groups of the same number as the above-mentioned substituents for Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group or the like, and any of these substituents may be used for substitution at 1 to 5 (preferably, 1 to 3) substitutable positions. Among these, the substituent is preferably a C₁₋₆ alkyl group which may be substituted (the substituent may be exemplified by a C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl group, a C₁₋₆ alkylsulfonyl group, a hydroxyl group, or a carboxyl group which may be esterified or amidated), a hydroxyl group, a carboxyl group which may be esterified or amidated, and an oxo group.

Ring A is preferably a piperidine ring which may be substituted, or a piperazine ring which may be substituted, and inter alia, it is more preferable that the formula:
[Chemical formula 5]



20 is the formula:

[Chemical formula 6]



wherein ring A' may be substituted.

[0030]

5 In the above-described formulas, ring B is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

The "nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" of the "nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted" represented by ring B, may be exemplified by an aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which 10 contains at least one (preferably, 1 to 4, and more preferably 1 to 3) nitrogen atom, in addition to carbon atoms, and which may further contain one to three heteroatoms selected from oxygen atom, sulfur atom and the like, as the atoms constituting the ring system (ring atoms), and a saturated or unsaturated non-aromatic 15 nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring (aliphatic heterocyclic group).

The "aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be exemplified by an aromatic monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring such as pyrrole, oxazole, 20 isoxazole, thiazole, isothiazole, imidazole (may be bound to Z at any of the 1-position, 2-position or 4-position), pyrazole, 1,2,3-oxadiazole, 1,2,4-oxadiazole, 1,3,4-

oxadizole, furazane, 1,2,3-thiadiazole, 1,2,4-thiadiazole, 1,3,4-thiadiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, 1,2,4-triazole (may be bound to Z at any of the 1-position or 4-position), tetrazole, pyridine (may be bound to Z at any of the 2-position, 3-position or 4-position), pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, triazine or the like, and N-oxide products thereof, and for example, a 8- to 16-membered (preferably, 8- to 12-membered) aromatic fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring such as indole, isoindole, 1H-indazole, 10 benzimidazole, benzoxazole, 1,2-benzisoxazole, , benzothiazole, 1,2-benzisothiazole, 1H-benzotriazole, quinoline, isoquinoline, 4H-quinolidine, cinnoline, quinazoline, quinoxaline, phthalazine, naphthyridine, purine, pteridine, carbazole, α -carboline, β -carboline, γ -carboline, acridine, phenoxyazine, phenothiazine, phenazine, phenanthridine, phenanthroline, indolizine, pyrrolo[1,2-c]imidazole, pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyridine, pyrrolo[1,2-b]pyridazine, pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridine, imidazo[2,1-b]thiazole, imidazo[1,5-a]imidazole, imidazo[1,5-e]imidazole, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine, imidazo[1,5-a]pyridine, imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine, imidazo[1,2-a]pyrimidine, imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine, imidazo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyridine, 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazine, or the like, and N-oxide products thereof.

25 The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic

ring" may be exemplified by aziridine, azetidine, pyrrolidine, piperidine (may be bound to Z at any of the 1-position, 2-position, 3-position or 4-position), morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperazine, homopiperazine and the like, in 5 addition to partial reduction products of the above-mentioned "aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" (e.g., imidazoline, thiazoline, oxazoline, tetrahydropyrimidine, imidazoimidazoline, etc.).

Such nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring may be 10 bound to Z at any position capable of bonding.

[0031]

The substituent which may be carried by the "nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" of the "nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted" represented by 15 ring B, may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the above-mentioned substituents for Cy, as well as an oxo group, an imino group which may be substituted (e.g., methylimino, ethylimino, propylimino, butylimino, isopropoxyimino, methoxycarbonylmethylimino, 20 ethoxycarbonylmethylimino, etc.), or the like. Any of these substituents may be used for substitution at 1 to 3 (preferably, 1 to 2) substitutable positions. Further, the substituents of the "nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group" represented by ring B may be bonded to each other to 25 form a ring (e.g., benzene, C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkene (for example,

cyclobutene, cyclopentene, cyclohexene, cycloheptene,
cyclooctene, etc.), C₃₋₁₀ cycloalkane (for example,
cyclobutane, cyclopentane, cyclohexane, cycloheptane,
cyclooctane), non-aromatic heterocyclic ring (for example,
5 tetrahydropyridine, dihydropyridine, tetrahydropyrazine,
tetrahydropyrimidine, tetrahydropyridazine, dihydropyrane,
dihydropyrrole, dihydrothiophene, dihydrofuran, piperidine,
piperazine, hexahydropyrimidine, hexahydropyridazine,
tetrahydropyrane, morpholine, pyrrolidine, pyrazoline,
10 imidazolidine, thiazoline, isothiazoline, oxazoline,
isoxazoline, pyrazolidine, tetrahydrothiophene,
tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydrothiazole, tetrahydroisothiazole,
tetrahydrooxazole, tetrahydroisoxazole ring, etc.).

The substituent which may be carried by the "nitrogen-
15 containing heterocyclic ring" of the "nitrogen-containing
heterocyclic ring which may be substituted" is preferably a
C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a hydroxyl group, an oxo group, an imino
group, a methylimino group or the like.

[0032]

20 Ring B is preferably a monocyclic nitrogen-containing
heterocyclic ring which may be substituted, and inter alia,
the monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is
preferably a piperidine ring, a piperazine ring, an
imidazoline ring, a pyrrolidine ring, a pyridine ring, an
imimidazole ring, a thiazoline ring or the like.

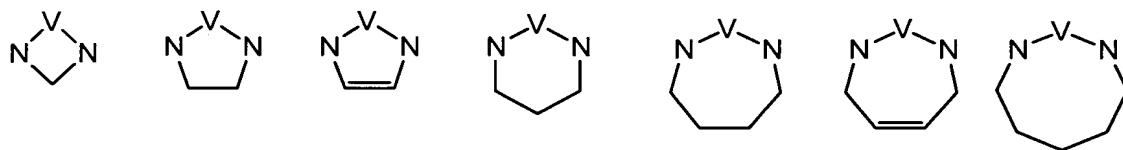
Ring B is also preferably a fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted, and inter alia, the fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring is preferably a fused pyridine ring, a fused imidazole ring, a 5 fused pyrazole ring, a fused thiazoline ring or the like, and in particular, a fused pyridine ring, a fused imidazole ring, a fused thiazoline ring or the like.

[0033]

In the above-described formulas, R¹ may be bound to R² 10 to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be exemplified by a 4- to 8-membered (preferably, 15 5- to 7-membered) saturated or unsaturated (preferably, saturated) non-aromatic monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring (aliphatic monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring) such as:

[Chemical formula 7]



wherein the symbols have the same meaning as defined in the 20 above, and the like.

The substituent which may be carried by the "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be

exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the above-mentioned substituents for Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group and the like, and any of these substituents may be used for substitution at 1 to 5
5 (preferably, 1 to 3) substitutable positions.

The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be a non-aromatic fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring in which the above-mentioned non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic ring is fused with another ring
10 such as a benzene ring or the like.

[0034]

In the above-described formulas, R² may be bound to a substituent for X to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted.

15 The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be exemplified by a 3 to 8-membered (preferably, 5 to 6-membered) saturated or unsaturated (preferably, saturated) non-aromatic monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring (aliphatic monocyclic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring) such as aziridine, azetidine, pyrrolidine, piperidine, morpholine, thiomorpholine, perhydroazepine or the like.

25 The substituent which may be carried by the "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be exemplified by the same groups of the same number as the

above-mentioned substituents for Cy, as well as an oxo group, a thioxo group and the like, and any of these substituents may be used for substitution at 1 to 5 (preferably, 1 to 3) substitutable positions.

5 The "non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring" may be a non-aromatic fused nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring in which the above-mentioned non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic ring is fused with another ring such as a benzene ring or the like.

10 [0035]

For the compound represented by Formula (I) according to the invention, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea and the like are particularly preferably used.

[0036]

25 The salt for the compound represented by Formula (I)

(hereinafter, may be simply referred to as Compound (1)) may be exemplified by pharmacologically acceptable salts and the like, for example, acid addition salts with acids such as trifluoroacetic acid, acetic acid, lactic acid, 5 succinic acid, maleic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, gluconic acid, ascorbic acid, benzoic acid, methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, cinnamic acid, fumaric acid, phosphonic acid, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, hydrobromic acid, hydroiodic acid, sulfamic acid, sulfuric acid, etc.; for example, metal salts with sodium, potassium, 10 magnesium, calcium and the like; for example, organic salts with trimethylamine, triethylamine, pyridine, picoline, N-methylpyrrolidine, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylmorpholine, etc.; or the like.

15 A prodrug of Compound (I) refers to a compound that is converted to Compound (I) by a reaction induced by enzyme, gastric acid or the like under the physiological conditions *in vivo*, that is, a compound that is converted to Compound (I) by enzymatic oxidation, reduction, hydrolysis or the 20 like, or a compound that is converted to Compound (I) by gastric acid-induced hydrolysis. Examples of the prodrug of Compound (I) include a compound in which an amino group of Compound (I) is acylated, alkylated or phosphorylated (e.g., a compound in which an amino group of Compound (I) 25 is eicosanoylated, alanylated, pentylaminocarbonylated, (5-

methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)methoxycarbonylated,
tetrahydrofuranylated, pyrrolidylmethylated,
pivaloyloxymethylated, tert-butylated, etc.); a compound in
which a hydroxyl group of Compound (I) is acylated,
5 alkylated, phosphorylated or borated (e.g., a compound in
which a hydroxyl group of Compound (I) is acetylated,
palmitoylated, propanoylated, pivaloylated, succinylated,
fumarylated, alanylated, dimethylaminomethylcarbonylated,
etc.); a compound in which a carboxyl group of Compound (I)
10 is esterified or amidated (e.g., a compound in which a
carboxyl group of Compound (I) is ethyl esterified, phenyl
esterified, carboxymethyl esterified, dimethylaminomethyl
esterified, pivaloyloxymethyl esterified,
ethoxycarbonyloxyethyl esterified, phthalidyl esterified,
15 (5-methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxolen-4-yl)methyl esterified,
cyclohexyloxycarbonyl ethyl esterified, methylamidated,
etc.); and the like. Such compound can be prepared from
Compound (I) by a method known *per se*.

Furthermore, the prodrug of Compound (I) may be also a
20 compound which is converted to Compound (I) under
physiological conditions, as described in "Development of
Pharmaceutical Products", Vol.7, Design of Molecules,
Hirokawa Publisher, pp.163-198 (1990).

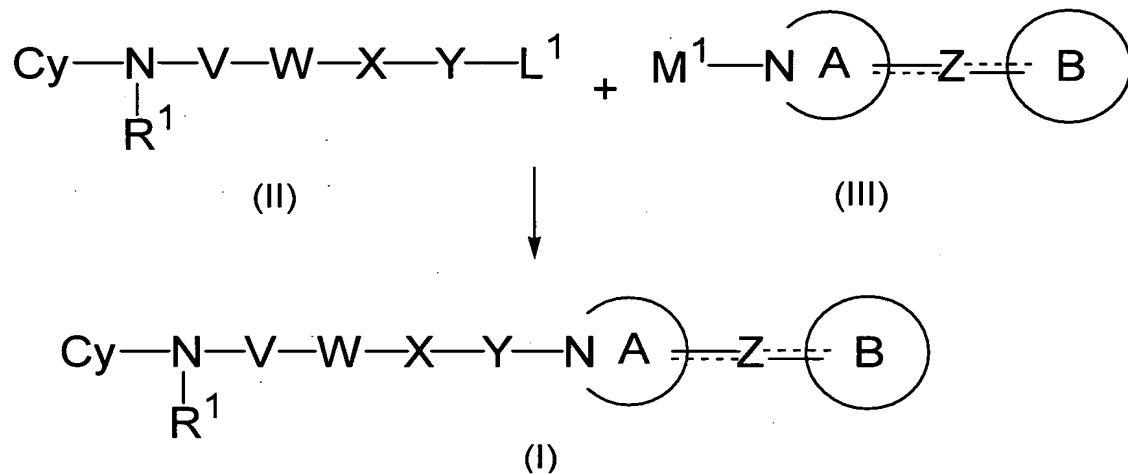
Also, Compound (I) may be labeled with isotopes (for
25 example, ^3H , ^{14}C , ^{35}S , ^{125}I , etc.).

[0037]

Compound (I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by, for example, the following Methods A to C. Each of the compounds described in the following reaction schemes may 5 be favorably in a salt form, provided that the reaction is not impeded by the form, and such salt may be exemplified by the salts of Compound (I).

Method A

[Chemical formula 8]

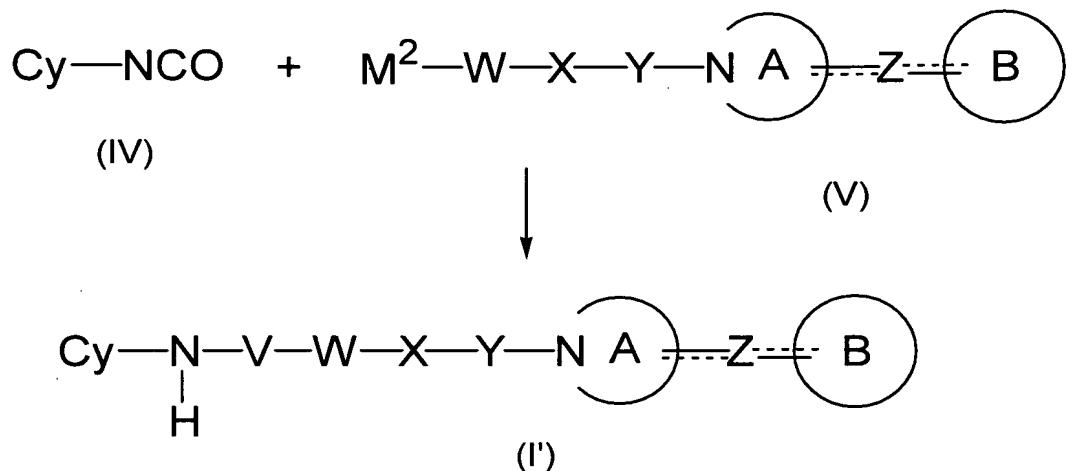


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[0038]

Method B

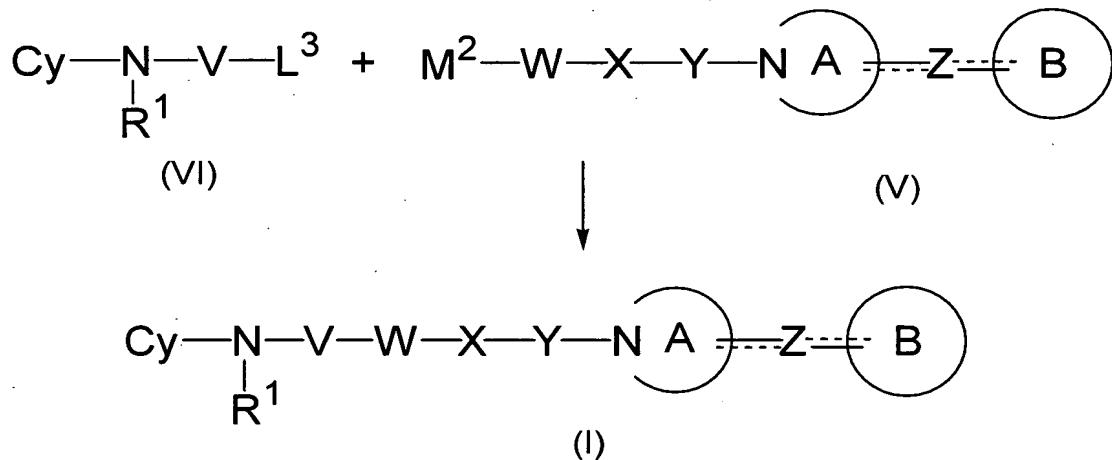
[Chemical formula 9]



[0039]

Method C

[Chemical formula 10]



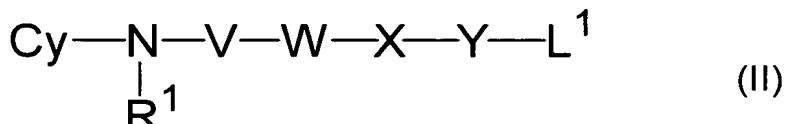
[0040]

5

Method A

Compound (I) can be prepared by reacting Compound (II) represented by Formula (II):

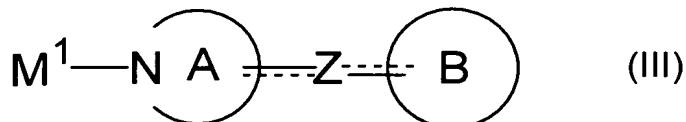
[Chemical formula 11]



wherein L^1 is a leaving group [for example, a halogen atom (e.g., fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), a C_{1-6} alkylsulfonyloxy group which may be substituted with 1 to 3 halogen atoms (e.g., methanesulfonyloxy, ethanesulfonyloxy, 5 trifluoromethanesulfonyloxy, etc.), an arylsulfonyloxy group which may be substituted (e.g., benzenesulfonyloxy, p -toluenesulfonyloxy, p -bromobenzenesulfonyloxy, etc.), a hydroxyl group or the like; this is a group forming free carboxylic acid, a salt thereof (inorganic salt, organic 10 salt, etc.) or a reactive derivative thereof (e.g., acid halide, ester, acid azide, acid anhydride, mixed acid anhydride, active amide, active ester, active thioester, etc.) or the like]; and other symbols have the same meaning as defined in the above (in particular, Compound (II) 15 wherein L^1 is a hydroxyl group is referred to as Free Acid (II')),

with Compound (III) represented by Formula (III):

[Chemical formula 12]



wherein M^1 is a hydrogen atom, an alkali metal (for example,

lithium, sodium, potassium, cesium, etc.), an alkaline earth metal (for example, magnesium, calcium, etc.), or a leaving group (for example, a trimethylsilyl group, etc.); and other symbols have the same meaning as defined in the

5 above.

The present method is also carried out by reacting Compound (III) or a salt thereof with Free Acid (II') or a salt thereof (inorganic salt, organic salt, etc.) or a reactive derivative thereof (for example, acid halide, ester, acid azide, acid anhydride, mixed acid anhydride, active amide, active ester, active thioester, etc.). The salt of Compound (III) may be exemplified by acid addition salts with the above-mentioned acids which form the acid addition salts of Compound (I).

10

15 The inorganic salt used for Compound (II) may be exemplified by an alkali metal salt (for example, lithium salt, sodium salt, potassium salt, cesium salt, etc.), an alkaline earth metal salt (for example, magnesium salt, calcium salt, etc.) or the like, while the organic salt may be exemplified by a trimethylamine salt, a triethylamine salt, a tert-butyldimethylamine salt, a dibenzylmethylamine salt, a benzyldimethylamine salt, an N,N-dimethylaniline salt, a pyridine salt, a quinoline salt or the like. The acid halide may be exemplified by acid chloride, acid bromide and the like; the ester may be exemplified by an

20

25

ester of lower alkyl such as methyl, ethyl or the like, or the like; the mixed acid anhydride may be exemplified by mono-C₁₋₄ alkyl carbonate mixed acid anhydride (for example, mixed acid anhydride of Free Acid (II') with monomethyl carbonate, monoethyl carbonate, mono-isopropyl carbonate, mono-isobutyl carbonate, mono-tert-butyl carbonate, monobenzyl carbonate, mono-(p-nitrobenzyl) carbonate, monoallyl carbonate or the like), C₁₋₆ aliphatic carboxylic acid mixed acid anhydride (for example, mixed acid anhydride of Free Acid (II') with acetic acid, cyanoacetic acid, propionic acid, butyric acid, isobutyric acid, valeric acid, isovaleric acid, pivalic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid, acetoacetic acid, etc.), C₇₋₁₁ aromatic carboxylic acid mixed acid anhydride (for example, mixed acid anhydride of Free Acid (II') with benzoic acid, p-toluic acid, p-chlorobenzoic acid, etc.), organic sulfonic acid mixed acid anhydride (for example, mixed acid anhydride with methanesulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, benzenesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, etc.) or the like; the active amide may be exemplified by amide with a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compound (for example, acid amide of Free Acid (II') with pyrazole, imidazole, benzotriazole, etc.; such a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic compound may be substituted with C₁₋₆ alkyl (for example, methyl, ethyl,

propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxy (for example, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, tert-butoxy, etc.), a halogen atom (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, etc.), oxo, thioxo, 5 C₁₋₆ alkylthio (for example, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, butylthio, etc.) etc.), or the like.

The active ester may be exemplified by an organic phosphoric acid ester (for example, diethoxyphosphate ester, diphenoxypyrophosphate ester, etc.), as well as p-nitrophenyl ester, 2,4-dinitrophenyl ester, cyanomethyl ester, pentachlorophenyl ester, N-hydroxysuccinimide ester, N-hydroxypythalimide ester, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole ester, 6-chloro-1-hydroxybenzotriazole ester, 1-hydroxy-1H-2-pyridone ester, or the like. The active thioester may be exemplified by an ester formed with aromatic heterocyclic thiol compound [such heterocyclic ring may be substituted with C₁₋₆ alkyl (for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkoxy (for example, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, tert-butoxy, etc.), a halogen atom (for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, etc.), C₁₋₆ alkylthio (for example, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, butylthio, etc.) or the like] (e.g., 2-pyridylthiol ester, 2-benzothiazolylthiol ester), or the like.

25 The present reaction is in general carried out in a

solvent, and if necessary, in the presence of base or a condensing agent (e.g., carbodiimides (N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), water-soluble carbodiimide (WSC), N,N'-dicycloisopropylcarbodiimide (DIC), etc.), 5 phosphoric acid derivatives (e.g., diethyl cyanophosphate, diphenylphosphonic azide (DPPA), bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride (BOP-Cl), etc.), 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM: Kunishima, et al., Tetrahedron, 1999, 55, 13159), 10 etc.).

For the solvent, a solvent which does not impede the reaction is appropriately selected, and for example, ethers (e.g., dioxane, tetrahydrofuran, diethylether, tert-butylmethyl ether, diisopropyl ether, ethylene glycol-15 dimethyl ether, etc.), esters (e.g., ethyl formate, ethyl acetate, n-butyl acetate, etc.), halogenated hydrocarbons (e.g., dichloromethane, chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, 1,2-dichloroethane, chlorobenzene, etc.), hydrocarbons (e.g., n-hexane, benzene, toluene, etc.), 20 amides (e.g., formamide, N,N-dimethylformamide, N,N-dimethylacetamide, etc.), ketones (e.g., acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, etc.), nitriles (e.g., acetonitrile, propionitrile, etc.), as well as sulfolane, hexamethylphosphoramide, water and the like are used 25 individually or as mixed solvent.

For the base, inorganic bases such as, for example, lithium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, potassium hydrogen carbonate and the like; and tertiary amines such as, for example, triethylamine, tri(n-propyl)amine, tri(n-butyl)amine, diisopropylethylamine, cyclohexyldimethylamine, pyridine, lutidine, γ -coridine, N,N-dimethylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylpyrrolidine, N-methylmorpholine, diazabicycloundecane, diazabicycloundecene and the like are used.

For the present reaction, Compound (III) is used in an amount of 0.5 to 5 equivalents, preferably 0.8 to 2 equivalents, based on Compound (II).

The reaction temperature is -50 to 150°C, preferably -20 to 100°C.

The reaction time varies depending on the kind of Compound (II) or Compound (III), the kind of solvent and base, the reaction temperature or the like, but is usually about 1 minute to about 100 hours, preferably about 15 minutes to about 48 hours.

[0041]

Method B

Compound (I'), which is Compound (I) with R¹ being a hydrogen atom, can be prepared by reacting Compound (IV)

represented by Formula (IV) :

[Chemical formula 13]



wherein the symbols have the same meaning as defined above, or a salt thereof with Compound (V) represented by Formula

5 (V) :

[Chemical formula 14]



wherein M^2 is a hydrogen, an alkali metal (for example, lithium, sodium, potassium, cesium, etc.), or an alkaline earth metal (for example, magnesium, calcium, etc.); and

10 other symbols have the same meaning as defined above, or a salt thereof. The salt of Compound (IV) or Compound (V) may be exemplified by acid addition salts with the above-mentioned acids which form acid addition salts with Compound (I), or the like.

15 The present reaction is in general carried out in a solvent, and a solvent which does not impede is appropriately selected. For the solvent and base used for the present reaction, the same ones as the above-mentioned solvents and bases described for Method A, and the like are used.

20 For the present reaction, Compound (IV) is used in an

amount of 0.5 to 5 equivalents, preferably 0.8 to 2 equivalents, based on Compound (V).

The reaction temperature is -20 to 200°C, preferably -5 to 170°C.

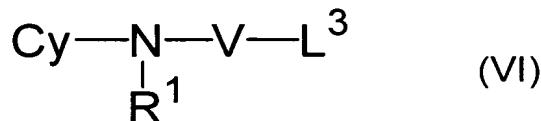
5 The reaction time varies depending on the kind of Compound (IV) or Compound (V), the kind of solvent, reaction temperature and the like, but is usually about 1 minute to about 72 hours, preferably about 15 minutes to about 24 hours.

10 [0015]

Method C

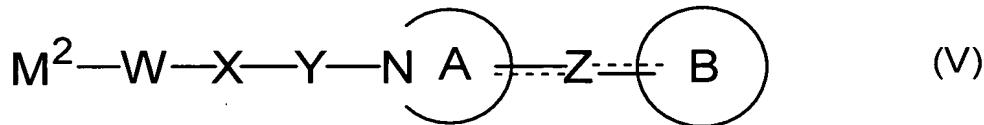
Compound (I) can be prepared by reacting Compound (VI) represented by Formula (VI) :

[Chemical formula 15]



15 wherein L^3 is a leaving group (for example, a halogen atom (e.g., fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), an imidazolyl group which may be quaternized (e.g., an imidazolyl group, a 3-methylimidazoliumyl group, a phenoxy group which may be substituted (e.g., 4-nitrophenoxy group, etc.); and other symbols have the same meaning as defined above, or a salt thereof with Compound (V) represented by Formula (V) :

[Chemical formula 16]



wherein the symbols have the same meaning as defined above,

or a salt thereof. The salt of Compound (V) or Compound (VI) may be exemplified by acid addition salts of the

5 above-mentioned acids which form the acid addition salts with Compound (I).

The present reaction is in general carried out in a solvent, and a solvent which does not impede the reaction is appropriately selected. For the solvent and base used 10 for the present reaction, the same ones as the above-mentioned solvents and bases described for Method A, and the like are used.

For the present reaction, Compound (VI) is used in an amount of 0.5 to 10 equivalents, preferably 0.8 to 5 15 equivalents, based on Compound (V).

The reaction temperature is -20 to 200°C, preferably -5 to 170°C.

The reaction time varies depending on the kind of Compound (V) or Compound (VI), the kind of solvent, 20 reaction temperature and the like, but is usually about 1 minute to about 100 hours, preferably about 15 minutes to about 72 hours.

[0043]

The starting materials and intermediates used in the respective reactions are prepared by applying or adapting known methods, for example, methods described in reference 5 examples or methods that are clearly chemically equivalent thereto, or according to the methods of the present invention.

Compound (I) thus obtained can be isolated and purified from the reaction mixture by means known *per se*, 10 for example, means such as extraction, concentration, neutralization, filtration, recrystallization, column chromatography, thin layer chromatography or the like.

The salt of Compound (I) can be prepared according to means known *per se*, for example, by adding an inorganic 15 acid or organic acid to Compound (I).

In case Compound (I) may possibly exist as optical isomers, the individual optical isomers and mixtures thereof are definitely included in the scope of the invention, and if desired, such isomers can be prepared by 20 optical resolution or individually, according to means known *per se*. In particular, when -W-X-Y- is an amino acid residue, individual optical isomers of Compound (I) can be prepared easily at low costs, by using optically active amino acids as the starting materials.

Furthermore, Compound (I) or a salt thereof may be a 25

hydrate, and such hydrates and non-hydrates are all included in the scope of the invention.

[0044]

The Compound (I) of the invention or a salt thereof is 5 safe due to low toxicity (for example, more excellent as medicine in the aspects of acute toxicity, chronic toxicity, genetic toxicity, regenerative toxicity, cardiac toxicity, drug interaction, carcinogenicity and the like), and inhibits FXa with anticoagulation action. Thus, the 10 compound is useful for the prevention or treatment of various arterial and venous thrombosis in animals, particularly in mammals (for example, human, monkey, cat, pig, horse, cattle, mouse, rat, guinea pig, dog, rabbit, etc.), for example, myocardial infarction, cerebral 15 infarction, deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary thromboembolism, arteriosclerosis obliterans, Economy Class Syndrome, intra-operative and/or post-operative thromboembolism and the following diseases, and inter alia, the compound is preferably used for the prevention or treatment of ischemic 20 cerebral infarction (in particular, ischemic cerebral infarction caused by progress in cardiogenic cerebral embolism or arteriosclerosis by atrial fibrillation, or accentuation in the blood coagulation system), deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary thromboembolism and the like.

25 Brain:

Prevention and/or treatment of cerebral infarction,

ischemic cerebrovascular disorder, cerebral embolism caused by atrial fibrillation or cardiac failure and valvular diseases, acute ischemic cerebral apoplexy, acute stage cerebral thrombosis, cerebrovascular spasm after 5 subarachnoid hemorrhage, Alzheimer's disease, transient cerebral ischemic attack (TIA), mixed dementia, cerebrovascular dementia, asymptomatic/multiple cerebral infarction, lacunar infarction and the like, improvement in prognosis and/or prevention of secondary occurrence of 10 cerebral infarction, prevention and/or treatment of thrombosis after bypass surgery in extracranial and intracranial arteries, combined use or supplementary use with thrombolytic agent for cerebral infarction (in particular, ischemic cerebrovascular disorder), combined 15 therapy with antiplatelet drug such as aspirin in the critical prevention of cerebral infarction, etc.

Heart:

Prevention and/or treatment of acute coronary artery diseases such as acute myocardial infarction, myocardial infarction, ischemic coronary artery diseases, unstable 20 angina pectoris, cardiomyopathy, acute cardiac failure, congestive chronic cardiac failure, valvular diseases and the like, improvement in prognosis and/or prevention of secondary occurrence of acute coronary artery diseases such 25 as angina pectoris, prevention and/or treatment of thrombosis after artificial valve or artificial heart

implantation surgery, prevention and/or treatment of vascular reocclusion and restenosis after coronary artery intervention such as placement of stent, percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA), atherectomy or 5 the like, prevention and/or treatment of vascular reocclusion and restenosis after coronary artery bypass operation, combined use or supplementary use with thrombolytic agent for acute coronary artery diseases, combined therapy with antiplatelet drug such as aspirin in 10 the critical prevention of myocardial infarction, etc.

Periphery:

Prevention and/or treatment of deep vein thrombosis, chronic arterial occlusion, arteriosclerosis obliterans, peripheral circulatory failure such as Buerger's disease or 15 the like, peripheral circulatory failure after frostbite, aneurysm, varicosity, adult respiratory distress syndrome, acute renal failure, chronic renal diseases (for example, diabetic renal failure, chronic glomerulonephritis, IgA renal failure, etc.), diabetic circulatory disorder, 20 diabetic complications such as pain, neuropathy, diabetic retinopathy and the like, improvement in prognosis and/or prevention of secondary occurrence of deep vein thrombosis, prevention and/or treatment of deep vein thrombosis and/or pulmonary thromboembolism after joint surgery including 25 total hip arthroplasty (THA) and total knee arthroplasty (TKA), prevention and/or treatment of deep vein thrombosis

and or pulmonary thromboembolism after orthopedic surgery including spinal surgery, plastic surgery and/or general surgery, prevention and/or treatment of thrombosis after peripheral vascular bypass or placement of artificial blood vessel and/or vena caval filter, prevention and/or treatment of vascular reocclusion and restenosis after peripheral vascular intervention such as platement of stent, percutaneous transluminal angioplasty (PTA), atherectomy or the like, prevention and/or treatment of deep vein thrombosis and/or pulmonary thromboembolism associated to acute internal diseases, combined use or supplementary therapy with thrombolytic agent for deep vein thrombosis and pulmonary thromboembolism, combined therapy with antiplatelet drug such as aspirin in the treatment of peripheral circulatory failure such as arteriosclerosis obliterans or the like, etc.

Others:

Prevention and/or treatment of pulmonary embolism, acute pulmonary embolism, Economy Class Syndrome, reduction in platelets, accentuation of blood coagulation system, and/or complement activation due to dialysis, reduction in platelets during major surgery, thrombocytopenic purpura, progress of arteriosclerosis, metastasis, systemic inflammatory reaction syndrome (SIRS) or disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC) occurring in patients suffering from pancreatitis, cancer, leukemia, major

surgery, sepsis or the like, various organic disorders such as hepatic dysfunction due to avascularity, ischemia, blood congestion or the like, various organic failure (for example, pulmonary failure, hepatic failure, renal failure, 5 cardiac failure, etc.) occurring due to shock or progress of DIC, systemic erythematosus, collagen disease, hyperthyroidism, parturient paralysis or the like, suppression of rejection during transplantation, organ protection or functional improvement during transplantation, 10 prevention of perfusion blood coagulation during blood extracorporeal circulation, alternative therapeutic use during the occurrence of thrombocytopenia caused by heparin administration, acceleration of treatment of sore pressure or wound, suppression of accentuation of blood 15 hypercoagulation during various hormone replacement therapy, alternative therapeutic use for patients having resistance or contraindication to coumarin drugs including Warfarin, suppression of accentuation of hypercoagulation during the administration of blood preparation or blood coagulation 20 factor-containing preparation, etc.

[0045]

The Compound (I) of the invention or a salt thereof can be administered orally or parenterally in its intact form or together with a pharmacologically acceptable 25 carrier.

For the preparation of the invention containing

Compound (I) or a salt thereof, the formulation to be orally administered may be exemplified by tablet (including sugar-coated tablet and film-coated tablet), pill, granule, powder, capsule (including soft capsule and microcapsule),
5 syrup, emulsion, suspension and the like, while the formulation to be parenterally administered may be exemplified by injection, infusion, intravenous drip, suppository and the like. It is also effective to combine the preparation of the invention with an appropriate base
10 (e.g., butyric polymer, glycolic acid polymer, butyric acid-glycolic acid copolymer, mixture of butyric polymer and glycolic polymer, polyglycerol aliphatic acid ester, etc.) to make a sustained release preparation.

The content of the Compound (I) or a salt thereof in
15 the preparation of the invention may vary in accordance with the form of the preparation, but is usually 2 to 85% by weight, preferably 5 to 70% by weight, based on the entire preparation.

[0046]

20 For the method for formulating the Compound (I) or a salt thereof into the above-mentioned formulations, known formulating methods that are generally used in the related art can be applied. In the case of formulating into the above-mentioned formulations, if necessary, those
25 excipients, binding agents, disintegrants, lubricating agents, sweetening agents, surfactants, suspending agents,

emulsifiers and the like that are conventionally used in the preparation field can be suitably mixed into the formulations in suitable amounts during formulating the formulations.

5 For example, in the case of formulating Compound (I) or a salt thereof into tablet, excipients, binding agents, disintegrants, lubricating agents and the like can be mixed into the formulation; and in the case of formulating into pill and granule, excipients, binding agents, disintegrants
10 and the like can be mixed into the formulation. Further, in the case of formulating into powder and capsule, excipients can be mixed into the formulation; in the case of formulating into syrup, sweetening agents can be mixed into the formulation; and in the case of formulating into
15 emulsion or suspension, suspending agents, surfactants, emulsifiers and the like can be mixed into the formulation.

[0047]

Examples of the excipient include lactose, white sugar, glucose, starch, sucrose, microcrystalline cellulose, powdered glycyrrhizia, mannitol, sodium hydrogen carbonate, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate and the like.
20

Examples of the binding agent include a solution containing 5 to 10% by weight of starch paste, a solution containing 10 to 20% by weight of gum arabic or gelatin, a
25 solution containing 1 to 5% by weight of tragacanth, a carboxymethylcellulose solution, a sodium alginate solution,

glycerin and the like.

Examples of the disintegrant include starch, calcium carbonate and the like.

Examples of the lubricating agent include magnesium stearate, stearic acid, calcium stearate, purified talc and the like.

Examples of the sweetening agent include glucose, fructose, invert sugar, sorbitol, xylitol, glycerin, simple syrup and the like.

Examples of the surfactant include sodium lauryl sulfate, polysorbate 80, sorbitan monofatty acid ester, polyoxyl stearate 40 and the like.

Examples of the suspending agent include gum arabic, sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose sodium, methylcellulose, bentonite and the like.

Examples of the emulsifying agent include gum arabic, tragacanth, gelatin, polysorbate 80 and the like.

Further, in the case of the Compound (I) or a salt thereof into the above-mentioned formulations, if desired, the coloring agents, preservatives, fragrant agent, flavoring agent, stabilizer, consistency agent and the like that are conventionally used in the purification field can be suitably added in suitable amounts.

[0048]

The preparation of the invention containing Compound (I) or a salt thereof is stable and less toxic, and thus

can be used safely. The daily dose varies depending on the condition or body weight of patient, the kind of compound, administration route and the like, but for example, in the case of orally administering to a patient to thrombosis, 5 the daily dose for an adult (body weight about 60 kg) is about 1 to 2000 mg, preferably about 3 to 1000 mg, and more preferably about 10 to 500 mg, of the active ingredient (Compound (I) or a salt thereof), which amounts can be administered once, or in 2 to 3 divided portions.

10 When the Compound (I) of the invention or a salt thereof is administered parenterally, it is conventionally administered in the form of liquid (for example, injectable preparation). The daily dose varies depending on the subject of administration, subject organ, symptoms, 15 administration mode and the like, but for example, the preparation is favorably administered intravenously in the form of injectable preparation, conventionally in an amount of about 0.01 mg to about 100 mg, preferably about 0.01 to about 50 mg, and more preferably about 0.01 to about 20 mg, 20 per 1 kg of body weight. The injectable preparation includes intravenous injection, as well as subcutaneous injection, intradermal injection, intramuscular injection, drip injection and the like, and the sustained release preparation includes iontophoretic transdermal preparation 25 and the like. Such injectable preparation is prepared by a method known *per se*, that is, by dissolving, suspending or

emulsifying the Compound (I) of the invention or a salt thereof in a sterilized aqueous liquid or oily liquid. The aqueous liquid for injection may be exemplified by physiological saline, isotonic solution containing glucose 5 or other pharmaceutical adjuvant (for example, D-sorbitol, D-mannitol, sodium chloride, etc.) and the like, and may be used in combination with a suitable dissolving aid, for example, alcohol (for example, ethanol), polyalcohol (for example, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol), nonionic 10 surfactant (for example, polysorbate 80, HCO-50) or the like. The oily liquid may be exemplified by sesame oil, soybean oil and the like, and may be used in combination with a dissolving aid such as benzyl benzoate, benzyl alcohol or the like. Buffering agents (for example, 15 phosphate buffer, sodium acetate buffer), soothing agents (for example, benzalkonium chloride, procaine hydrochloride, etc.), stabilizers (for example, human serum albumin, polyethylene glycol, etc.), preservatives (for example, benzyl alcohol, phenol, etc.) and the like may be also 20 mixed therein. The formulated injection solution is usually filled in ampoules.

The compound of the invention can be used in appropriate combination with a drug (hereinafter, simply referred to as combination drug) such as a thrombolytic 25 agent (e.g., TPA, urokinase, etc.), a therapeutic drug for Alzheimer's disease (e.g., Calan, etc.), a cholesterol

treating drug (e.g., HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor such as simvastatin, pravastatin or the like, etc.), a TG lowering drug (e.g., clofibrate, etc.), an AII antagonist (e.g., candesartan cilexetil, losartan, etc.), an antiplatelet drug (e.g., clopidogrel, abciximab, aspirin, etc.), a Ca antagonist (e.g., Calslot, amlodipin, etc.), an ACE inhibitor (e.g., enalapril, captopril, etc.), a β blocker (e.g., metoprolol, carvedilol, etc.), an anti-arrhythmic drug (e.g., procaine amide, etc.), or the like. This combination drug may be a low molecular weight compound, or may be a high molecular weight protein, polypeptide, antibody, or a vaccine. Here, the administration form of the compound of the invention and the combination drug is not particularly limited, and upon administration, the compound of the invention and the combination drug are favorably in combination. Such administration form may be exemplified by (1) administration of a single preparation which is obtained by simultaneously formulating the compound of the invention and a combination drug, (2) simultaneous administration by the same administration route, of two different preparations which are obtained by separately formulating the compound of the invention and a combination drug, (3) administration with a time interval by the same administration route, of two different preparations which are obtained by separately formulating the compound of the invention and a combination drug, (4)

simultaneous administration by different administration routes, of two different preparations which are obtained by separately formulating the compound of the invention and a combination drug, (5) administration with a time interval by 5 different administration routes, of two different preparations which are obtained by separately formulating the compound of the invention and a combination drug (for example, administration in an order of the compound of the invention and the combination drug, or administration in 10 the reverse order), or the like. The amount of the combination drug to be administered can be appropriately selected based on the doses that are clinically used. Also, the mixing ratio of the compound of the invention and the combination drug can be appropriately selected based on the 15 subject of administration, administration route, subject disease, symptoms, combination and the like. For example, when the subject of administration is human, the combination drug may be favorably used in an amount of 0.01 to 100 parts by weight relative to 1 part by weight of the 20 compound of the invention.

Effect of the Invention

[0049]

The Compound (I) of the invention or a salt thereof has excellent FXa inhibitory action, with less side effects 25 of hemorrhage, and is also useful as an orally absorbable anticoagulant.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

[0050]

The present invention is further described in detail by the following Examples, Preparation Examples and Experimental Examples, but these examples are merely illustrative, which are not intended to limit the present invention and may be varied without departing from the scope of the present invention.

The elution in column chromatography of Examples was carried out under observation by means of TLC (Thin Layer Chromatography). In the TLC observation, 60F₂₅₄ (manufactured by Merck & Co., Inc.) or NH (manufactured by Fuji Silysia Chemical, Ltd.) were adopted as a TLC plate, the solvent used for the elution in column chromatography was adopted as an eluent, a UV detector was adopted as the means for detection. As the silica gel for column, Kieselgel 60 (70 to 230 meshes) or Kieselgel 60 (230 to 400 meshes), which is likewise manufactured by Merck & Co., Inc., was used. As the basic silica gel for column, basic silica NH-DM 1020 (manufactured by Fuji Silysia Chemical, Ltd.; 100 to 200 mesh) was used. NMR spectra were measured with a Varian Gemini 200 or 300 spectrometer by using tetramethylsilane as internal or external standard. The chemical shift was indicated by δ , and a coupling constant was indicated by Hz. IR spectra were measured with a

Shimadzu FTZR-8200 spectrometer. The numeric value in parenthesis with regard to a mixed solvent is a volumetric mixing ratio of each solvent. Moreover, "%" in the solution represents the number of grams in 100 mL of a solution. In addition, symbols employed in Examples are described below:

s: singlet

d: doublet

t: triplet

10 q: quartet

dd: double doublet

m: multiplet

br: broad

brs: broad singlet

15 J: coupling constant

WSC: water soluble carbodiimide

THF: tetrahydrofuran

DMF: dimethylformamide

DMSO: dimethyl sulfoxide

20 HOEt: 1-hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate

DBU: 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]-7-undecene

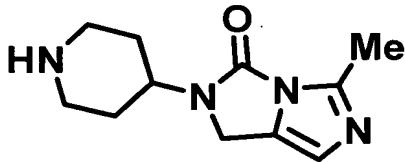
AcOEt: ethyl acetate

IPE: diisopropyl ether

Et₂O: diethyl ether

Reference Example 1

5-Methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one
 [Chemical formula 17]



5 1a) 2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

To a solution of 2-methylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (11.0 g), 4-amino-1-benzylpiperidine (19 g) and acetic acid (6.7 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (200 ml), under ice-cooling, 10 was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (32 g), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction solution was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue 15 was dissolved in THF (200 ml), N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (18 g) and DBU (17 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated, water was added thereto, and the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was 20 dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title

compound (19 g, 60%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.74-1.85 (4H, m), 2.07-2.20 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.97-3.03 (2H, m), 3.53 (2H, s), 3.89-4.06 (1H, m), 4.30 (2H, s), 6.70 (1H, s), 7.32 (5H, m).

5 1b) 5-Methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (18 g) obtained in Reference Example 1a) and 10% Pd/C (50% water content; 1.5 g) were 10 added to methanol (300 ml), and then mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 2.5 days. The catalyst was filtered off, and then the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound (11 g, 83%).

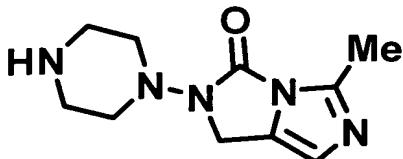
15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.56-1.89 (4H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.75 (2H, m), 3.17-3.23 (2H, m), 3.97-4.13 (1H, m), 4.32 (2H, s), 6.71 (1H, s).

[0052]

Reference Example 2

20 5-Methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

[Chemical formula 18]



2a) 4-Benzyl-N-((1E)-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methylene)-1-piperazinamine

4-Benzyl-1-piperazinamine (K. L. Rinehart Jr et al. Bioorg. Chem., 6, 341 (1977); 10 g) and 2-methylimidazole-5-4-carbaldehyde (5.8 g) were suspended in methanol (200 ml), and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 hours. The reaction solution was cooled to room temperature, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. To the residue was added diethyl ether, and the deposited precipitate was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound as a pale brown solid (13 g, 90%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.40 (3H, s), 2.62 (4H, t, J=5.2), 3.09 (4H, t, J=5.2), 3.56 (2H, s), 6.97 (1H, s), 7.24-7.34 (5H, m), 7.43 (1H, s), 9.62 (1H, brs).

2b) 4-Benzyl-N-((2-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinamine

To 4-benzyl-N-((1E)-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methylene)-1-piperazinamine (13 g) obtained in Reference Example 2a), was added a solution of borane/THF complex in THF (1.0 M, 140 ml), and then mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then to the residue was added 6 N hydrochloric acid (100 ml) under ice water, and mixed at 100°C for 2 hours. Under ice-cooling, the reaction mixture

was adjusted to pH 12 by adding sodium hydroxide and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (15 g, quantitative).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.37 (3H, s), 2.53 (4H, brs), 2.75 (4H, brs), 3.52 (2H, s), 3.90 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, s), 7.29-7.32 (5H, m).

10 2c) 2-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

4-Benzyl-N-((2-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinamine (15 g) obtained in Reference Example 2b) was dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (400 ml). DBU (11 ml) and N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (15 g) were added to the solution, 15 and then mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and chloroform, and the organic layer was collected by separation, and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to 20 obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (9.6 g, 65%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.60-2.65 (7H, m), 3.14 (4H, t, J=4.6), 3.55 (2H, s), 4.43 (2H, s), 6.70 (1H, t, J= 2.0), 7.25-7.34 (5H, m).

25 2d) 5-Methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-

imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

2-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-

imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (8.0 g) obtained in Reference Example 2c), ammonium formate (16 g) and 10% palladium

5 carbon (1.6 g) were suspended in methanol (100 ml), and the mixture was heated under reflux for 6 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the precipitate was filtered off using Celite and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added a mixed solvent (ethyl 10 acetate : diethyl ether = 5 : 1), and the deposited precipitate was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound as a pale brown solid (5.3 g, 93%).

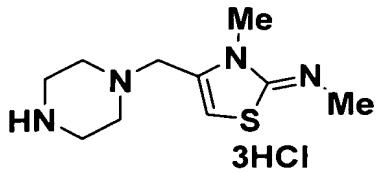
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.61 (3H, s), 2.98-3.03 (4H, m), 3.10-3.15 (4H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 6.70 (1H, s).

15 [0053]

Reference Example 3

N-((2Z)-3-Methyl-4-(1-piperazinyl)methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)methanamine trihydrochloride

[Chemical formula 19]



20 3a) tert-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-methylimino-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate
tert-Butyl 1-piperazinecarboxylate (2.5 g) was

dissolved in acetonitrile (50 ml). Potassium carbonate (3.7 g) and 4-chloromethyl-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)-N-methanamine hydrochloride (3.2 g) were added thereto, and the mixture was refluxed for 4 hours. The 5 solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then to the residue was added an aqueous potassium hydrogen carbonate solution. The reaction mixture was extracted with chloroform and the extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under 10 reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with basic silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (4.3 g, 88%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43 (9H, s), 2.35-3.36 (3H, m), 2.97 (3H, s), 2.31 (2H, s), 3.33 (3H, s), 3.36-3.40 (4H, m), 15 5.69 (1H, s).

3b) N-((2Z)-3-Methyl-4-(1-piperazinyl)methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)methanamine trihydrochloride
tert-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-methylimino-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate
20 obtained in Reference Example 3a) (1.5 g) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric acid (5 ml), and then mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then water was removed by azeotropy with ethanol. The residue was washed with 25 ethanol to obtain the title compound (1.5 g, 97%) as pale

brown powder.

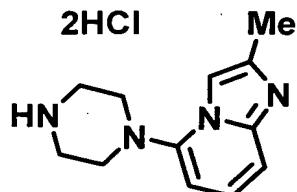
NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 2.86-3.33 (17H, m), 7.19 (1H, s), 9.43 (2H, br), 10.27-10.29 (1H, m).

[0054]

5 Reference Example 4

2-Methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine dihydrochloride

[Chemical formula 20]



4a) tert-Butyl 4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-
10 1-piperazinecarboxylate

5-Chloro-2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridine (5.0 g) and piperazine (26 g) were blended, and mixed at 125°C under argon for 18 hours. After standing to cool to room temperature, to the reaction mixture were added water (200 ml) and chloroform (200 ml), the organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine, and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethanol (100 ml). Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (6.6 g) was added dropwise thereto at room temperature, and then the reaction solution was mixed at

room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/ethanol = 10 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (8.5 g, 89%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.50 (9H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.97-3.15 (4H, m), 3.58-3.78 (4H, m), 6.23 (1H, d, J=8.2), 7.13 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 7.0), 7.28-7.35 (2H, m).

4b) 2-Methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine dihydrochloride

tert-Butyl 4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate (8.5 g) obtained in Reference Example 4a) was dissolved in 12 N hydrochloric acid (22 ml), and then mixed at room temperature for 20 minutes. To the reaction mixture was added ethanol, followed by concentration under reduced pressure. The precipitated crystals were collected by filtration, and the crystals were washed with ethanol and diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow crystal (6.3 g, 81%).

NMR (D₂O) δ 2.59 (3H, s), 3.48-3.61 (4H, m), 3.61-3.72 (4H, m), 7.11 (1H, d, J=7.8), 7.61 (1H, d, J=9.0), 7.80 (1H,

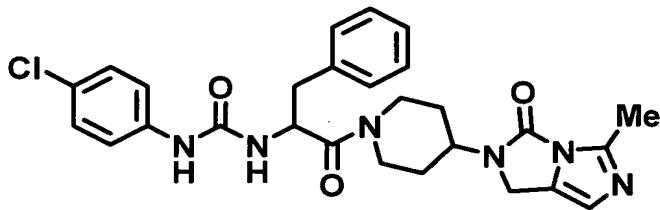
s), 7.91 (1H, dd, J=8.8, 7.8).

[0055]

Example 1

N-(1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 21]



1a) Methyl 2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3-

10 phenylpropanoate

To a solution of phenylalanine methyl ester

hydrochloride (2.0 g) and DBU (1.4 ml) in acetonitrile (40 ml) was added 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (1.4 g). The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with water and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (3.0 g, 97%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.01-3.18 (2H, m), 3.74 (3H, s), 4.77-4.83 (1H, m), 5.34 (1H, d, J=7.8), 6.68 (1H, s), 7.08-7.30

(10H, m).

1b) 2-(N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)ureido)-3-phenylpropanoic acid

A solution of methyl 2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3-phenylpropanoate (2.8 g) obtained in Example 1a) and 1 N sodium hydroxide (20 ml) in methanol (20 ml) - THF (10 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, and the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The solution was acidified by adding 1 N hydrochloric acid to the concentrated solution, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (2.6 g, 95%).

15 NMR (CDCl₃+CD₃OD) δ: 3.05-3.24 (2H, m), 4.72 (1H, t, J=6.0), 7.17-7.31 (10H, m).

1c) N-(1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

20 To a solution of 2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (0.16 g) obtained in Example 1b) and HOBT (0.12 g) in DMF (10 ml) was added WSC (0.14 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.11 g) obtained in Reference

Example 1 and N-methylmorpholine (0.08 ml) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1).
The product was washed with diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.13 g, 50%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49-1.90 (4H, m), 2.32-2.68 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.88-3.20 (3H, m), 3.91-4.18 (4H, m), 4.70-4.75 (1H, m), 5.15-5.30 (1H, m), 6.40-6.52 (1H, m), 6.68-6.75 (1H, m), 7.15-7.48 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.3AcOEt·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 59.90; H, 5.95; N, 14.86

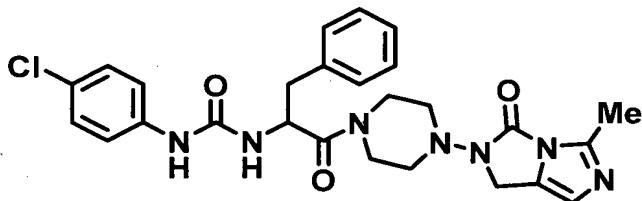
Found (%): C, 59.85; H, 5.91; N, 14.46

[0056]

Example 2

N-(1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 22]



In the same manner as in Example 1c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.19 g, 73%) was obtained from 5-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.11 g) obtained in Reference Example 2.

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 2.45-2.47 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.94-3.25 (6H, m), 3.48-3.56 (1H, m), 3.72 (2H, m), 4.30 (2H, s), 5.12-5.20 (1H, m), 6.21 (1H, d, $J=8.4$), 6.71 (1H, s), 7.15-7.34 (10H, m).

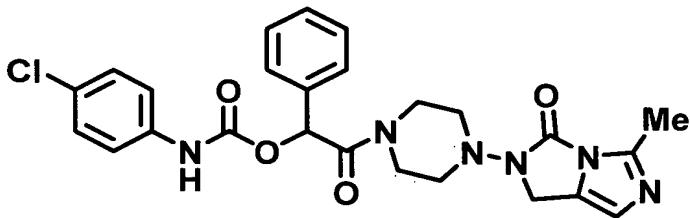
Elemental analysis for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{28}\text{ClN}_7\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.3\text{AcOEt} \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 Calcd. (%): C, 58.61; H, 5.68; N, 17.59
 Found (%): C, 58.49; H, 5.75; N, 17.42

[0057]

Example 3

2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl 4-chlorophenylcarbamate

[Chemical formula 23]



3a) Methyl (((4-chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy) (phenyl)acetate

To a solution of methyl mandelate (0.83 g) and triethylamine (0.51 g) in THF (40 ml) was added 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.77 g). The reaction mixture was mixed at 60°C for 3 hours, and then the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with water and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/hexane = 1/6 to 1/3) to obtain the title compound as a pale brown crystal (1.5 g, 91%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.75 (3H, s), 6.02 (1H, s), 6.97 (1H, br), 7.24-7.51 (9H, m).

3b) (((4-chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy) (phenyl)acetic acid

Methyl (((4-chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy) (phenyl)acetate (0.73 g) obtained in Example 3a) and 1 N sodium hydroxide (3.0 ml) were dissolved in methanol (10 ml) and THF (10 ml), and

then mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction solution was then concentrated under reduced pressure, acidified by adding 1 N hydrochloric acid to the concentrated solution, and then the precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with water to obtain the title compound as pale brown powder (0.62 g, 89%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃+CD₃OD) δ: 6.02 (1H, s), 7.23-7.55 (10H, m).

3c) 2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl 4-10 chlorophenylcarbamate

To a solution of (((4-
chlorophenyl)amino)carbonyl)oxy) (phenyl)acetic acid (0.31
g) obtained in Example 3b) and HOBt (0.23 g) in
acetonitrile (10 ml) was added WSC (0.29 g), and the
15 reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15
minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-
imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.22 g) obtained in Reference
Example 2 and triethylamine (0.30 g) were added thereto.
The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15
20 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced
pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate.
The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous
sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous
sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under
25 reduced pressure and the residue was purified with silica

gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1). The product was washed with diisopropyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.19 g, 37%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.58 (3H, s), 2.69 (1H, br), 2.99-3.11 (3H, m), 3.49-3.89 (4H, m), 4.33 (2H, s), 6.33 (1H, s), 6.69 (1H, s), 7.22-7.49 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₅ClN₆O₄·0.1AcOEt·0.1H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.72; H, 5.04; N, 16.17

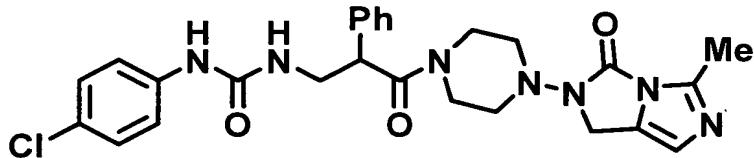
Found (%): C, 58.66; H, 5.12; N, 15.94

10 [0058]

Example 4

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-2-phenylpropyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 24]



4a) Ethyl 3-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-2-phenylpropanoate

In the same manner as in Example 1a), the title compound as pale brown powder (1.7 g, 75%) was obtained 20 from ethyl 3-amino-2-phenylpropanoate hydrochloride (F. Leonard et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 26, 4062 (1961); 1.5 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.20 (3H, t, J=7.2), 3.64 (2H, d,

J=7.1), 3.94 (1H, t, J=7.6), 4.09-4.20 (2H, m), 5.55 (1H, m), 7.19-7.37 (11H, m).

4b) 3-(N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)ureido)-2-phenylpropanoic acid

5 A solution of ethyl 3-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-2-phenylpropanoate (1.5 g) obtained in Example 4a) and 1 N sodium hydroxide (10 ml) in ethanol (20 ml) - THF (20 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, and then the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure.

10 The solution was acidified by adding 1 N hydrochloric acid to the concentrated solution, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title

15 compound as colorless powder (1.4 g, quantitative).

NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 3.41-3.56 (2H, m), 3.73-3.78 (1H, m), 6.29 (1H, m), 7.23-7.40 (10H, m).

4c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-2-phenylpropyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 3c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.34 g, 65%) was obtained from 3-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-2-phenylpropanoic acid (0.32 g) obtained in Example 4b).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.54-2.57 (1H, m), 2.56 (3H, s), 2.94-

3.13 (3H, m), 3.36-3.88 (6H, m), 4.19-4.31 (3H, m), 5.78-5.83 (1H, m), 6.67 (1H, s), 7.23-7.40 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{26}H_{28}ClN_7O_3 \cdot 0.3AcOEt \cdot 0.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 58.61; H, 5.68; N, 17.59

5 Found (%): C, 58.36; H, 5.76; N, 17.32

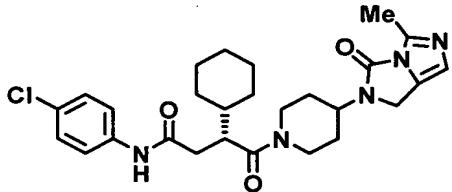
[0059]

Example 5

(3R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-cyclohexyl-4-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-4-oxobutanamide

10

[Chemical formula 25]



5a) Methyl (2R)-4-((4-chlorophenyl)amino)-2-cyclohexyl-4-oxobutanoate

To a suspension of (3R)-3-cyclohexyl-4-methoxy-4-oxobutanoic acid (0.21 g), 4-chloroaniline (0.13 g) and HOBr (0.23 g) in acetonitrile (10 ml) were added WSC (0.29 g) and N-methylmorpholine (0.10 g), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed sequentially with an aqueous sodium hydrogen

15

20

carbonate solution, water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale

5 brown solid (0.30 g, 93%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.26 (6H, m), 1.59-1.78 (5H, m), 2.47-2.53 (1H, m), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m), 2.85-2.90 (1H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 7.24-7.26 (2H, m), 7.42-7.45 (2H, m), 7.54 (1H, br).

10 5b) (2R)-4-((4-Chlorophenyl)amino)-2-cyclohexyl-4-oxobutanoic acid

Methyl (2R)-4-((4-chlorophenyl)amino)-2-cyclohexyl-4-oxobutanoate (0.29 g) obtained in Example 5a) and 1 N sodium hydroxide (1.0 ml) were dissolved in methanol (12 ml) and THF (3 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. Then, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, acidified by adding 1 N hydrochloric acid to the concentrated solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as pale brown powder (0.28 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-1.30 (6H, m), 1.57-1.83 (5H, m), 2.47-2.86 (3H, m), 7.22-7.30 (2H, m), 7.43-7.53 (3H, m).

25 5c) (3R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-cyclohexyl-4-(4-(5-

methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-4-oxobutanamide

To a solution of (2R)-4-((4-chlorophenyl)amino)-2-cyclohexyl-4-oxobutanoic acid (0.27 g) obtained in Example 5b) and HOBT (0.20 g) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was added WSC (0.25 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.26 g), DBU (0.27 g) and triethylamine (0.27 g) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1), and the product was washed with ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.13 g, 29%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.99-1.35 (6H, m), 1.58-1.85 (8H, m), 2.42-3.18 (8H, m), 3.77-4.26 (5H, m), 4.73-4.77 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, m), 7.21-7.30 (2H, m), 7.45-7.54 (2H, m), 7.95-8.06 (1H, m).

25 Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₃₄ClN₅O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 62.24; H, 6.77; N, 13.44

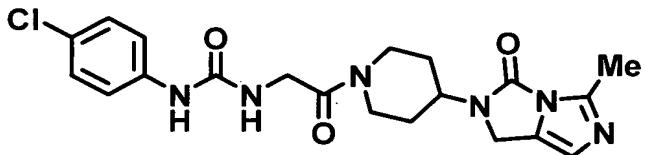
Found (%): C, 62.51; H, 6.54; N, 13.17

[0060]

Example 6

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 26]



6a) tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

10 To a solution of Boc-glycine (0.44 g) and HOBT (0.58 g) in acetonitrile (15 ml) was added WSC (0.72 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, a solution of 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.73 g), DBU (0.75 ml) and triethylamine (1.1 ml) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate.

The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.62 g, 66%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.63-1.72 (2H, m), 1.90-2.05 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m), 3.13-3.20 (1H, m), 3.83-4.23 (4H, m), 4.27 (2H, s), 4.76-4.82 (1H, m), 5.49 (1H, br), 6.72 (1H, s).

10 6b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.15 g) obtained in Example 6a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml), mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. After water was removed by azeotropy with toluene, the residue was dissolved in triethylamine (2 ml) and DMF (3 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (61 mg) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform, washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with

silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (82 mg, 48%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.62-1.75 (2H, m), 1.92-2.00 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.71-2.78 (1H, m), 3.15-3.24 (1H, m), 3.93-3.97 (1H, m), 4.04-4.30 (5H, m), 4.73-4.78 (1H, m), 6.21-6.24 (1H, m), 6.73 (1H, m), 7.20 (2H, dt, J=9.0, 2.0), 7.25 (2H, dt, J=9.0, 2.0), 7.46 (1H, s).

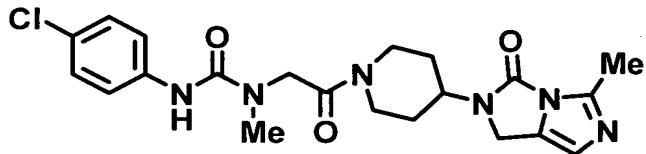
10 Elemental analysis for C₂₀H₂₃ClN₆O₃·0.1AcOEt·0.8H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 53.96; H, 5.64; N, 18.51
Found (%): C, 54.01; H, 5.48; N, 18.37

[0061]

Example 7

15 N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 27]



20 7a) tert-Butyl methyl(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.70 g, 72%) was obtained from

Boc-sarcosine (0.47 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.63-1.72 (2H, m), 1.91 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.68-2.71 (1H, m), 2.94 (3H, s), 3.13-3.20 (1H, m), 3.69-3.76 (1H, m), 3.90-3.96 (2H, m), 4.11-4.22 (2H, m), 4.27 (2H, s), 4.76-4.80 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, m).

7b) N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 6b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 66%) was obtained from tert-butyl methyl(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate (0.16 g) obtained in Example 7a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.68-1.75 (2H, m), 1.93-2.00 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.67-2.75 (1H, m), 3.13 (3H, s), 3.17-3.26 (1H, m), 3.94-4.04 (2H, m), 4.14-4.22 (1H, m), 4.29 (2H, s), 4.44-4.50 (1H, m), 4.73-4.79 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, m), 7.25 (2H, d, J=9.0), 7.36 (2H, d, J=9.0), 7.46 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₁H₂₅ClN₆O₃·0.1AcOEt·1.6H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 53.26; H, 6.06; N, 17.42
Found (%): C, 53.43; H, 5.82; N, 17.38

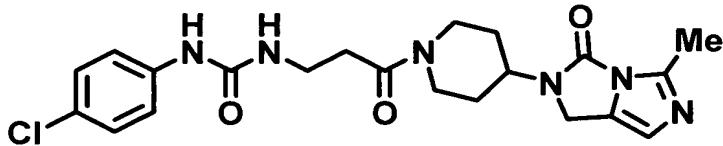
[0062]

Example 8

25 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-

imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 28]



5 8a) *tert*-Butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.80 g, 82%) was obtained from Boc- β -alanine (0.47 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.44 (9H, s), 1.63-1.72 (2H, m), 1.89-1.94 (2H, m), 2.53-2.57 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.65-2.70 (1H, m), 3.10-3.20 (1H, m), 3.41-3.47 (2H, m), 3.94-3.98 (1H, m), 4.11-4.22 (1H, m), 4.27 (2H, s), 4.78-4.84 (1H, m), 5.27 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, m).

15 8b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 6b), the title compound as colorless powder (82 mg, 38%) was obtained from 20 *tert*-butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate (0.19 g) obtained in Example 8a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.62-1.71 (2H, m), 1.88-1.97 (2H, m),

2.60 (3H, s), 2.62-2.71 (3H, m), 3.12-3.21 (1H, m), 3.55-3.60 (2H, m), 3.96-4.19 (2H, m), 4.21 (2H, s), 4.74-4.78 (1H, m), 5.79 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, s), 7.24 (2H, dt, $J= 2.6, 9.4$), 7.31 (2H, dt, $J= 2.6, 9.4$), 7.32 (1H, br).

5 Elemental analysis for $C_{21}H_{25}ClN_6O_3 \cdot 0.6H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 55.35; H, 5.79; N, 18.44

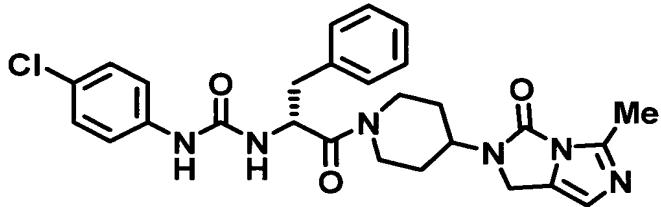
Found (%): C, 55.13; H, 5.80; N, 18.61

[0063]

Example 9

10 N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 29]



15 9a) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.48 g, quantitative) was obtained from Boc-D-phenylalanine (0.27 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.44 (9H, s), 1.63-1.92 (4H, m), 2.59 (3H, m), 2.51-2.59 (1H, m), 2.92-4.22 (7H, m), 4.72-4.91

(2H, m), 5.35-5.44 (1H, m), 6.70-6.74 (1H, m), 7.16-7.34 (5H, m).

9b) N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 6b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.23 g, 46%, >99.9%ee) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.45 g) obtained in Example 9a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49-1.90 (4H, m), 2.32-2.68 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.88-3.20 (3H, m), 3.91-4.18 (4H, m), 4.70-4.75 (1H, m), 5.15-5.30 (1H, m), 6.40-6.52 (1H, m), 6.68-6.75 (1H, m), 7.15-7.58 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.1AcOEt·0.8H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 60.47; H, 5.82; N, 15.44

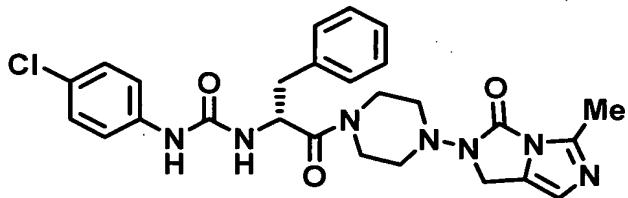
Found (%): C, 60.48; H, 5.99; N, 15.16

[0064]

Example 10

N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

{Chemical formula 30}



10a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

5 To a solution of Boc-D-phenylalanine (0.27 g) and HOBT (0.23 g) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was added WSC (0.29 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-3-one (0.22 g) obtained in
10 Reference Example 2 and triethylamine (0.42 ml) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.48 g, quantitative).
15

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 2.30-2.36 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.87-3.14 (5H, m), 3.39-3.72 (4H, m), 4.29 (2H, s),

4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 5.40-5.43 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.21-7.36 (5H, m).

10b) N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 6b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.28 g, 56%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.45 g) obtained in Example 10a).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.45-2.47 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.94-3.25 (6H, m), 3.48-3.56 (1H, m), 3.72 (2H, m), 4.30 (2H, s), 5.12-5.20 (1H, m), 6.60 (1H, d, J=8.4), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.15-7.45 (10H, m).

15 Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₈ClN₇O₃·0.1AcOEt·0.8H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 58.16; H, 5.62; N, 17.98
Found (%): C, 58.20; H, 5.71; N, 17.82

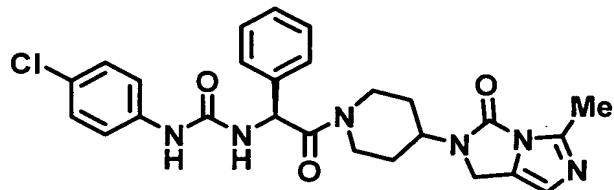
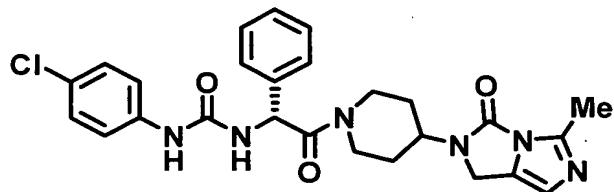
[0065]

Example 11

20 N- (4-chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea
and
N- (4-chlorophenyl)-N'-((1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-

phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 31]



11a) tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-phenylglycine (1.3 g) and HOBT (1.2 g) in acetonitrile (30 ml) was added WSC (1.4 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (1.1 g) obtained in Reference Example 1 and triethylamine (2.1 ml) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under

reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (2.1 g, 93%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.41-1.42 (9H, m), 1.62-1.93 (2H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 2.60-3.13 (2H, m), 3.77-4.27 (5H, m), 4.79-4.84 (1H, m), 5.55-5.61 (1H, m), 5.94-6.09 (1H, m), 6.65-6.71 (1H, m), 7.29-7.40 (5H, m).

10 11b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

and

15 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

20 tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate (0.45 g) obtained in Example 11a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml), mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified with potassium carbonate and extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in

acetonitrile (20 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.15 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 20/1) and solidified with ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain a mixture (0.40 g, 79%) of two title compounds as colorless powder. The resulting mixture was subjected to optical resolution using high-performance liquid chromatography (CHIRALCEL OD) to obtain N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea (0.16 g, >99.9%ee, as colorless powder) and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea (0.11 g, 99.0%ee, colorless powder), respectively.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.35-1.89 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.70-3.19 (2H, m), 3.79-4.26 (5H, m), 4.77-4.81 (1H, m), 5.87-5.96 (1H, m), 6.62-6.73 (2H, m), 7.15-7.38 (9H, m). Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇ClN₆O₃·H₂O·0.7EtOH
Calcd. (%): C, 59.06; H, 6.01; N, 15.08
25 Found (%): C, 59.18; H, 5.78; N, 14.90

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.35-1.89 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m),
 5 2.70-3.19 (2H, m), 3.79-4.26 (5H, m), 4.78-4.81 (1H, m),
 5.88-5.96 (1H, m), 6.61-6.73 (2H, m), 7.15-7.38 (9H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.8EtOH

Calcd. (%): C, 59.96; H, 5.98; N, 15.20

Found (%): C, 60.19; H, 5.71; N, 14.90

10 [0066]

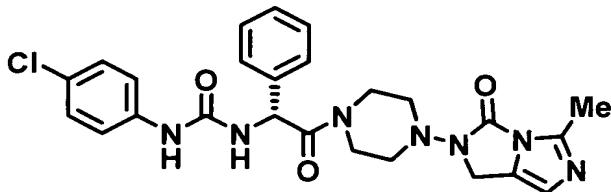
Example 12

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

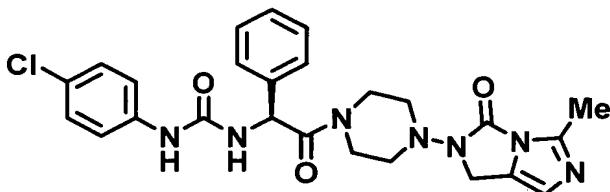
15 and

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 32]



[Chemical formula 33]



12a) *tert*-butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.46 g, quantitative) was obtained from Boc-D-phenylglycine (0.25 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 2.30-2.36 (1H, m), 2.58 (3H, s), 2.96-3.15 (4H, m), 3.39-3.90 (4H, m), 4.25-4.37 (2H, m), 5.58 (1H, d, J=7.5), 6.00 (1H, d, J=7.9), 6.69 (1H, t, J=1.7), 7.31-7.38 (5H, m).

12b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

15 and

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 11b), N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-

phenylethyl)urea (0.40 g, 39%, >99.9%ee) as colorless powder and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea (0.29 g, 29%, >99.9%ee) as colorless powder were respectively obtained from tert-butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate (0.90 g) obtained in Example 12a).

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.57 (3H, s), 2.60-2.68 (1H, m), 2.97-3.12 (3H, m), 3.48-3.71 (3H, m), 3.90-3.96 (1H, m), 4.26-4.37 (2H, m), 5.91-5.94 (1H, m), 6.69 (1H, s), 6.74-6.77 (1H, m), 7.11-7.57 (11H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₆ClN₇O₃·0.3EtOH·0.8H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 57.34; H, 5.53; N, 18.29

Found (%): C, 57.49; H, 5.69; N, 18.04

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.57 (3H, s), 2.60-2.68 (1H, m), 2.97-3.13 (3H, m), 3.44-3.70 (3H, m), 3.90-3.96 (1H, m), 4.26-4.37 (2H, m), 5.89-5.92 (1H, m), 6.62-6.65 (1H, m), 6.69 (1H, s), 7.14-7.37 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{25}H_{26}ClN_7O_3 \cdot 1.1H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 56.89; H, 5.39; N, 18.58

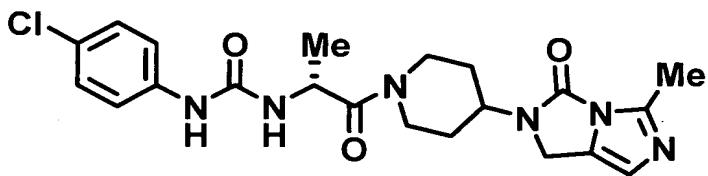
Found (%): C, 57.04; H, 5.42; N, 18.24

[0067]

5 Example 13

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 34]



10 13a) tert-Butyl ($(1R)$ -1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.31 g, 79%) was obtained from 15 Boc-D-alanine (0.19 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.29-1.35 (3H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.63-1.93 (4H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.66-2.74 (1H, m), 3.14-3.19 (1H, m), 4.09-4.23 (3H, m), 4.26-4.28 (2H, m), 4.64-4.81 (2H, m), 5.47-5.50 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

20 13b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

tert-Butyl (1R)-1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.31 g) obtained in Example 13a) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric acid (1.5 ml), mixed at room temperature for 10 minutes, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was removed from the residue by azeotropy with ethanol, the residue was dissolved in DBU (0.24 g) and acetonitrile (10 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.12 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the precipitated crystal was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (0.24 g, 68%) as colorless powder.

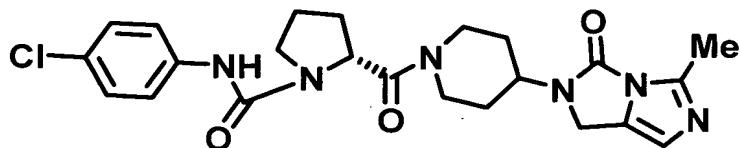
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.37-1.42 (3H, m), 1.63-2.05 (3H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.77-2.81 (1H, m), 3.21-3.40 (1H, m), 4.11-4.31 (5H, m), 4.76-4.98 (2H, m), 6.48-6.52 (1H, m), 6.72-6.74 (1H, m), 7.11-7.15 (4H, m), 7.43-7.45 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₁H₂₅ClN₆O₃·0.2H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 56.24; H, 5.71; N, 18.74
Found (%): C, 56.49; H, 5.92; N, 18.46

Example 14

(2R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidine carboxamide

5 [Chemical formula 35]



14a) tert-Butyl (2R)-2-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title
10 compound as a yellow oil (0.25 g, 60%) was obtained from
Boc-D-proline (0.22 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.60-2.23 (6H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.62-2.74 (2H, m), 3.14-3.58 (4H, m), 4.16 (1H, m), 4.28 (1H, s), 4.55-4.80 (3H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

15 14b) (2R)-N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidine carboxamide

In the same manner as in Example 13b), the title
20 compound as colorless powder (0.16 g, 57%) was obtained
from tert-butyl (2R)-2-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboxylate (0.25 g) obtained in Example 14a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.60-2.24 (8H, m), 2.61 (3H, m), 2.65-2.71 (1H, m), 3.10-3.30 (1H, m), 3.54 (1H, m), 3.69-3.72 (1H, m), 4.11-4.27 (4H, m), 4.74-4.80 (1H, m), 4.94-4.98 (1H, m), 6.41 (1H, s), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.22 (2H, d, J=9.0), 5 7.33 (2H, d, J=9.0).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.2AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 57.45; H, 6.00; N, 16.89

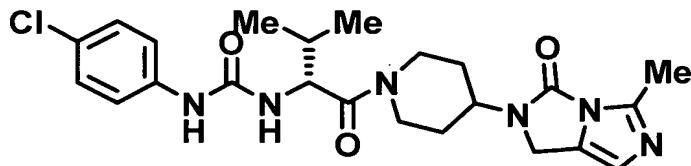
Found (%): C, 57.30; H, 6.05; N, 16.86

[0069]

10 Example 15

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 36]



15 15a) *tert*-Butyl *(1R)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.42 g, quantitative) was 20 obtained from Boc-D-valine (0.22 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.90 (3H, t, J=6.2), 0.98 (3H, t, J=6.2), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.55-1.93 (6H, m), 2.61 (3H, s),

2.69-2.74 (1H, m), 3.14-3.19 (1H, m), 4.09-4.29 (3H, m), 4.29-4.51 (1H, m), 4.78-4.81 (1H, m), 5.29 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

15b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

tert-Butyl (1R)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.40 g) obtained in Example 15a) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric acid (1.5 ml), mixed at room temperature for 10 minutes, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was removed from the residue by azeotropy with ethanol, then dissolved in DBU (0.29 g) and acetonitrile (10 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.15 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) and solidified with ethyl acetate and diethyl ether to obtain the title compound (0.30 g, 67%, >99%ee) as colorless powder.

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.99-1.19 (6H, m), 1.60-2.05 (5H, m), 2.61-2.62 (3H, m), 2.73-2.80 (1H, m), 3.26-3.31 (1H, m), 4.17-4.31 (4H, m), 4.78-4.83 (2H, m), 6.40-6.45 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.15-7.23 (4H, m), 7.57 (1H, s).

5 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 57.32; H, 6.27; N, 17.44

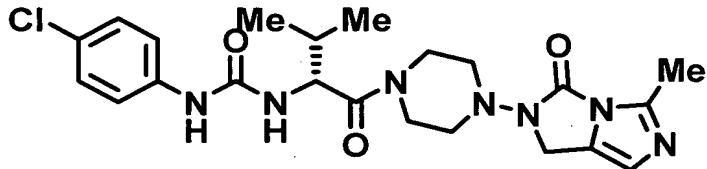
Found (%): C, 57.45; H, 6.20; N, 17.20

[0070]

Example 16

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 37]



15 16a) *tert*-Butyl *(1R)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.63 g, quantitative) was obtained from Boc-D-valine (0.33 g).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.42-1.22 (6H, m), 1.44-1.46 (9H, m), 1.97 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.21-3.29 (4H, m), 3.55-3.80 (3H, m), 4.24-4.47 (4H, m), 5.38-5.41 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

16b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.43 g, 60%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.63 g) obtained in Example 16a).

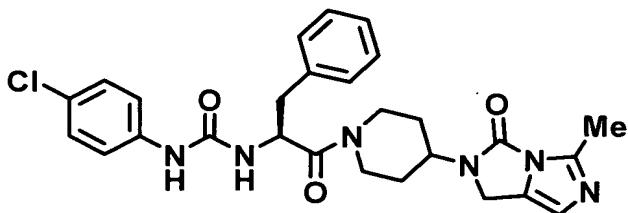
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.99 (3H, d, J=6.8), 1.05 (3H, d, J=6.8), 1.94-2.03 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.12-3.35 (4H, m), 3.82 (4H, br), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.75-4.80 (1H, m), 6.43 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.14-7.19 (4H, m), 7.59 (1H, s).
 Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₈ClN₇O₃·0.7H₂O·0.3IPE
 Calcd. (%): C, 55.27; H, 6.55; N, 18.96
 Found (%): C, 55.02; H, 6.29; N, 18.78

[0071]

Example 17

N-((1S)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 38]



17a) *tert*-Butyl (1*S*)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as yellow powder (0.45 g, 96%) was obtained from Boc-L-phenylalanine (0.27 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, m), 1.63-1.92 (4H, m), 2.59 (3H, m), 2.51-2.59 (1H, m), 2.92-4.22 (7H, m), 4.72-4.910 (2H, m), 5.35-5.44 (1H, m), 6.70-6.74 (1H, m), 7.16-7.34 (5H, m).

17b) N-((1*S*)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.35 g, 71%, 98%ee) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*S*)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.44 g) obtained in Example 17a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49-1.90 (4H, m), 2.32-2.68 (1H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.88-3.20 (3H, m), 3.91-4.18 (4H, m), 4.70-4.75 (1H, m), 5.15-5.30 (1H, m), 6.40-6.52 (1H, m), 6.68-

6.75 (1H, m), 7.15-7.58 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{27}H_{29}ClN_6O \cdot 0.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 61.18; H, 5.71; N, 15.86

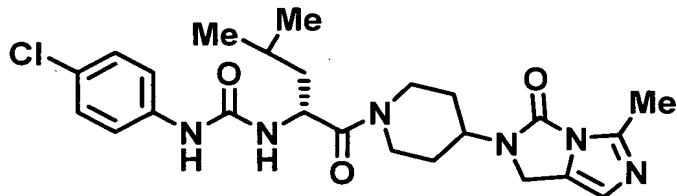
Found (%): C, 61.48; H, 5.78; N, 15.76

5 [0072]

Example 18

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -3-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

10 [Chemical formula 39]



18a) tert-butyl ($(1R)$ -3-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title
15 compound as a yellow oil (0.44 g, quantitative) was
obtained from Boc-D-leucine (0.23 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.92-1.02 (6H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.55-
1.93 (8H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.69-2.74 (1H, m), 3.14-3.19
(1H, m), 4.09-4.29 (3H, m), 4.29-4.51 (1H, m), 4.78-4.81
20 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

18b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -3-methyl-1-((4-(5-

methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.25 g, 54%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-3-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.41 g) obtained in Example 18a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-1.04 (6H, m), 1.44-2.05 (7H, m), 2.62 (3H, m), 2.72-2.81 (1H, m), 3.26-3.31 (1H, m), 4.11-4.33 (4H, m), 4.77-4.99 (2H, m), 6.48-6.53 (1H, m), 6.74 (1H, m), 7.09-7.17 (4H, m), 7.50-7.53 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃·0.4H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.33; H, 6.49; N, 17.01

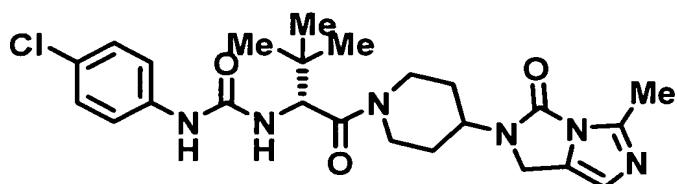
15 Found (%): C, 58.55; H, 6.59; N, 16.77

[0073]

Example 19

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 40]



19a) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-

oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-
piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.23 g) and HOBT (0.23 g) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added WSC (0.29 g), and 5 the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, a solution of 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.29 g), DBU (0.30 g) and triethylamine (0.30 g) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added thereto. The reaction 10 mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. 15 The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.40 g, 92%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98-1.01 (9H, m), 1.43-1.45 (9H, m), 20 1.61-1.95 (4H, m), 2.59-2.72 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.14-3.22 (1H, m), 4.20-4.29 (4H, m), 4.51-4.55 (1H, m), 4.80-4.85 (1H, m), 5.31-5.34 (1H, m), 6.70-6.71 (1H, m).

19b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea
25

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁽⁴⁻⁽⁵⁻

5 methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

 piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea (0.40 g) obtained in

 Example 19a) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric

10 acid (1.5 ml), mixed at room temperature for 10 minutes,

 and then concentrated under reduced pressure. Water was

 removed from the residue by azeotropy with ethanol, and

 then the residue was dissolved in DBU (0.29 g) and

 acetonitrile (10 ml). 4-Chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.15 g)

15 was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2

 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced

 pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate.

 The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous

 sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous

20 sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under

 reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica

 gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1)

 and solidified with ethyl acetate and diethyl ether to

 obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.26 g, 64%,

 99.8%ee).

 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03-1.07 (9H, m), 1.49-2.05 (4H, m),
2.61-2.62 (3H, m), 2.66-2.75 (1H, m), 3.16-3.25 (1H, m),
4.03-4.41 (4H, m), 4.80-4.91 (2H, m), 6.04-6.12 (1H, m),
6.72-6.74 (1H, m), 7.19-7.39 (5H, m).

25 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.1Et₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.33; H, 6.62; N, 16.73

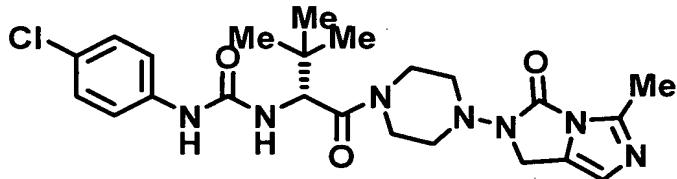
Found (%): C, 58.40; H, 6.62; N, 16.46

[0074]

Example 20

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 41]



10 20a) tert-Butyl *(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.34 g, 78%) was obtained from Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.23 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.00 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.15-3.23 (4H, m), 3.65-3.89 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.51 (1H, d, J=9.8), 5.33 (1H, d, J=9.5), 6.71-6.72 (1H, m).

20b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.24 g, 63%, 96.5%ee) was

obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.34 g) obtained in Example 20a).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.11-3.28 (4H, m), 3.65-3.91 (4H, m), 4.38 (2H, s), 4.86 (1H, d, J=9.4), 5.99 (1H, d, J=9.1), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.22-7.29 (5H, m).

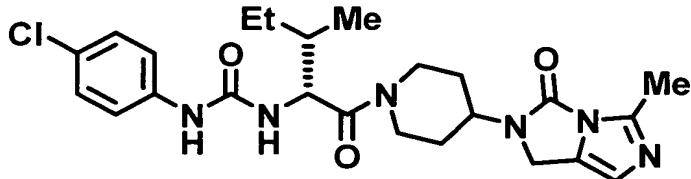
10 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₃·0.2AcOEt·0.6H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 55.35; H, 6.40; N, 18.99
Found (%): C, 55.21; H, 6.46; N, 18.85

[0075]

Example 21

15 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*,2*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 42]



21a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*,2*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.33 g, 76%) was obtained

from Boc-D-isoleucine (0.23 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.88-0.96 (6H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.43-1.46 (7H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.69-2.73 (1H, m), 3.17-3.28 (2H, m), 4.20-4.29 (3H, m), 4.68-4.82 (2H, m), 5.23-5.26 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

21b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R,2S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl*)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 32%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl *(1R,2S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate* (0.33 g) obtained in Example 21a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89-1.26 (8H, m), 1.58-2.11 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.75-2.82 (1H, m), 3.21-3.30 (1H, m), 4.13-4.41 (4H, m), 4.79-4.84 (2H, m), 6.38-6.41 (1H, m), 6.71-6.72 (1H, m), 7.14-7.20 (4H, m), 7.51 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 58.12; H, 6.50; N, 16.94
Found (%): C, 58.34; H, 6.67; N, 16.90

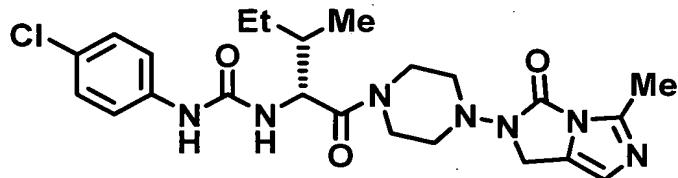
[0076]

Example 22

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R,2S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-*

piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 43]



22a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*,2*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.38 g, 87%) was obtained from Boc-D-isoleucine (0.23 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.88-0.96 (6H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.51-1.71 (3H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.15-3.24 (4H, m), 3.71-3.85 (4H, m), 4.43-4.50 (3H, m), 5.22-5.25 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

22b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*,2*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylurea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (67 mg, 16%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*,2*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.38 g) obtained in Example 22a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.91-1.28 (8H, m), 1.62-1.78 (2H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.17-3.35 (4H, m), 3.83-3.88 (4H, m), 4.42

(2H, s), 4.75-4.81 (1H, m), 6.45 (1H, d, $J=9.0$), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.14-7.18 (4H, m), 7.54 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{30}ClN_7O_3 \cdot 0.8H_2O \cdot 0.2IPE$

Calcd. (%): C, 55.59; H, 6.63; N, 18.75

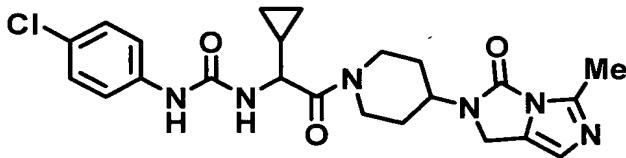
5 Found (%): C, 55.42; H, 6.64; N, 18.46

[0077]

Example 23

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 44]



23a) tert-Butyl 1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

15 In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.53 g, 64%) was obtained from ((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(cyclopropyl)acetic acid (Y. K. Chen et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 124, 12225 (2002); 0.43 g).

20 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.38-1.22 (5H, m), 1.44-1.46 (9H, m), 1.67-1.93 (4H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.72-2.80 (1H, m), 3.17-3.21 (2H, m), 4.10-4.50 (4H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m), 5.41 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

23b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.29 g, 48%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.53 g) obtained in Example 23a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.41-0.61 (4H, m), 1.10-1.14 (1H, m), 1.63-1.97 (4H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.80-2.84 (1H, m), 3.23-3.35 (1H, m), 4.23-4.32 (4H, m), 4.65-4.83 (2H, m), 6.43-6.45 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.16-7.21 (4H, m), 7.65-7.70 (1H, m).

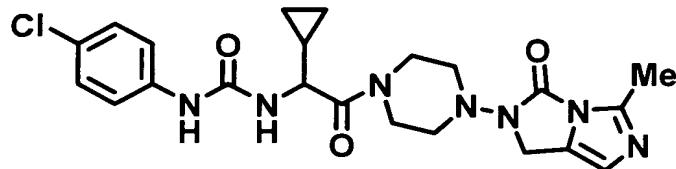
Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.6H₂O·0.1IPE
Calcd. (%): C, 57.61; H, 6.06; N, 17.08
Found (%): C, 57.77; H, 6.20; N, 16.81

[0078]

Example 24

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 45]



24a) *tert*-Butyl 1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title
 5 compound as a colorless oil (0.84 g, quantitative) was
 obtained from ((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(cyclopropyl)acetic acid (0.43 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.42-1.22 (5H, m), 1.44-1.46 (9H, m),
 2.60 (3H, s), 3.21-3.29 (4H, m), 3.55-3.80 (3H, m), 4.24-
 10 4.47 (4H, m), 5.38-5.41 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

24b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title
 15 compound as colorless powder (0.21 g, 22%) was obtained
 from *tert*-butyl 1-cyclopropyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.84 g) obtained in Example 24a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.43-0.61 (4H, m), 1.13-1.16 (1H, m),
 20 2.61 (3H, s), 3.19-3.35 (4H, m), 3.81-3.84 (4H, m), 4.44
 (2H, s), 4.67 (1H, t, J=7.7), 6.37 (1H, d, J=7.9), 6.73 (1H,
 s), 7.17-7.29 (5H, m), 7.52 (1H, s).

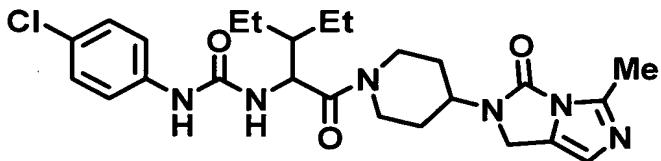
Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₆ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O·0.3IPE
 Calcd. (%): C, 55.87; H, 6.15; N, 19.16
 25 Found (%): C, 56.07; H, 6.10; N, 18.99

[0079]

Example 25

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 46]



25a) *tert*-Butyl 2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

10 In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.41 g, 92%) was obtained from 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethylpentanoic acid (E. C. Jorgensen et al., J. Med. Chem., 14, 899 (1971); 0.25 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.84-1.04 (6H, m), 1.22-1.92 (9H, m), 1.43-1.46 (9H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.69-2.73 (1H, m), 3.17-3.28 (2H, m), 4.20-4.29 (3H, m), 4.68-4.82 (2H, m), 5.23-5.26 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

20 25b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.36 g, 80%) was obtained

from *tert*-butyl 2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.40 g) obtained in Example 25a).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.84-1.00 (6H, m), 1.25-1.52 (6H, m), 1.90-2.00 (4H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.76-2.81 (1H, m), 3.21-3.34 (1H, m), 4.21-4.31 (3H, m), 4.79-4.84 (1H, m), 5.01-5.03 (1H, m), 6.25-6.28 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.17-7.27 (4H, m), 7.51-7.56 (1H, m).

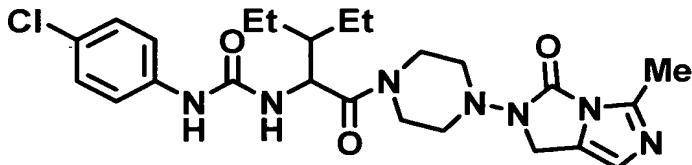
10 Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₃ClN₆O₃·0.6H₂O·0.3AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 58.46; H, 6.85; N, 15.61
Found (%): C, 58.60; H, 6.99; N, 15.34

[0080]

Example 26

15 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 47]



20 26a) *tert*-Butyl 2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title

compound as a colorless oil (0.44 g, 98%) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethylpentanoic acid (0.25 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, t, J=7.3), 0.99 (3H, t, J=7.3), 1.19-1.40 (4H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.14-3.27 (5H, m), 3.71-3.79 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.66-4.70 (1H, m), 5.23-5.26 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

26b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.35 g, 72%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-ethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.43 g) obtained in Example 26a).

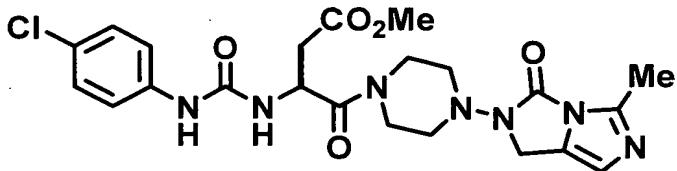
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, t, J=7.3), 0.98 (3H, t, J=7.3), 1.14-1.39 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.14-3.34 (4H, m), 3.83-3.84 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.96-5.01 (1H, m), 6.32 (1H, d, J=9.1), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.16-7.24 (4H, m), 7.60 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O·0.1IPE
 Calcd. (%): C, 56.69; H, 6.65; N, 18.81
 Found (%): C, 56.91; H, 6.80; N, 18.66

Example 27

Methyl 3-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-4-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoate

5 [Chemical formula 48]



27a) Methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-4-oxobutanoate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title
10 compound as colorless powder (0.68 g, 75%) obtained from 2-
((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methoxy-4-oxobutanoic acid
(0.50 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.65-2.80
(2H, m), 3.17-3.21 (4H, m), 3.71 (3H, s), 3.73-3.80 (5H, m),
15 4.43 (2H, m), 4.95-5.02 (1H, m), 5.44-5.47 (1H, m), 6.72
(1H, s).

27b) Methyl 3-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-4-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoate

20 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title
compound as colorless powder (0.32 g, 42%) was obtained
from methyl 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-(4-(5-methyl-

3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-4-oxobutanoate (0.68 g) obtained in Example 27a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.60 (3H, s), 2.69-2.88 (2H, m), 3.21-3.29 (4H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.73-3.85 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 5.25-5.32 (1H, m), 6.27-6.30 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.21-7.42 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₆ClN₇O₅·0.5H₂O·0.2IPE

Calcd. (%): C, 52.24; H, 5.63; N, 18.38

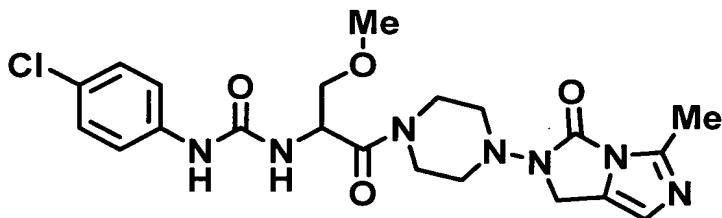
Found (%): C, 51.94; H, 5.69; N, 18.26

10 [0082]

Example 28

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(methoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 49]



28a) tert-Butyl 1-(methoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

20 In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.56 g, 66%) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxypropanoic acid

(PCT Japanese Translation Patent Publication No. 10287669;
0.44 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.18 (4H, m), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.43-3.90 (6H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.78-5 4.85 (1H, m), 5.44-5.47 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

28b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(methoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.23 g, 34%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-(methoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.56 g) obtained in Example 28a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.61 (3H, s), 3.17-3.98 (13H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 5.14-5.21 (1H, m), 6.50-6.54 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.22-7.29 (4H, m), 7.70-7.73 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₁H₂₆ClN₇O₄·0.5H₂O·0.2IPE

Calcd. (%): C, 52.76; H, 5.94; N, 19.40

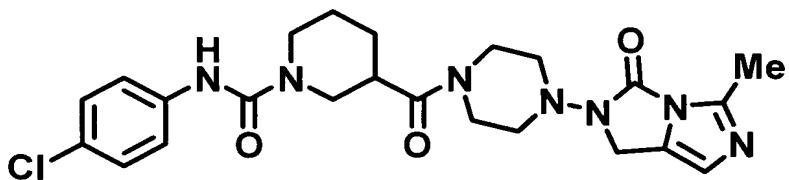
Found (%): C, 52.53; H, 5.94; N, 19.19

20 [0083]

Example 29

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-piperidinecarboxamide

25 [Chemical formula 50]



29a) *tert*-Butyl 3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 86%) was obtained from *Boc*-nipecotic acid (0.23 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.70-1.87 (4H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.62-3.27 (7H, m), 3.70-3.73 (4H, m), 4.09-4.16 (2H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 6.72 (1H, s).

29b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-piperidinecarboxamide

In the same manner as in Example 13b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.33 g, 79%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.37 g) obtained in Example 29a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.77-1.94 (4H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.76 (1H, m), 3.17-3.27 (6H, m), 3.71-3.77 (5H, m), 3.99-4.04 (1H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 6.72 (1H, s), 6.92 (1H, s), 7.23-7.33 (4H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₈ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 55.81; H, 5.91; N, 19.81

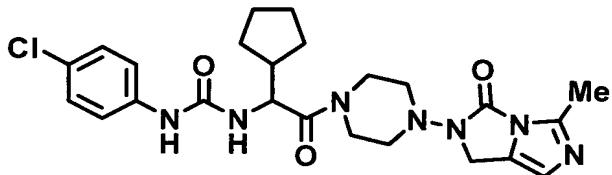
Found (%): C, 56.16; H, 6.03; N, 19.53

[0084]

Example 30

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopentyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 51]



30a) tert-Butyl 1-cyclopentyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

10 In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.38 g, 85%) was obtained from ((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(cyclopentyl)acetic acid (0.24 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.62-1.74 (8H, m), 2.12-2.20 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.15-3.27 (4H, m), 3.73-3.84 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.55-4.57 (1H, m), 5.26-5.29 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

20 30b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-cyclopentyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.13 g, 30%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-cyclopentyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.38 g) obtained in Example 30a).

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.30-1.75 (8H, m), 2.18-2.23 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.18-3.33 (4H, m), 3.81-3.91 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.79-4.84 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, $J=8.6$), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.14-7.24 (4H, m), 7.55 (1H, s).

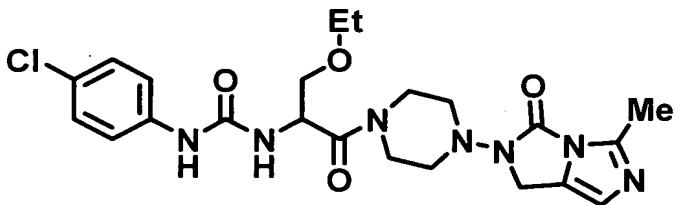
Elemental analysis for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{30}\text{ClN}_7\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O} \cdot 0.2\text{IPE}$
 Calcd. (%): C, 57.17; H, 6.43; N, 18.52
 Found (%): C, 57.00; H, 6.36; N, 18.36

[0085]

Example 31

15 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(ethoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 52]



20 31a) tert-Butyl 1-(ethoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.96 g, 88%) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethoxypropanoic acid (EP 266950; 0.58 g).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.18 (3H, t, J=7.0), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.17 (4H, m), 3.47-3.53 (2H, m), 3.62-3.96 (6H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.79-4.86 (1H, m), 5.43-5.46 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

10 31b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(ethoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.54 g, 50%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-(ethoxymethyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.96 g) obtained in Example 31a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.21 (3H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.16-3.98 (12H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 5.12-5.19 (1H, m), 6.43-6.45 (1H, m), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.19-7.30 (4H, m), 7.53 (1H, s).

20 Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₈ClN₇O₄·0.7H₂O·0.2IPE

Calcd. (%): C, 53.28; H, 6.21; N, 18.75

Found (%): C, 53.04; H, 6.21; N, 18.79

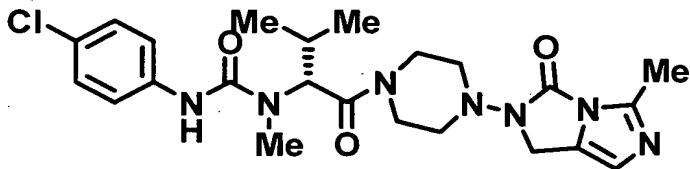
[0086]

Example 32

25 N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-methyl-1-(4-

(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 53]



32a) *tert*-Butyl methyl((1*R*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.23 g, 53%) was obtained from Boc-N-methyl-D-valine (0.23 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.86-0.92 (6H, m), 1.44-1.47 (9H, m), 2.35-2.42 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.77 (3H, s), 3.10-3.18 (4H, m), 3.62-3.90 (5H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 6.71 (1H, s).

32b) N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-((1*R*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.15 g, 59%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl methyl((1*R*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate (0.22 g) obtained in Example 32a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.91-0.96 (6H, m), 2.37-2.41 (1H, m),

2.59 (3H, s), 3.04 (3H, s), 3.15-3.23 (4H, m), 3.58-3.96 (4H, m), 4.41 (2H, s), 4.89-4.93 (1H, m), 6.58 (1H, br), 6.70 (1H, s), 7.23-7.33 (4H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{30}ClN_7O_3 \cdot 0.5H_2O \cdot 0.3AcOEt$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 55.53; H, 6.43; N, 18.73

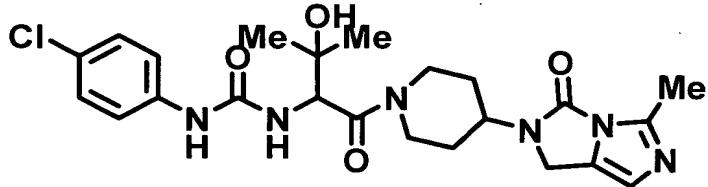
Found (%): C, 55.66; H, 6.40; N, 18.66

[0087]

Example 33

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 54]



15 33a) tert-Butyl 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.15 g, 54%) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (U. Schmidt et al., J. Pept. Res., 52, 20 143 (1998); 0.15 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.22-1.35 (6H, m), 1.44-1.45 (9H, m),

1.65-1.95 (4H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.70-2.73 (1H, m), 3.16-3.25 (1H, m), 4.23-4.61 (6H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m), 5.47-5.56 (1H, m), 6.71-6.72 (1H, m).

33b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea
tert-Butyl 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.15 g) obtained in Example 33a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (1.5 ml), mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified with potassium carbonate and extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (46 mg) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound (65 mg, 39%) as colorless powder.

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.39 (6H, m), 1.69-2.10 (4H, m), 2.60-2.62 (3H, m), 2.75-2.80 (1H, m), 3.20-3.24 (1H, m),

4.20-4.30 (3H, m), 4.60-4.83 (3H, m), 5.44-5.63 (1H, m),
 6.24-6.31 (1H, m), 6.69-6.72 (1H, m), 7.22-7.34 (4H, m),
 7.70-7.81 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{29}ClN_6O_4 \cdot 0.9H_2O \cdot 0.3AcOEt$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 54.67; H, 6.29; N, 15.81

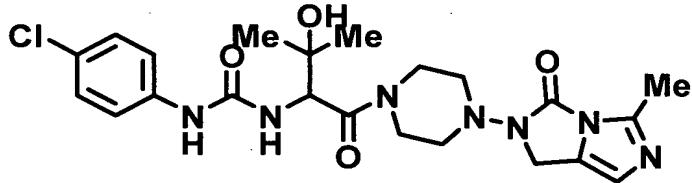
Found (%): C, 54.93; H, 6.40; N, 15.84

[0088]

Example 34

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 55]



34a) tert-Butyl 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

15 In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.82 g, 52%) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.85 g).

20 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.21-1.27 (6H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.18-3.25 (4H, m), 3.72-3.91 (4H, m), 4.38-4.53

(3H, m), 5.52-5.55 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

34b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.62 g, 69%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.80 g) obtained in
10 Example 34a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.24 (3H, s), 1.29 (3H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 3.19-3.39 (4H, m), 3.75-4.02 (4H, br), 4.45 (2H, s), 4.66-4.69 (1H, m), 6.35-6.68 (4H, m), 7.23 (2H, d, J=7.1), 7.34 (2H, d, J=6.8).

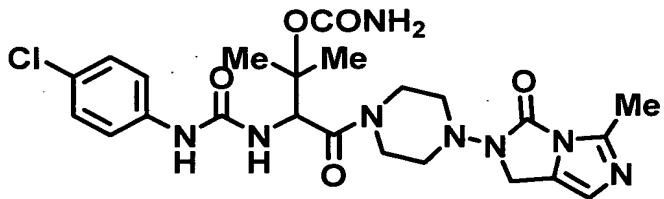
15 Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₈ClN₇O₄·0.5H₂O·0.3AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 53.04; H, 6.02; N, 18.66
Found (%): C, 53.10; H, 6.25; N, 18.44

[0089]

Example 35

20 2-(N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)ureido)-1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxopropyl carbamate

[Chemical formula 56]



To a solution of $\text{N}-(4\text{-chlorophenyl})-\text{N}'-(2\text{-hydroxy-2-$ methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea (0.18 g) obtained in Example 34 in dichloromethane (15 ml) was added 5 trichloroacetyl isocyanate (0.065 ml) at 0°C , and the temperature of the mixture was elevated to room temperature and mixed at room temperature for 6 hours. To the reaction mixture were added methanol (5 ml), water (5 ml) and potassium carbonate (0.15 g), and then mixed at room 10 temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic 15 silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 62%).

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.58-1.62 (6H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 3.12-3.31 (4H, m), 3.78-3.92 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 5.20-5.30 (3H, m), 6.30-6.33 (1H, s), 6.71 (1H, s), 7.23 (2H, d, $J=8.6$), 7.34 (2H, d, $J=9.0$), 7.96 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{29}ClN_8O_5 \cdot H_2O \cdot 0.3AcOEt$

Calcd. (%): C, 50.34; H, 5.83; N, 19.41

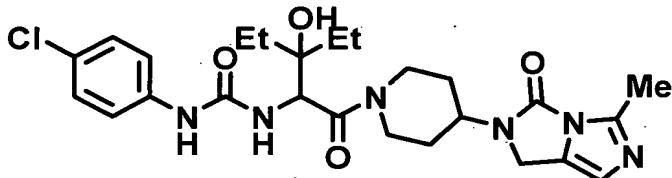
Found (%): C, 50.10; H, 5.61; N, 19.27

[0090]

5 Example 36

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 57]



10 36a) tert-Butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-

(hydroxymethyl)butylcarbamate

Boc-Serine methyl ester (6.30 g) was dissolved in diethyl ether (150 ml), and a solution of ethyl magnesium bromide (in 3 M diethyl ether, 57 ml) was added dropwise thereto while the mixture was cooled to $-78^{\circ}C$. After addition by dropping, the temperature of the reaction mixture was elevated to room temperature, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was again cooled to $0^{\circ}C$, and a saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added dropwise thereto. The organic layer was collected by separation, and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The extracts

were all mixed, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (1.10 g, 79%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.82-0.93 (6H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.52-1.75 (3H, m), 2.38-2.42 (2H, m), 3.58-4.04 (4H, m), 5.38 (1H, m).

36b) 2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxypentanoic acid

10 tert-Butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)butylcarbamate (5.80 g) obtained in Example 36a) and 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy (0.73 g) were dissolved in phosphate buffer (pH 6.8, 100 ml) and acetonitrile (100 ml). While the mixture was warmed to 15 35°C, an aqueous sodium hypochlorite solution (1.3 ml) and an aqueous solution (20 ml) of sodium chlorite (6.4 g) were simultaneously added dropwise thereto over 2 hours, respectively. The reaction mixture was mixed at 35°C overnight, and returned to room temperature. The solution 20 was acidified by adding a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The extracts were combined and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/hexane = 1/1 to 3/1) to obtain the title compound 25

as colorless powder (0.28 g, 24%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, t, J=7.5), 0.95 (3H, t, J=7.5), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.51-1.66 (3H, m), 3.80-4.33 (4H, m), 5.41 (1H, m).

5 36c) tert-Butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 13%) was obtained 10 from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxypentanoic acid (0.80 g) obtained in Example 36b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.82-1.04 (6H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.54-1.95 (8H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.70-2.73 (1H, m), 3.16-3.25 (1H, m), 4.23-4.61 (6H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m), 5.47-5.56 (1H, m), 6.71-6.72 (1H, m).

15 36d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (15 mg, 8%) was obtained from 20 tert-butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.17 g) obtained in Example 36c).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.88-1.00 (6H, m), 1.43-2.04 (8H, m),

2.61-2.62 (3H, m), 2.75-2.80 (1H, m), 3.17-3.28 (1H, m),
 4.19-4.30 (3H, m), 4.65-4.87 (3H, m), 6.35-6.43 (1H, m),
 6.71-6.73 (2H, m), 7.21-7.32 (4H, m), 7.51-7.59 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{25}H_{33}ClN_6O_4 \cdot 0.4H_2O \cdot 0.4IPE$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 58.24; H, 7.03; N, 14.87

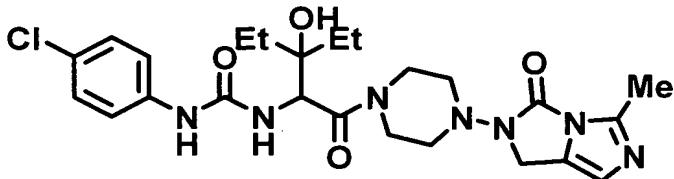
Found (%): C, 58.50; H, 7.23; N, 14.61

[0091]

Example 37

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

[Chemical formula 58]



15 37a) tert-Butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

To a solution of 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethyl-3-hydroxypentanoic acid (0.80 g) obtained in Example 36b) and HOBT (0.65 g) in acetonitrile (30 ml) was added WSC (0.83 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.63 g) obtained in Reference Example 2 and triethylamine

(1.2 ml) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution 5 was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder 10 (0.11 g, 8%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.82-0.91 (6H, m), 1.44-1.46 (9H, m), 1.57-1.73 (4H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.16-3.22 (4H, m), 3.72-3.96 (4H, m), 4.42-4.53 (3H, m), 5.51-5.54 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

15 37b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea

tert-Butyl 2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.11 g) obtained in 20 Example 37a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (1.5 ml), mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified with potassium 25 carbonate and extracted with chloroform. The extract was

dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (46 mg) was added, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (38 mg, 31%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.88 (3H, t, J=7.5), 0.95 (3H, t, J=7.5), 1.51-1.69 (4H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.17-3.27 (4H, m), 3.68-4.09 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.83 (1H, d, J=9.4), 5.21 (1H, br), 6.32 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.71-6.72 (1H, m), 7.22-7.34 (4H, m), 7.53 (1H, m).

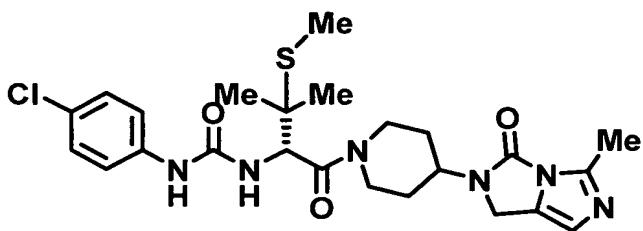
Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₄·0.2H₂O·0.2IPE
Calcd. (%): C, 55.84; H, 6.55; N, 18.09
Found (%): C, 55.98; H, 6.80; N, 17.89

[0092]

Example 38

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 59]



38a) *tert*-Butyl (1*S*)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propylcarbamate

To a solution of (2*S*)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methyl-3-(methylthio)butanoic acid (T. Fukami et al., J. Med. Chem., 39, 2313 (1996); 1.3 g) and HOBT (1.14 g) in acetonitrile (30 ml) was added WSC (1.42 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, a solution of 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (1.43 g), DBU (1.47 ml) and triethylamine (2.2 ml) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (1.7 g, 71%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.31-1.40 (6H, m), 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 1.72-1.96 (4H, m), 2.05-2.09 (3H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.65-2.74 (1H, m), 3.21-3.29 (1H, m), 4.16-4.38 (4H, m), 4.75-4.85 (2H, m), 5.40-5.49 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

5 38b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea
tert-Butyl (1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propylcarbamate (1.7 g) obtained in Example
10 38a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (15 ml), mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified with potassium carbonate and extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over
15 anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (100 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (460 mg) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (1.2 g, 65%).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.39-1.42 (6H, m), 1.60-2.00 (4H, m),

2.07-2.12 (3H, m), 2.60-2.62 (3H, m), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m),
 3.24-3.31 (1H, m), 4.17-4.45 (4H, m), 4.46-4.82 (1H, m),
 5.07-5.14 (1H, m), 6.01-6.06 (1H, m), 6.69-6.72 (1H, m),
 7.20-7.30 (5H, m).

5 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃S

Calcd. (%): C, 55.53; H, 6.02; N, 16.19

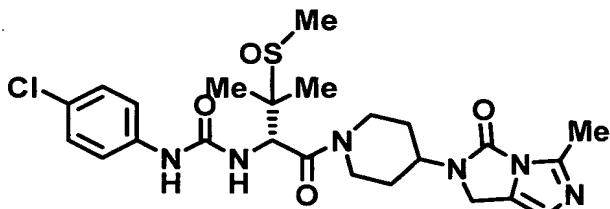
Found (%): C, 55.24; H, 6.17; N, 16.01

[0093]

Example 39

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)propyl)urea

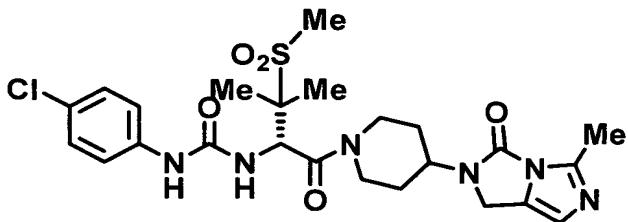
[Chemical formula 60]



and

15 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 61]



N- (4-Chlorophenyl) -N' - ((1S) -2-methyl-1- ((4- (5-methyl-
 3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl) -1-
 5
 piperidinyl) carbonyl) -2- (methylthio) propyl) urea (0.52 g)
 obtained in Example 38 and methanesulfonic acid (0.06 ml)
 were dissolved in dichloromethane (20 ml). While the
 mixture was cooled to 0°C, 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (70%;
 0.42 g) was added thereto, and mixed at 0°C for 3 hours.
 To the reaction mixture was added an aqueous sodium sulfite
 10
 solution, and mixed for 30 minutes. Then, an aqueous
 sodium hydrogen carbonate solution was added thereto, and
 the organic layer was collected by separation and dried
 over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled
 off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified
 15
 with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol = 20/1
 to 10/1) to obtain N- (4-chlorophenyl) -N' - ((1S) -2-methyl-1-
 ((4- (5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl) -1-
 piperidinyl) carbonyl) -2- (methylsulfinyl) propyl) urea as
 colorless powder (0.12 g, 22%) and N- (4-chlorophenyl) -N' -
 20
 ((1S) -2-methyl-1- ((4- (5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-
 c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl) -1-piperidinyl) carbonyl) -2-
 (methylsulfonyl) propyl) urea as colorless powder (0.12 g,

22%).

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)propyl)urea

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.39-1.41 (6H, m), 1.60-2.13 (4H, m), 2.45-2.47 (3H, m), 2.60-2.61 (3H, m), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m), 3.24-3.31 (1H, m), 3.42-3.46 (1H, m), 4.17-4.45 (4H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m), 5.20-5.26 (1H, m), 6.67-6.69 (1H, m), 7.21-7.63 (5H, m).

10 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₄S·0.2H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 53.51; H, 5.88; N, 15.60

Found (%): C, 53.54; H, 5.83; N, 15.31

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)urea

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.54-1.55 (6H, m), 1.83-1.96 (4H, m), 2.60-2.61 (3H, m), 2.65-2.80 (1H, m), 2.95-2.97 (3H, m), 3.22-3.31 (1H, m), 4.19-4.50 (4H, m), 4.71-4.75 (1H, m), 5.56-5.60 (1H, m), 6.02-6.15 (1H, m), 6.69-6.72 (1H, m), 20 7.23-7.34 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₅S·0.6H₂O·0.3AcOEt

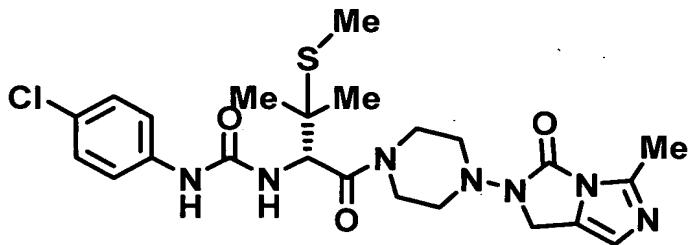
Calcd. (%): C, 51.45; H, 5.93; N, 14.29

Found (%): C, 51.23; H, 5.95; N, 14.23

[0094]

25 Example 40

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea
 [Chemical formula 62]



5 40a) *tert*-butyl *(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as yellow green powder (1.8 g, 64%) was obtained from *(2S)*-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methyl-3-(methylthio)butanoic acid (1.6 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.35 (6H, m), 1.45 (9H, m), 2.07 (3H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.16-3.31 (4H, m), 3.80-3.88 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.73-4.77 (1H, m), 5.42-5.46 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

15 40b) N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (1.2 g, 63%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl *(1S)*-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-

imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propylcarbamate (1.7 g) obtained in Example 40a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.40 (6H, s), 2.09 (3H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.14-3.36 (4H, m), 3.75-3.90 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 5.08 (1H, d, J=9.1), 5.99 (1H, d, J=9.1), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.13-7.30 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₃S

Calcd. (%): C, 53.12; H, 5.81; N, 18.85

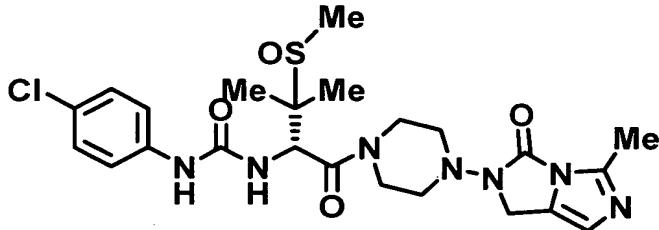
10 Found (%): C, 52.93; H, 5.93; N, 18.85

[0095]

Example 41

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)propyl)urea

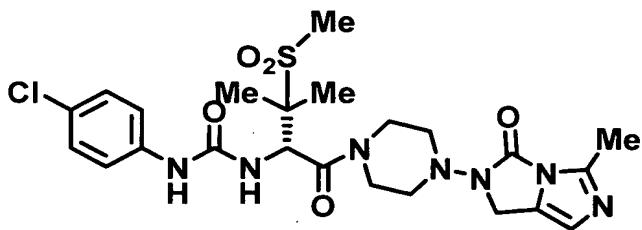
15 [Chemical formula 63]



and

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 64]



In the same manner as in Example 39, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)propylurea as colorless powder (70 mg, 5 12%) and N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)propylurea as colorless powder (0.23 g, 39%) were obtained from N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylthio)propylurea (0.56 g) obtained in Example 40, 10 respectively.

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

15 piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)propylurea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.24-1.26 (3H, m), 1.41-1.44 (3H, m), 2.47-2.55 (3H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 3.13-3.34 (4H, m), 3.77-3.88 (4H, m), 4.40-4.42 (2H, m), 5.20-5.32 (1H, m), 6.32-6.66 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s), 7.21-7.35 (4H, m), 7.71-7.81 (1H, m).

20 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₄S·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 49.86; H, 5.82; N, 17.70

Found (%): C, 49.81; H, 5.89; N, 17.72

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)urea

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.50 (3H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.97 (3H, s), 3.18-3.35 (4H, m), 3.71-3.90 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 5.58 (1H, d, J=9.8), 6.27 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.22-7.35 (4H, m), 7.65 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₅S·0.8H₂O·0.2AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 48.94; H, 5.73; N, 16.79

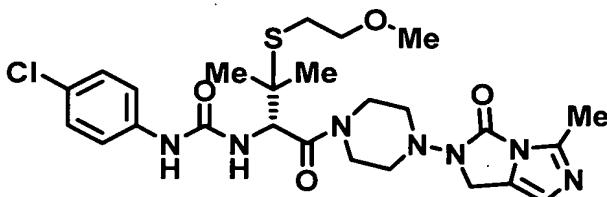
Found (%): C, 48.97; H, 5.90; N, 16.50

[0096]

Example 42

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1S)-2-((2-methoxyethyl)thio)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 65]



42a) (2S)-2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-((2-

methoxyethyl)thio)-3-methylbutanoic acid

To a solution of D-penicillamine (2.98 g) and a 1 N

aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (21 ml) in ethanol (20 ml) was added dropwise 2-methoxyethyl bromide (2.0 ml) while cooling to 0°C. The temperature of the mixture was elevated to room temperature, and mixed at room temperature 5 for 15 hours. To the reaction mixture were added dropwise di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (5.1 ml) and a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (22 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. Ethanol was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then washed with diethyl ether. The aqueous 10 layer was acidified with a 5% aqueous citric acid solution, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (6.3 g, 15 quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.22-1.29 (6H, m), 1.45-1.46 (9H, s), 2.81-2.85 (1H, m), 3.41 (3H, m), 3.54-3.63 (2H, m), 4.34-4.38 (1H, m), 5.50-5.54 (1H, m), 6.34 (1H, s).

42b) tert-Butyl (1S)-2-((2-methoxyethyl)thio)-2-
20 methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-
2 (3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.36 g, 70%) was obtained from (2S)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-((2-
25 methoxyethyl)thio)-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.31 g) obtained

in Example 42a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.37-1.39 (6H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.74-2.81 (1H, m), 3.12-3.60 (8H, m), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.73-3.86 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.67-4.77 (1H, m), 5.44-5.59 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

42c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1S)-2-((2-methoxyethyl)thio)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 29%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1S)-2-((2-methoxyethyl)thio)-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.37 g) obtained in Example 42b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (6H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.77-2.82 (2H, m), 3.13-3.70 (6H, m), 3.37 (3H, s), 3.87-3.89 (4H, m), 4.41 (2H, s), 5.07 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.15 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.20-7.30 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₄ClN₇O₄S·0.5H₂O·0.1AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 52.43; H, 6.20; N, 16.85
Found (%): C, 52.35; H, 6.28; N, 16.55

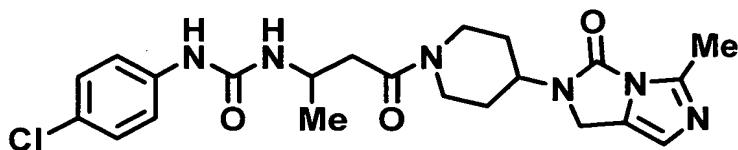
[0097]

Example 43

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-

1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 66]



5 43a) tert-Butyl 1-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 91%) was obtained from 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)butanoic acid (0.20 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.20-1.28 (3H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.89-1.93 (3H, m), 2.54-2.71 (3H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.13-3.24 (1H, m), 3.98-4.22 (4H, m), 4.28-4.29 (2H, m), 4.77-4.82 (1H, m), 5.08 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

15 43b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (65 mg, 20%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate (0.37 g) obtained in Example 43a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29-1.35 (3H, m), 1.77-1.97 (3H, m),

2.38-2.84 (3H, m), 2.59-2.60 (3H, m), 3.22-3.27 (1H, m),
 3.95-4.33 (6H, m), 4.70-4.80 (1H, m), 5.31-5.56 (1H, m),
 6.63-6.69 (1H, m), 7.20-7.34 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{22}H_{27}ClN_6O_3 \cdot 0.5H_2O$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 56.47; H, 6.03; N, 17.96

Found (%): C, 56.64; H, 5.89; N, 18.09

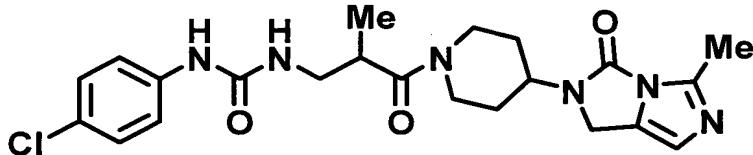
[0098]

Example 44

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-

10 1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 67]



44a) tert-Butyl 2-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.40 g, 99%) was obtained from 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-methylpropanoic acid (WO 0166530; 0.20 g).

20 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.09-1.13 (3H, m), 1.43 (9H, s), 1.89-1.94 (3H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.65-2.69 (1H, m), 3.03-3.26 (6H, m), 4.09-4.18 (2H, m), 4.28 (2H, s), 4.80-4.85 (1H, m),

5.08 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

44b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 51%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-methyl-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate (0.40 g) obtained in Example 44a).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.12-1.17 (3H, m), 1.48-2.03 (2H, m), 2.57-2.61 (3H, m), 2.61-2.71 (1H, m), 3.14-3.59 (5H, m), 3.89-4.77 (6H, m), 5.84-5.98 (1H, m), 6.60-6.71 (1H, m), 7.20-7.96 (5H, m).

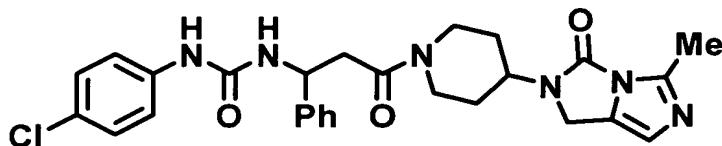
Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.8H₂O₃·0.2AcOEt
15 Calcd. (%): C, 55.78; H, 6.20; N, 17.12
Found (%): C, 55.99; H, 6.41; N, 16.88

[0099]

Example 45

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 68]



45a) *tert*-Butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 6a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.47 g, quantitative) was obtained from 3-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (A. R. Minter et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 125, 6846 (2003); 0.27 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (9H, s), 1.57-1.83 (2H, m), 2.51-3.04 (6H, m), 2.59-2.60 (3H, m), 3.72-4.23 (4H, m), 4.72-4.77 (1H, m), 5.06-5.08 (1H, m), 5.83-6.52 (1H, m), 6.70-6.73 (1H, m), 7.23-7.39 (5H, m).

45b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.26 g, 52%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropylcarbamate (0.47 g) obtained in Example 45a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.37-2.08 (4H, m), 2.58 (3H, s), 2.67-3.40 (5H, m), 3.98-4.32 (4H, m), 4.69-4.73 (1H, m), 5.24-5.34 (1H, m), 6.63-6.71 (1H, m), 7.19-7.38 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.3H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 61.60; H, 5.67; N, 15.96

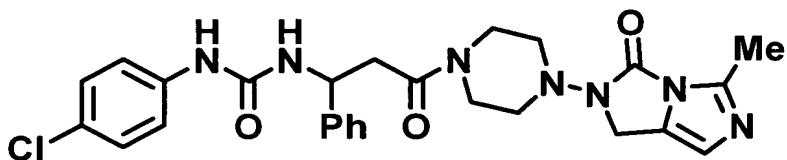
Found (%): C, 61.88; H, 5.60; N, 16.10

[0100]

Example 46

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 69]



10 46a) tert-butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.39 g, 83%) was obtained from 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (0.27 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (9H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.60-2.74 (1H, m), 2.94-3.04 (4H, m), 3.36-3.75 (5H, m), 4.33 (2H, s), 5.05 (1H, m), 6.14 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.25-7.36 (5H, m).

46b) N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 41%) was obtained

from tert-butyl 3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxo-1-phenylpropylcarbamate (0.39 g) obtained in Example 46a).

5 NMR (CDCl₃+CD₃OD) δ: 2.59 (3H, s), 2.79-3.11 (6H, m), 3.47-3.73 (5H, m), 4.25-4.40 (2H, m), 5.25-5.29 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, m), 7.19-7.40 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₈ClN₇O₃

Calcd. (%): C, 59.82; H, 5.41; N, 18.78

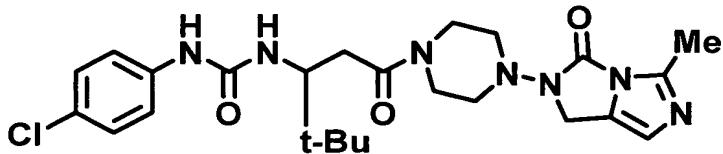
Found (%): C, 59.62; H, 5.26; N, 18.65

10 [0101]

Example 47

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,2-dimethyl-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)propyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 70]



47a) 3-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4,4-dimethylpentanoic acid

20 3-Amino-4,4-dimethylpentanoic acid (0.51 g) and triethylamine (0.78 g) were dissolved in THF (10 ml) and water (10 ml), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.71 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure,

washed with diethyl ether, acidified with a 5% aqueous citric acid solution, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain 5 the title compound as colorless powder (0.65 g, 85%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.93 (9H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 2.60-2.67 (2H, m), 4.69-4.72 (1H, m), 5.54-5.56 (1H, m).

47b) tert-Butyl 2,2-dimethyl-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.32 g, 71%) was obtained from 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4,4-dimethylpentanoic acid (0.25 g) obtained in Example 47a).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.94 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.24-2.38 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.77-2.82 (1H, m), 2.98-3.33 (3H, m), 3.61-3.95 (5H, m), 4.38-4.53 (2H, m), 4.73-4.76 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

47c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,2-dimethyl-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)propyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.20 g, 60%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2,2-dimethyl-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-

oxoethyl)propylcarbamate (0.30 g) obtained in Example 47b).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.99 (9H, s), 1.97 (1H, m), 2.28-2.37 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.82-3.14 (4H, m), 3.38-4.45 (8H, m), 5.69 (1H, br), 6.69 (1H, s), 7.17 (2H, d, J=8.7), 7.32 (2H, d, J=9.0).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₃

Calcd. (%): C, 57.42; H, 6.43; N, 19.53

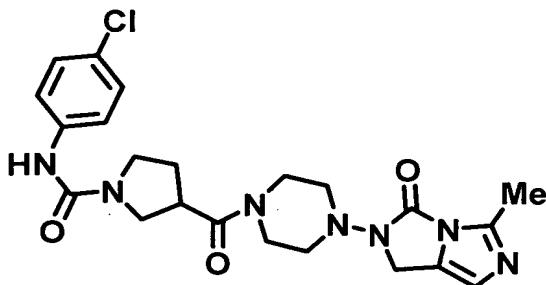
Found (%): C, 57.14; H, 6.46; N, 19.42

[0102]

10 Example 48

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidine carboxamide

[Chemical formula 71]



15

48a) *tert*-Butyl 3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.31 g, 84%) was obtained from Boc-3-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid (EP 307142; 0.19 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.21-3.79 (15H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 6.72 (1H, s).

48b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidine carboxamide

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.24 g, 71%) was obtained from tert-butyl 3-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-1-pyrrolidinecarboxylate (0.30 g) obtained in Example 48a).

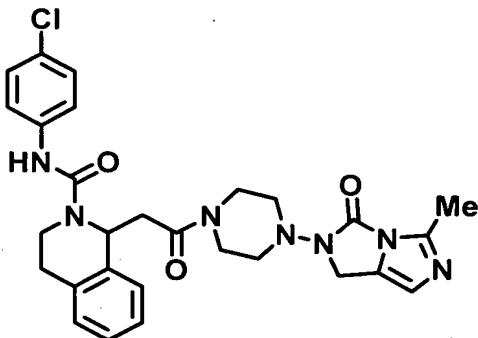
NMR (CDCl₃+CD₃OD) δ: 2.17-2.34 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.22-3.32 (4H, m), 3.45-3.53 (1H, m), 3.63-3.80 (8H, m), 4.45 (2H, s), 6.24 (1H, s), 6.71-6.73 (1H, m), 7.23-7.38 (4H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₆ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O·0.2AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 54.93; H, 5.78; N, 19.67
Found (%): C, 54.84; H, 5.82; N, 19.53

[0103]

Example 49

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinoline carboxamide
[Chemical formula 72]



49a) *tert*-butyl 1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.40 g, 81%) was obtained from (2-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-isoquinolinyl)acetic acid (WO 0351869; 0.29 g).

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.48 (9H, s), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.78-3.56 (10H, m), 3.74-4.00 (4H, m), 4.39-4.44 (2H, m), 5.52-5.58 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.14-7.22 (4H, m).

49b) N-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinoline carboxamide

In the same manner as in Example 33b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.22 g, 50%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 1-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate (0.39 g) obtained in Example 49a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.60 (3H, s), 2.67-4.09 (13H, m), 4.40 (1H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 5.57-5.60 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.10-7.43 (8H, m), 9.67 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₈H₃₀ClN₇O₃·H₂O·0.3AcOEt

5 Calcd. (%): C, 59.19; H, 5.85; N, 16.55

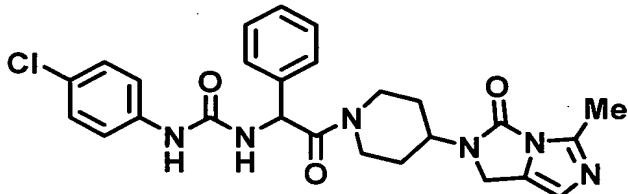
Found (%): C, 59.24; H, 5.73; N, 16.38

[0104]

Example 50

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 73]



50a) tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate

Boc-Phenylglycine (0.25 g) was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml). HOBT (0.23 g), WSC (0.29 g), triethylamine (0.2 ml) and 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.29 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced

pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a green oil (0.43 g, 95%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.41-1.42 (9H, m), 1.67-2.01 (2H, m),
2.55-3.13 (5H, m), 3.77-4.28 (6H, m), 4.82 (1H, d, J=11.7),
5.56-5.62 (1H, m), 5.96-6.11 (1H, m), 6.66-6.73 (1H, m),
10 7.22-7.43 (5H, m).

50b) 2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one
tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate (0.43 g) obtained in Example 50a) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric acid (1.5 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 5 minutes. Ethyl acetate was added thereto, and the reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.10 g, 31%).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.39-2.05 (7H, m), 2.56-3.05 (5H, m),
3.79-4.26 (4H, m), 4.75 (1H, s), 4.84-4.89 (1H, m), 6.65-6.71 (1H, m), 7.25-7.38 (5H, m).

50c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-5 1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.10 g) obtained in Example 50b) was dissolved in DMF (3.0 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.05 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with an aqueous 10 sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to methanol/ethyl acetate = 1/10). The product was crystallized from ethyl acetate-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless 15 powder (0.09 g, 59%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43-1.79 (3H, m), 2.43-2.46 (3H, m), 2.68-3.24 (3H, m), 3.88-4.57 (5H, m), 5.75-5.82 (1H, m), 6.69-6.73 (1H, m), 7.01-7.11 (1H, m), 7.23-7.50 (9H, m), 20 8.96-8.99 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇ClN₆O₃·H₂O

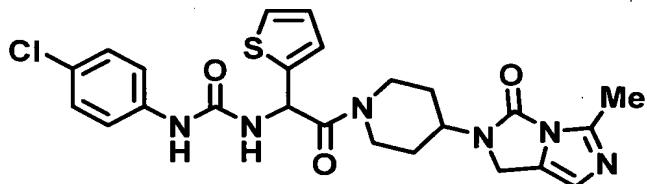
Calcd. (%): C, 59.48; H, 5.57; N, 16.01

Found (%): C, 59.83; H, 5.61; N, 15.71

[0105]

N- (4-chlorophenyl) -N' - (2- (4- (5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 74]



5 51a) ((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino) (2-thienyl)acetic acid

Amino(2-thienyl)acetic acid (1.0 g) was dissolved in THF (6 ml) and water (6 ml). Triethylamine (1.3 ml) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.6 ml) were added thereto, and 10 mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in water and washed with ethyl acetate. Then, the aqueous layer was concentrated to obtain the title compound as a dark brown oil (1.67 g, quantitative).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (9H, s), 5.34 (1H, d, J=6.6), 6.00 (1H, s), 6.88-6.92 (1H, m), 7.07-7.27 (2H, m).

51b) tert-butyl (2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamate

20 In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as pale brown powder (0.32 g, 34%) was obtained

from ((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(2-thienyl)acetic acid (0.52 g) obtained in Example 51a).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43-1.45 (9H, m), 1.50-1.97 (5H, m), 2.58-2.60 (3H, m), 2.68-2.77 (1H, m), 2.91-3.22 (1H, m), 3.92-4.02 (2H, m), 4.21-4.28 (1H, m), 4.80-4.85 (1H, m), 5.86-6.05 (2H, m), 6.67-6.72 (1H, m), 6.95-7.12 (2H, m), 7.26-7.31 (1H, m).

10 51c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)urea

To tert-butyl (2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamate (0.32 g) obtained in Example 51b) was added a 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (2.6 ml), mixed at room temperature for 5 minutes, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (5 ml), triethylamine (0.14 ml) and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.08 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica

gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was crystallized from ethyl acetate-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.11 g, 42%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45-1.91 (5H, m), 2.58-2.60 (3H, m), 2.70-3.28 (2H, m), 4.01-4.25 (4H, m), 4.75-4.82 (1H, m), 6.18-6.22 (1H, m), 6.68-6.73 (2H, m), 6.92-7.60 (7H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₂₅ClN₆O₃S·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 55.22; H, 5.02; N, 16.10

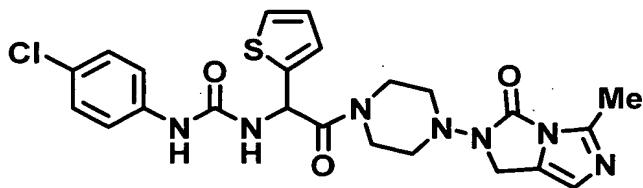
10 Found (%): C, 54.89; H, 4.73; N, 15.72

[0106]

Example 52

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 75]



52a) tert-Butyl (2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamate

20 ((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)(2-thienyl)acetic acid (0.26 g) obtained in Example 51a) was dissolved in

acetonitrile (10 ml). HOBT (0.23 g), WSC (0.29 g), triethylamine (0.14 ml) and 5-methyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.26 g) obtained in Reference Example 2 were added thereto, and mixed at 5 room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the 10 solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (0.24 g, 52%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.76-3.18 (3H, m), 3.53-3.67 (1H, m), 3.78-3.94 (3H, m), 4.36 (2H, s), 5.50-5.62 (1H, m), 5.84-5.99 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, s), 15 6.96-6.99 (1H, m), 7.03-7.06 (1H, m), 7.25-7.30 (2H, m).

52b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title 20 compound as pale brown powder (0.05 g, 20%) was obtained from tert-butyl (2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamate (0.24 g) obtained in Example 52a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.58 (3H, s), 2.89-2.92 (1H, m), 3.07-25 3.20 (3H, m), 3.63-3.72 (3H, m), 3.91-3.98 (1H, m), 4.36

(2H, s), 6.16-6.18 (1H, m), 6.70-6.72 (2H, m), 6.94-6.99 (2H, m), 7.15-7.23 (4H, m), 7.28-7.30 (1H, m), 7.48 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{24}ClN_7O_3S \cdot 0.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 52.82; H, 4.82; N, 18.75

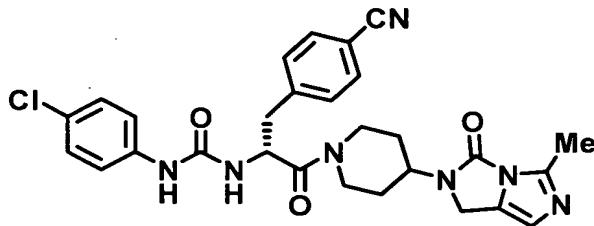
5 Found (%): C, 52.77; H, 4.66; N, 18.49

[0107]

Example 53

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-1-(4-cyanobenzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 76]



53a) *(2R)*-2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid

In the same manner as in Example 51a), the title compound as a green oil (1.5 g, quantitative) was obtained 15 from *(2R)*-2-amino-3-(4-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid (1.0 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.41 (9H, s), 3.07-3.30 (2H, m), 4.35-4.37 (1H, m), 5.44 (1H, d, $J=6.2$), 7.33 (2H, d, $J=8.0$), 7.52 (2H, d, $J=8.0$).

20 53b) *tert*-Butyl *(1R)*-1-(4-cyanobenzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-

oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.47 g, 48%) was obtained from (2R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)propanoic acid (0.58 g) obtained in Example 53a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.41 (9H, s), 1.64-1.88 (5H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.81-3.15 (3H, m), 3.97-4.23 (3H, m), 4.68-4.78 (1H, m), 4.85-4.91 (1H, m), 5.30-5.41 (1H, m), 6.71-6.76 (1H, m), 7.28-7.31 (2H, m), 7.39-7.42 (1H, m), 7.58-7.66 (2H, m).

53c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-(4-cyanobenzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.11 g, 40%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-(4-cyanobenzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.47 g) obtained in Example 53b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59-1.90 (3H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.67-2.88 (2H, m), 3.02-3.19 (3H, m), 4.00-4.24 (4H, m), 4.67-4.77 (1H, m), 5.19-5.30 (1H, m), 6.36-6.47 (1H, m), 6.70-6.77 (1H, m), 7.20-7.21 (4H, m), 7.28-7.43 (2H, m), 7.53-7.67 (3H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₈H₂₈ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 60.59; H, 5.27; N, 17.67

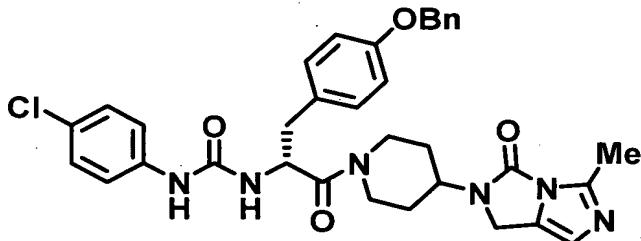
Found (%): C, 60.27; H, 5.17; N, 17.55

[0108]

Example 54

5 N-((1R)-1-(4-(Benzylxy)benzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 77]



10 54a) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-(4-(benzylxy)benzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.57 g, 99%) was obtained from (2R)-3-(4-(benzylxy)phenyl)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)propanoic acid (0.37 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43-1.44 (9H, m), 1.53-1.74 (2H, m), 2.49-2.60 (4H, m), 2.81-3.16 (4H, m), 3.89-4.20 (4H, m), 4.69-5.07 (4H, m), 5.42-5.50 (1H, m), 6.28-6.69 (1H, m), 6.83-7.10 (3H, m), 7.22-7.45 (7H, m).

20 54b) N-((1R)-1-(4-(Benzylxy)benzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-

oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.31 g, 50%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-(4-(benzyloxy)benzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.57 g) obtained in Example 54a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.15-1.28 (1H, m), 1.49-1.85 (3H, m), 2.49-2.70 (4H, m), 2.90-3.17 (3H, m), 3.93-4.24 (5H, m), 4.69-4.72 (1H, m), 5.01-5.15 (3H, m), 6.32 (1H, s), 6.86-7.42 (13H, m), 8.01-8.21 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₃₃H₃₄ClN₇O₄·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 63.30; H, 5.78; N, 13.03

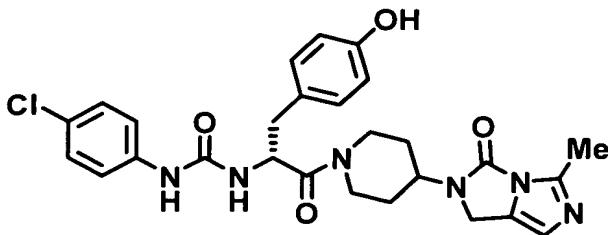
Found (%): C, 63.08; H, 5.63; N, 12.97

15 [0109]

Example 55

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea trifluoroacetate

20 [Chemical formula 78]



N-((1R)-1-(4-(Benzylxy)benzyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea (0.10 g) obtained in Example 54 was dissolved in THF (5 ml). Palladium hydroxide (0.05 g) was added thereto, and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 1 week. Palladium hydroxide was filtered off, and the filtrate was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with preparative high-performance liquid chromatography to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.03 g, 33%).

NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.15-1.23 (1H, m), 1.60-1.91 (2H, m), 2.50 (3H, s), 2.66 (2H, s), 2.72-3.14 (3H, m), 3.92-4.04 (2H, m), 4.22-4.53 (4H, m), 4.84-4.92 (1H, m), 6.51-6.76 (3H, m), 6.95-7.07 (2H, m), 7.23-7.41 (5H, m), 8.83-8.92 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₄·CF₃COOH·2H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 50.70; H, 4.99; N, 12.23

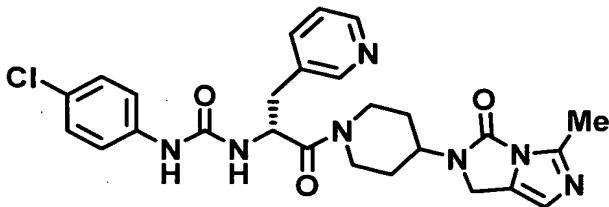
Found (%): C, 50.43; H, 4.89; N, 11.94

20 [0110]

Example 56

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(3-pyridinyl)methylethyl)urea

25 [Chemical formula 79]



56a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(3-pyridinyl)methylethylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.26 g, 72%) was obtained from (2*R*)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(3-pyridinyl)propanoic acid (0.21 g).

10 NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.42-1.43 (9H, m), 1.54-1.87 (4H, m), 2.59-2.60 (3H, m), 2.97-3.10 (3H, m), 4.03-4.23 (4H, m), 4.73-4.88 (2H, m), 5.42-5.47 (1H, m), 6.70-6.72 (1H, m), 7.21-7.34 (1H, m), 7.50-7.52 (1H, m), 7.61-7.67 (1H, m), 8.42-8.54 (2H, m).

56b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(3-pyridinyl)methylethyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.01 g, 2%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(3-pyridinyl)methylethylcarbamate (0.26 g) obtained in Example 56a).

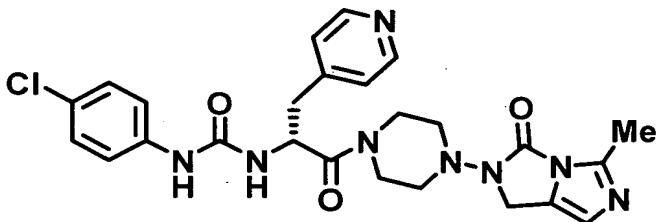
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.64-2.05 (4H, m), 2.06 (3H, s), 2.67-3.14 (4H, m), 4.07-4.24 (4H, m), 4.07-4.77 (1H, m), 5.19-5.22 (1H, m), 6.45-6.57 (1H, m), 6.70-6.74 (1H, m), 7.19-7.32 (5H, m), 7.52-7.68 (2H, m), 8.44-8.56 (2H, m).

5 [0111]

Example 57

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(4-pyridinyl)methylethyl)urea

10 [Chemical formula 80]



57a) *tert*-Butyl ^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(4-pyridinyl)methylethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title
15 compound as colorless powder (0.32 g, 68%) was obtained
from ^(2R)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(4-pyridinyl)propanoic acid (0.27 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (9H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.98-3.72 (7H, m), 3.30-3.72 (3H, m), 2.23 (2H, s), 4.83-4.91 (1H, m),
20 5.40-5.43 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s), 7.12-7.19 (2H, m), 8.53-8.57 (2H, m).

57b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(4-pyridinyl)methylethyl)urea trit trifluoroacetate

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as pale yellow powder (0.13 g, 21%) was obtained from tert-butyl ^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-(4-pyridinyl)methylethylcarbamate (0.32 g) obtained in Example 57a).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.80 (3H, s), 2.99-3.93 (6H, m), 3.61-3.83 (6H, m), 4.58 (2H, s), 5.16 (1H, t, J=6.6), 7.11 (1H, s), 7.18-7.28 (4H, m), 7.86 (2H, d, J=6.2), 8.67 (2H, d, J=6.2).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₇ClN₈O₃·3CF₃COOH

15 Calcd. (%): C, 43.04; H, 3.50; N, 12.95

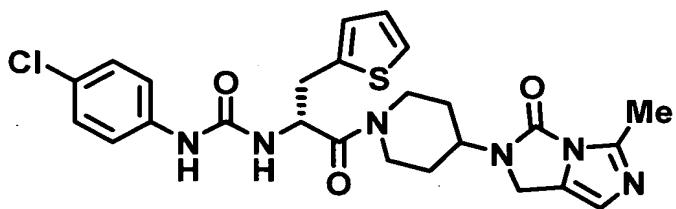
Found (%): C, 43.08; H, 3.81; N, 12.93

[0112]

Example 58

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)methylethyl)urea trifluoroacetate

[Chemical formula 81]



58a) *tert*-Butyl (2*R*)-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-2-(2-thienyl)methylpropanoate

5 In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.43 g, 91%) was obtained from (2*R*)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(2-thienyl)propanoic acid (0.27 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.55-1.83 (4H, m), 2.43-2.75 (5H, m), 3.04-3.43 (3H, m), 4.01-4.23 (3H, m), 4.73-4.95 (2H, m), 5.42-5.53 (1H, m), 6.70-6.73 (1H, m), 6.82-7.00 (2H, m), 7.13-7.22 (1H, m).

15 58b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-(2-thienyl)methylethyl)urea trifluoroacetate

20 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.20 g, 41%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (2*R*)-3-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-2-(2-thienyl)methylpropanoate (0.43 g) obtained in Example 58a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.36-1.92 (3H, m), 2.45-2.73 (4H, m), 3.00-3.55 (4H, m), 4.01 (2H, s), 4.22-4.35 (2H, m), 4.46-

4.50 (1H, m), 4.92-4.97 (1H, m), 6.65-6.69 (2H, m), 6.86-7.03 (2H, m), 7.25-7.51 (5H, m), 8.92-9.16 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{25}H_{27}ClN_6O_3S \cdot CF_3COOH \cdot 1.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 48.54; H, 4.68; N, 12.58

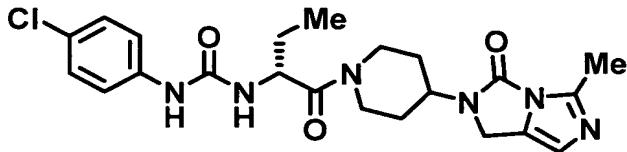
5 Found (%): C, 48.41; H, 4.67; N, 12.18

[0113]

Example 59

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 82]



59a) *tert*-Butyl $(1R)$ -1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

15 In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.41 g, quantitative) was obtained from $(2R)$ -2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)butanoic acid (0.23 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.91-0.99 (3H, m), 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 1.50-2.05 (6H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.65-2.74 (1H, m), 3.14-3.26 (1H, m), 4.07-4.29 (4H, m), 4.54-4.61 (1H, m), 4.77-4.81 (1H, m), 5.41-5.44 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

59b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.24 g, 51%) was obtained from tert-butyl ^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.44 g) obtained in Example 59a).

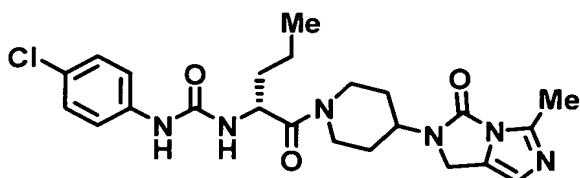
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.01-1.08 (3H, m), 1.64-2.10 (5H, m), 2.66-2.67 (3H, m), 2.71-3.36 (3H, m), 4.09-4.33 (3H, m), 4.79-4.83 (2H, m), 6.59-6.68 (1H, m), 6.82-6.96 (1H, m), 7.12-7.29 (5H, m), 7.81-7.98 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₇ClN₆O₃·H₂O·0.1AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 55.38; H, 6.18; N, 17.30
15 Found (%): C, 55.72; H, 6.10; N, 17.44

[0114]

Example 60

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea trifluoroacetate
20 [Chemical formula 83]



60a) tert-Butyl ^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-

imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-
piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.41 g, 97%) was obtained from 5 (2R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)pentanoic acid (0.22 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.94-0.96 (3H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.62-1.83 (4H, m), 2.61-2.73 (5H, m), 3.19-3.49 (2H, m), 4.09-4.29 (6H, m), 4.61-4.76 (2H, m), 5.36-5.38 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

10 60b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butyl)urea trifluoroacetate

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.20 g, 43%) was obtained 15 from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)butylcarbamate (0.41 g) obtained in Example 60a).

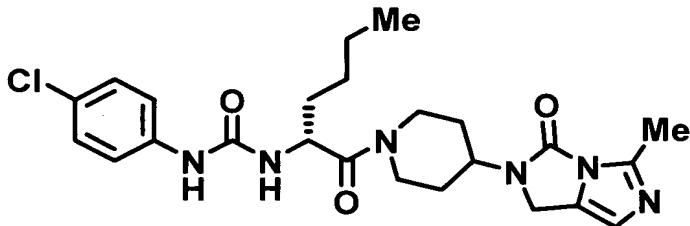
NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 0.89-0.91 (3H, m), 1.32-1.84 (8H, m), 2.67-2.76 (1H, m), 3.18-3.55 (4H, m), 4.04-4.08 (2H, m), 20 4.39-4.54 (3H, m), 4.70-4.78 (1H, m), 6.52 (1H, s), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.25-7.49 (4H, m), 8.86-8.97 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₃·1.5CF₃COOH·H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 47.17; H, 4.95; N, 12.69
Found (%): C, 47.38; H, 4.98; N, 12.59

Example 61

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentyl)urea hydrochloride

5 [Chemical formula 84.]



61a) tert-Butyl ^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as pale yellow powder (0.43 g, 98%) was obtained from ^(2R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)hexanoic acid (0.25 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.88-0.91 (3H, m), 1.30-1.37 (5H, m), 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 1.56-2.05 (5H, m), 2.61-2.74 (4H, m), 3.14-3.26 (1H, m), 4.07-4.28 (4H, m), 4.57-4.64 (1H, m), 4.76-4.81 (1H, m), 5.35-5.38 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, s).

61b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentyl)urea hydrochloride

20 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.30 g, 59%) was obtained

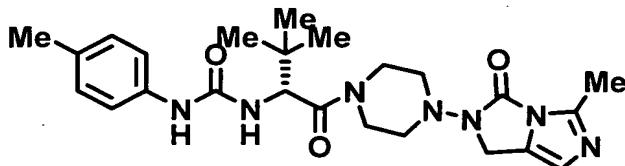
from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentylcarbamate (0.43 g) obtained in Example 61a).

NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 0.84-0.89 (3H, m), 1.26-1.90 (10H, m),
 5 2.74-2.75 (3H, m), 3.21 (1H, t, J=12.4), 4.00-4.09 (2H, m),
 4.48-4.68 (5H, m), 6.60-6.70 (1, m), 7.25 (2H, d, J=8.7),
 7.38-7.42 (2H, m), 7.52 (1H, s), 9.15-9.26 (1H, m).
 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃·HCl·1.5H₂O
 Calcd. (%): C, 52.36; H, 6.32; N, 15.27
 10 Found (%): C, 52.41; H, 6.46; N, 15.15

[0116]

Example 62

N-((1R)-2,2-Dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)urea
 15 [Chemical formula 85]



To tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.44 g) obtained in Example 20a) was added a 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (4.0 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 5 minutes. Then, the solvent was distilled off under

reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml). Triethylamine (0.28 ml) and 4-tolyl isocyanate (0.13 ml) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was crystallized from ethyl acetate-ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.25 g, 52%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04 (9H, s), 2.27 (3H, s), 2.59 (3H, s), 2.96-3.01 (1H, m), 3.08-3.19 (3H, m), 3.56-3.65 (1H, m), 3.73-3.79 (1H, m), 3.93-3.97 (2H, m), 4.26 (1H, d, J=15.9), 4.33 (1H, d, J=15.9), 4.89 (1H, d, J=9.3), 6.17 (1H, d, J=9.3), 6.69 (1H, s), 7.08 (2H, d, J=8.4), 7.13 (2H, d, J=8.4), 7.45 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₃N₇O₃·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 59.36; H, 7.27; N, 20.19

Found (%): C, 59.12; H, 7.15; N, 19.80

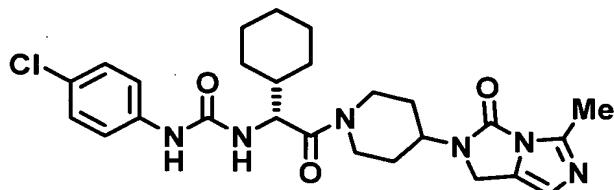
[0117]

Example 63

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-

methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 86]



63a) tert-Butyl ((1R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.46 g, quantitative) was obtained from (2R)-((tert-

10 butoxycarbonyl)amino)(cyclohexyl)acetic acid (0.26 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.34 (4H, m), 1.43-1.44 (9H, m), 1.53-1.82 (8H, m), 2.61-2.73 (3H, m), 3.14-3.49 (2H, m), 4.09-4.29 (4H, m), 4.47-4.50 (1H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m), 5.27-5.30 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s).

15 63b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.15 g, 27%) was obtained 20 from tert-butyl ((1R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-

oxoethyl)carbamate (0.46 g) obtained in Example 63a).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.21 (5H, m), 1.59-1.99 (11H, m), 2.73 (3H, s), 3.23-3.30 (1H, m), 4.01-4.12 (2H, m), 4.50-4.63 (4H, m), 6.56-6.61 (1H, m), 7.23-7.50 (5H, m), 9.08-9.17 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{26}H_{33}ClN_6O_3 \cdot 0.6H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 55.73; H, 6.33; N, 15.00

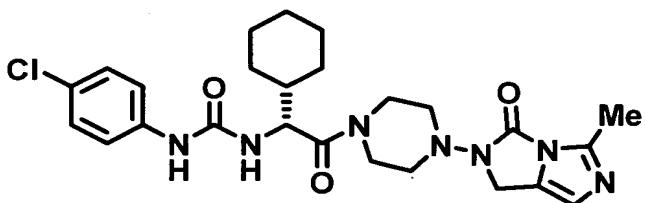
Found (%): C, 55.68; H, 6.52; N, 14.63

[0118]

10 Example 64

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 87]



15 64a) tert-Butyl (1*R*)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-
oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.46 g, quantitative) was obtained from (2R)-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(cyclohexyl)acetic acid (0.28 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.01-1.18 (4H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56-1.83 (6H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.17-3.23 (5H, m), 3.65-3.90 (4H, m), 4.44-4.48 (3H, m), 5.31 (1H, d, J=9.2), 6.72 (1H, s).

5 64b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.36 g, 70%) was obtained 10 from tert-butyl ^(1R)-1-cyclohexyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.46 g) obtained in Example 64a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.05-1.24 (5H, m), 1.79-1.84 (8H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.13-3.31 (3H, m), 3.76-3.89 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.77 (1H, t, J=8.1), 6.61 (1H, d, J=8.9), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.13-7.21 (4H, m), 7.72 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₂ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 57.41; H, 6.36; N, 18.75

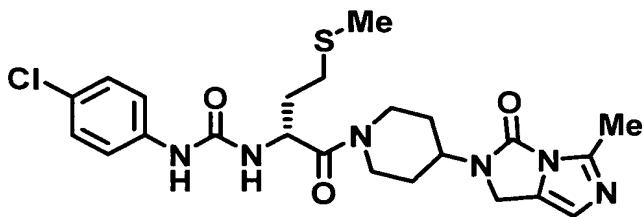
Found (%): C, 57.54; H, 6.72; N, 18.46

20 [0119]

Example 65

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea

25 [Chemical formula 88]



65a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (1.8 g, 99%) was obtained from (2*R*)-2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-(methylthio)butanoic acid (1.0 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 1.60-2.13 (11H, m), 2.53-2.70 (4H, m), 3.15-3.30 (1H, m), 4.09-4.29 (4H, m), 4.75-4.80 (2H, m), 5.38 (1H, d, J=8.7), 6.72 (1H, s).

15 65b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1*R*)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (1.2 g, 62%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propylcarbamate (1.8 g) obtained in Example 65a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59-2.14 (6H, m), 2.18 (3H, s), 2.56-2.68 (5H, m), 2.77 (1H, t, J=12.0), 3.21-3.35 (1H, m),

4.11-4.31 (4H, m), 4.76 (1H, d, $J=13.0$), 5.08-5.19 (1H, m),
 6.63 (1H, t, $J=7.8$), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.13 (2H, d, $J=9.0$),
 7.19 (2H, d, $J=9.0$), 7.79 (1H, d, $J=2.8$).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{29}ClN_6O_3S \cdot 0.2H_2O$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 54.31; H, 5.83; N, 16.52

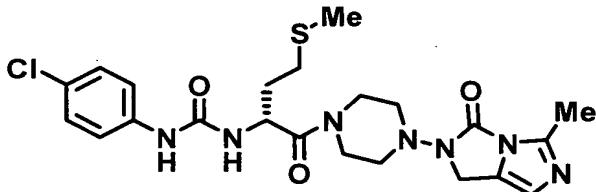
Found (%): C, 54.27; H, 5.97; N, 16.24

[0120]

Example 66

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 89]



15 66a) tert-Butyl $(1R)$ -1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.42 g, 92%) was obtained from $(2R)$ -2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-(methylthio)butanoic acid (0.25 g).

20 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.45 (9H, s), 1.76-2.00 (2H, m), 2.12 (3H, s), 2.51-2.60 (5H, m), 3.17-3.28 (4H, m), 3.74-3.79

(4H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 4.77-4.85 (1H, m), 5.39 (1H, d, J=8.7), 6.72 (1H, t, J=1.4).

66b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.28 g, 60%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propylcarbamate (0.42 g) obtained in Example 66a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.83-2.00 (2H, m), 2.13 (3H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 2.64 (2H, t, J=6.8), 3.15-3.21 (1H, m), 3.25-3.35 (3H, m), 3.72-3.87 (4H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 5.12 (1H, td, J=4.6, 8.4), 6.56 (1H, d, J=8.5), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.12-7.19 (4H, m), 7.58 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₈ClN₇O₃S·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 51.31; H, 5.68; N, 19.04

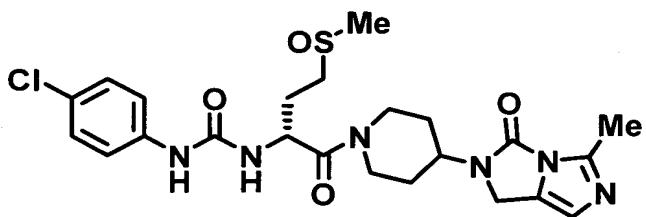
Found (%): C, 51.45; H, 5.65; N, 18.92

20 [0121]

Example 67

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylsulfinyl)propyl)urea

25 [Chemical formula 90]



To a solution of N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea (0.21 g) obtained in Example 65 in dichloromethane (15 ml) was added 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.10 g), and mixed at 0°C for 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane, washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was recrystallized from ethanol-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 54%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.63-1.98 (3H, m), 2.05-2.30 (3H, m), 2.61-2.64 (6H, m), 2.69-2.94 (2H, m), 3.20-3.29 (1H, m), 4.09-4.30 (4H, m), 4.72 (1H, d, J=13.0), 5.06-5.10 (1H, m), 6.47-6.57 (1H, m), 6.71 (1H, s), 7.19-7.33 (5H, m), 7.79-7.93 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₄S·0.25Et₂O·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 52.79; H, 6.00; N, 15.39

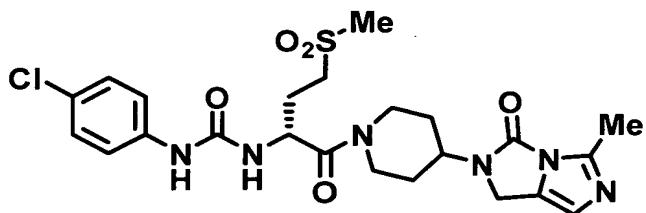
Found (%): C, 52.47; H, 5.97; N, 15.06

[0122]

Example 68

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 91]



To a solution of N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-3-(methylthio)propyl)urea (0.30 g) obtained in Example 65 in dichloromethane (15 ml) was added 3-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.30 g), and mixed at 0°C for 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane, washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was recrystallized from ethanol-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 36%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.66-2.05 (5H, m), 2.25-2.45 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.77-2.85 (1H, m), 2.97 (3H, s), 3.10-3.32 (4H, m), 4.21-4.24 (2H, m), 4.30 (1H, d, J=5.0), 4.74-4.69 (1H, m), 5.12-5.14 (1H, m), 6.44-6.51 (qH, m), 6.70-6.71 (1H, m), 7.18-7.24 (4H, m), 7.61-7.64 (1H, m).

5 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₅S·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 50.59; H, 5.54; N, 15.39

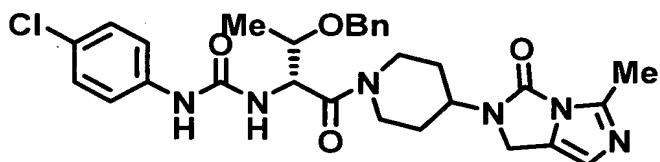
Found (%): C, 50.97; H, 5.57; N, 15.00

[0123]

10 Example 69

N-(2-(Benzylxy)-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 92]



15 69a) tert-Butyl (2-(benzylxy)-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.49 g, 95%) was obtained 20 from (2R)-O-benzyl-N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)threonine (0.31 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44-1.45 (9H, m), 1.63-1.91 (2H, m),

2.54-2.66 (4H, m), 2.71-3.11 (2H, m), 3.66-4.90 (12H, m),
 5.63-5.88 (1H, m), 6.62-6.71 (1H, m), 7.24-7.37 (5H, m),
 7.60-7.87 (1H, m).

69b) N-(2-(benzyloxy)-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.23 g, 43%) was obtained from tert-butyl (2-(benzyloxy)-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate (0.49 g) obtained in Example 69a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.27-1.88 (6H, m), 2.55-2.70 (4H, m),
 2.86-3.16 (3H, m), 3.68-4.26 (4H, m), 4.40-4.77 (3H, m),
 4.97-5.22 (1H, m), 6.51-6.58 (1H, m), 6.88-6.96 (1H, m),
 7.16-7.33 (9H, m), 7.84-8.02 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₉H₃₃ClN₆O₄·1.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.83; H, 14.19; N, 6.13

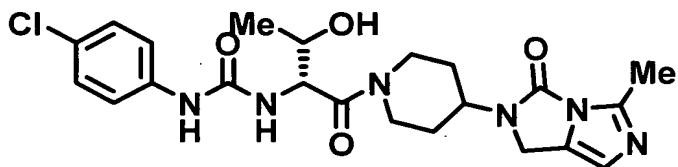
Found (%): C, 58.66; H, 14.03; N, 5.84

20 [0124]

Example 70

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-hydroxy-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

25 [Chemical formula 93]



In the same manner as in Example 55, the title compound as a colorless needle-like crystal (0.01 g, 11%) was obtained from N-(2-(benzyloxy)-1-((1R)-4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea (0.06 g) obtained in Example 69.

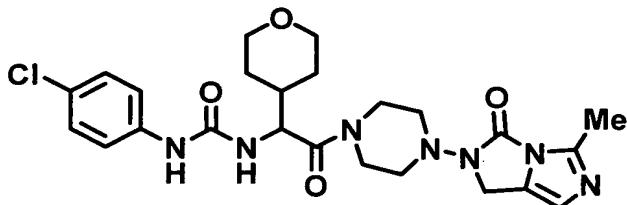
NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.10 (3H, s), 1.61-1.85 (4H, m), 2.63 (3H, s), 2.80-4.09 (7H, m), 4.52-4.87 (4H, m), 6.42-6.52 (1H, m), 7.17-7.43 (4H, m), 8.89-9.08 (1H, m).

10 [0125]

Example 71

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ylethyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 94]



To a solution of ethyl (formylamino)(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetate (M. J. Burk et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 117, 9375-9376 (1995); 0.30 g) in ethanol (7 ml) was added

a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (2.8 ml), and mixed at 80°C for 40 minutes. The reaction mixture was neutralized by adding 1 N hydrochloric acid, and then water was removed by azeotropy with toluene to obtain

5 (formylamino)(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetic acid as a crude product. In the same manner as in Example 50a), 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-ylethylformamide was obtained from this carboxylic acid as a crude product.

10 The product was dissolved in methanol (7 ml) and diethyl ether (14 ml). A 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (3.5 ml) was added and mixed at room temperature for 4 hours, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in

15 acetonitrile (14 ml), triethylamine (0.39 ml) and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.21 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was

20 washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound

25 as colorless powder (0.03 g, 5%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42-2.05 (7H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.24-3.32 (5H, m), 3.66-3.95 (5H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 6.14-6.19 (1H, m), 6.73 (1H, m), 7.23-7.32 (5H, m).
 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₀ClN₇O₄·H₂O

5 Calcd. (%): C, 53.98; H, 6.04; N, 18.36

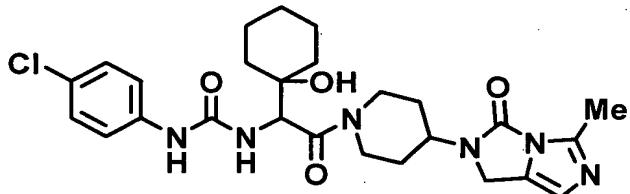
Found (%): C, 54.17; H, 6.25; N, 18.15

[0126]

Example 72

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2-(4-10 (5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 95]



72a) tert-Butyl 1-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2-(4-(5-15 methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a pale yellow oil (1.5 g, 47%) was obtained from ((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)(1-20 hydroxycyclohexyl)acetic acid (US 4638060; 1.8 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.45-2.04 (14H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.68-2.72 (1H, m), 3.24-3.15 (1H, m), 4.22-4.37

(4H, m), 4.53-4.62 (2H, m), 4.76-4.80 (1H, m), 5.47-5.57 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, s).

72b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.01 g, 4%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.24 g) obtained in Example 72a).

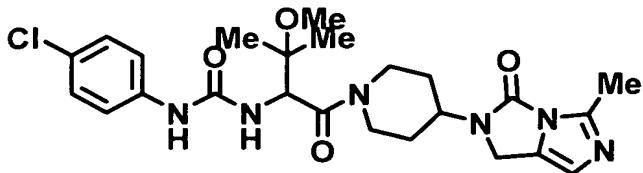
10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46-2.10 (16H, m), 2.60-2.61 (2H, m), 2.73 (1H, t, J=12.0), 3.20-3.28 (1H, m), 4.13-4.29 (2H, m), 4.64 (1H, d, J=14.1), 4.80-4.84 (2H, m), 5.17 (1H, s), 6.53 (1H, s), 6.17-6.68 (1H, m), 7.21 (2H, d, J=8.7), 7.29 (2H, d, J=8.7), 7.86 (1H, s).

15 [0127]

Example 73

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 96]



73a) tert-Butyl 4-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-

dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate

tert-Butyl 4-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (Y. Yonezaw et al., *Synthesis*, 634-636 (2000); 2.6 g) and methyl iodide (1.2 ml) were dissolved in dimethylformamide (20 ml). Sodium hydride (0.59 g) and n-tetrabutyl iodide ammonium (0.72 g) were added thereto at 0°C, and mixed at room temperature for 2.5 days. To the reaction mixture was added water, and extracted with diethyl ether. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (2.5 g, 95%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.67 (21H, m), 3.32 (3H, s), 3.74-4.17 (3H, m).

73b) tert-Butyl 1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methoxy-2-methylpropylcarbamate

tert-Butyl 4-(1-methoxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (2.5 g) obtained in Example 73a) was dissolved in methanol (45 ml), p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (0.18 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 20 minutes. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under

reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (2.1 g, 95%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.23 (3H, s), 1.28 (3H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.21 (3H, s), 3.52-3.55 (1H, m), 3.63-3.70 (1H, m), 5. 3.96 (1H, dd, J= 2.8, 12.1), 5.32 (1H, d, J=9.1).

73c) 2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid

tert-Butyl 1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methoxy-2-methylpropylcarbamate (0.23 g) obtained in Example 73b) was dissolved in acetone (8 ml) and a 5% aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (2.7 ml). Potassium bromide (0.01 g), 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxy (0.17 g) and an aqueous sodium hypochlorite solution (1.7 ml) were added thereto, and mixed at 0°C for 50 minutes. Acetone was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with water, washed with diethyl ether, acidified with 1 N hydrochloric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.20 g, 82%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.22 (3H, s), 1.26 (3H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.33 (3H, s), 4.33 (1H, d, J=12.1), 5.31 (1H, s).

73d) tert-Butyl 2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.20 g) obtained in Example 73c) was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml). HOBr (0.19 g), WSC (0.24 g), triethylamine (0.16 ml) and 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.24 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.36 g, 96%).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.29 (6H, m), 1.43-1.45 (9H, m), 1.56-1.94 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.65-2.71 (1H, m), 3.08-3.13 (1H, m), 3.20-3.24 (3H, m), 4.23 (2H, s), 4.36 (1H, s), 4.69 (1H, d, J=8.9), 4.82 (1H, s), 5.55 (1H, d, J=8.9), 6.70 (1H, s).

20 73e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea
tert-Butyl 2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.36 g) obtained in

Example 73d) was added a 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (2.6 ml), mixed at room temperature for 5 minutes, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (5 ml), triethylamine (0.14 ml) and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.08 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was crystallized from ethyl acetate-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.28 g, 71%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.23 (3H, s), 1.32-1.34 (3H, m), 1.52-1.93 (4H, m), 2.60-2.62 (3H, m), 2.65-2.76 (1H, m), 3.16-3.18 (1H, m), 3.22-3.27 (3H, m), 4.11-4.23 (2H, m), 4.30-4.80 (3H, m), 4.91-5.27 (1H, m), 6.41-6.48 (1H, m), 6.70-6.73 (1H, m), 7.18-7.30 (4H, m), 7.79-7.88 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₄·0.25AcOEt·0.5H₂O

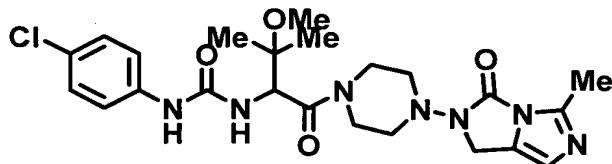
Calcd. (%): C, 56.32; H, 6.42; N, 15.74

Found (%): C, 56.20; H, 6.38; N, 15.90

Example 74

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

5 [Chemical formula 97]



74a) tert-Butyl 2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title
10 compound as a pale yellow oil (0.77 g, quantitative) was
obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.42 g) obtained in Example 73d).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.14-1.28 (6H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.08-3.29 (7H, m), 3.55-3.74 (2H, m), 3.86-4.03 (2H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.66 (1H, d, J=8.8), 5.55 (1H, d, J=8.8), 6.70 (1H, t, J=1.7).

74b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.51 g, 59%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-methoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-

1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.77 g) obtained in Example 74a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.22 (3H, s), 1.33 (3H, s), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.10-3.19 (3H, m), 3.26 (3H, s), 3.25 (1H, t, J=7.4), 3.56-3.65 (1H, m), 3.68-3.81 (1H, m), 3.95-3.99 (2H, m), 4.41 (2H, s), 5.06 (1H, d, J=8.9), 6.51 (1H, d, J=8.9), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.20 (2H, d, J=9.2), 7.26 (2H, d, J=9.2), 7.90 (1H, s).

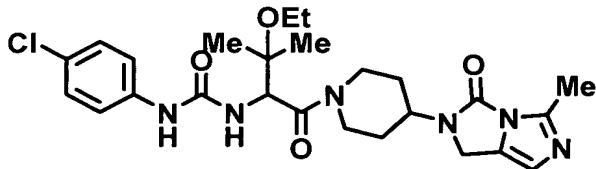
Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₄·0.5H₂O
 Calcd. (%): C, 53.85; H, 6.09; N, 19.11
 Found (%): C, 53.80; H, 6.04; N, 18.80

[0128]

Example 75

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 98]



75a) tert-Butyl 4-(1-ethoxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 73a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.26 g, 30%) was obtained from

tert-butyl 4-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (0.78 g) and ethyl iodide (0.48 ml).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.10-1.20 (9H, m), 1.46-1.68 (15H, m), 3.36-3.46 (2H, m), 3.84-4.20 (3H, m).

75b) tert-Butyl 2-ethoxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methylpropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 73b), the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.21 g, 93%) was obtained 10 from tert-butyl 4-(1-ethoxy-1-methylethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (0.26 g) obtained in Example 75a).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.16 (3H, t, J=6.4), 1.24 (3H, s), 1.30 (3H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 3.40-3.54 (3H, m), 3.61-3.69 (1H, m), 3.98-4.03 (1H, m), 5.38 (1H, d, J=8.9).

75c) 2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid

In the same manner as in Example 73c), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.17 g, 78%) was obtained from 20 tert-butyl 2-ethoxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methylpropylcarbamate (0.21 g) obtained in Example 75b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.21 (3H, s), 1.23 (3H, t, J=7.2), 1.33 (3H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.52-3.62 (2H, m), 4.36 (1H, d, J=7.2), 5.33 (1H, d, J=6.8).

25 75d) tert-Butyl 2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-

oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.31 g, quantitative) was obtained from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.17 g) obtained in Example 75c).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.09-1.28 (9H, m), 1.43-1.45 (9H, m), 1.58-1.91 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.63-2.72 (1H, m), 3.05-3.14 (1H, m), 3.34-3.51 (3H, m), 4.26 (2H, s), 4.34-4.44 (1H, m), 4.71 (1H, d, J=8.8), 4.80-4.85 (1H, m), 5.53 (1H, d, J=8.8), 6.71 (1H, s).

75e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.21 g, 60%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.31 g) obtained in Example 75d).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.11-1.28 (6H, m), 1.32-1.33 (3H, m), 1.49-1.91 (4H, m), 2.61-2.62 (3H, m), 2.69-2.77 (1H, m), 3.10-3.24 (1H, m), 3.35-3.58 (2H, m), 4.14-4.27 (3H, m), 4.50 (1H, t, J=11.7), 4.80 (1H, d, J=14.6), 5.09 (1H, d, J=8.8), 6.39-6.46 (1H, m), 6.71-6.74 (1H, m), 7.20 (2H, d,

$J=9.2$), 7.26 (2H, d, $J=9.2$), 7.83 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{25}H_{33}ClN_6O_4 \cdot 0.25AcOEt \cdot 0.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 56.98; H, 6.62; N, 15.23

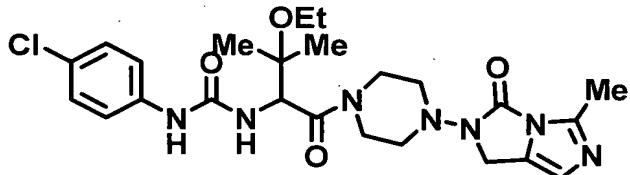
Found (%): C, 57.17; H, 6.57; N, 15.51

5 [0130]

Example 76

N -(4-Chlorophenyl)- N' -(2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

10 [Chemical formula 99]



76a) tert-Butyl 2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title
15 compound as a pale yellow oil (0.36 g, 94%) was obtained
from 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-ethoxy-3-methylbutanoic acid (0.21 g) obtained in Example 75c).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.13-1.28 (9H, m), 1.44 (9H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.15-3.23 (4H, m), 3.42-3.48 (2H, m), 3.70-3.88 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.68 (1H, d, $J=8.6$), 5.53 (1H, d, $J=8.6$), 6.72 (1H, s).

76b) N -(4-Chlorophenyl)- N' -(2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-

(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.19 g, 48%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-ethoxy-2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.36 g) obtained in Example 76a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.10 (3H, t, J=7.4), 1.14 (3H, s), 1.18 (3H, s), 2.44 (3H, s), 3.04-3.33 (4H, m), 3.40-3.72 (4H, m), 4.51 (2H, s), 4.85 (1H, d, J=8.6), 6.63 (1H, d, J=8.6), 6.68 (1H, s), 7.26 (2H, d, J=9.2), 7.40 (2H, d, J=9), 8.94 (1H, s).

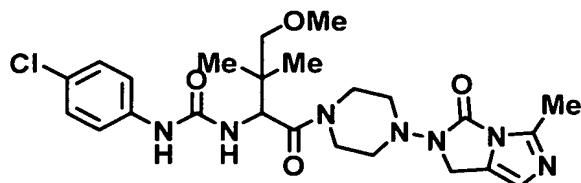
Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₄
 15 Calcd. (%): C, 55.65; H, 6.23; N, 18.93
 Found (%): C, 55.39; H, 6.35; N, 18.70

[0131]

Example 77

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 100]



77a) 2-Amino-4-methoxy-3,3-dimethylbutanenitrile

Ammonium chloride (2.9 g) and potassium cyanide (3.3 g) were dissolved in water (20 ml), a solution of 3-methoxy-2,2-dimethylpropanal (F. Effenberger et al., 5 Tetrahedron: Asymmetry, 6, 271-282 (1995); 5.7 g) in aqueous ammonia (5 ml) was added dropwise at 0°C, and mixed at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with diluted hydrochloric acid. The aqueous 10 solution was washed with diethyl ether, alkalified with a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale 15 yellow oil (0.57 g, 8%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03 (3H, s), 1.16 (3H, s), 3.28 (1H, d, J=9.2), 3.40 (3H, s), 3.64 (1H, d, J=9.2), 4.12 (1H, d, J=8.4), 4.23 (1H, d, J=8.4).

77b) 2-Amino-4-methoxy-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid

20 2-Amino-4-methoxy-3,3-dimethylbutanenitrile (0.57 g) obtained in Example 77a) was dissolved in 6 N hydrochloric acid (2.8 ml), and mixed at 100°C for 15 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, and water was removed by azeotropy with toluene. The residue was 25 solidified by adding diethyl ether, and the precipitated

solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.65 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.18 (6H, s), 3.37 (1H, d, J=4.3), 3.40 (3H, s), 3.42 (1H, d, J=4.3), 4.55 (1H, s).

5 77c) 2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methoxy-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid

2-Amino-4-methoxy-3,3-dimethylbutanoic acid (0.65 g) obtained in Example 77b) was dissolved in THF (6 ml) and water (6 ml). Triethylamine (0.8 ml) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.0 ml) were added thereto, and mixed at room 10 temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was 15 distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (1.0 g, 97%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04 (3H, s), 1.09 (3H, s), 1.53 (9H, s), 3.16 (1H, d, J=10.1), 3.37 (3H, s), 4.49 (1H, d, J=10.1), 5.52 (1H, d, J=9.6), 5.68 (1H, d, J=9.6).

20 77d) tert-Butyl 3-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 52a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.19 g, 41%) was obtained from 25 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methoxy-3,3-

dimethylbutanoic acid (0.26 g) obtained in Example 77c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.94-1.13 (6H, m), 1.21-1.30 (2H, m), 1.44-1.47 (12H, m), 1.56-1.86 (3H, m), 2.61-2.70 (1H, m), 3.99-4.28 (3H, m), 4.48-4.52 (1H, m), 5.69-5.72 (1H, m), 6.70-6.71 (1H, m).

77e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.03 g, 9%) was obtained from tert-butyl 3-methoxy-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.30 g) obtained in Example 77d).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97-1.06 (6H, m), 1.44 (2H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.01-3.25 (4H, m), 3.32-3.37 (4H, m), 3.63-3.96 (3H, m), 4.40 (2H, s), 5.05 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.62 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.19-7.31 (4H, m), 7.75 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₄·0.5AcOEt·3H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 50.69; H, 6.87; N, 15.91
Found (%): C, 50.41; H, 6.46; N, 15.64

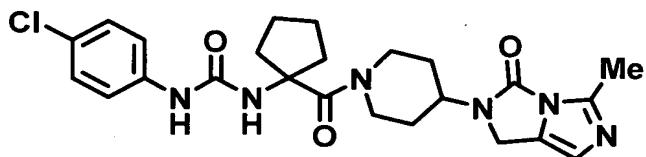
[0132]

Example 78

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

piperidinyl)carbonyl)cyclopentyl)urea

[Chemical formula 101]



78a) *tert*-Butyl 1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

5 piperidinyl)carbonyl)cyclopentylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.43 g, 99%) was obtained from 1-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)cyclopentane carboxylic acid (0.23 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, m), 1.60-1.91 (10H, m), 2.05-2.44 (6H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 4.22 (2H, s), 4.46-4.78 (2H, m), 6.70 (1H, s).

78b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

15 piperidinyl)carbonyl)cyclopentyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.10 g, 21%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

20 piperidinyl)carbonyl)cyclopentylcarbamate (0.43 g) obtained in Example 78a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44-1.87 (10H, m), 2.41-2.51 (6H, m),

2.62-3.01 (2H, m), 3.75-4.02 (3H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 6.52 (1H, s), 7.25-7.46 (4H, m), 9.06 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{24}H_{29}ClN_6O_3 \cdot H_2O \cdot 0.35CHCl_3$

Calcd. (%): C, 53.68; H, 5.80; N, 15.43

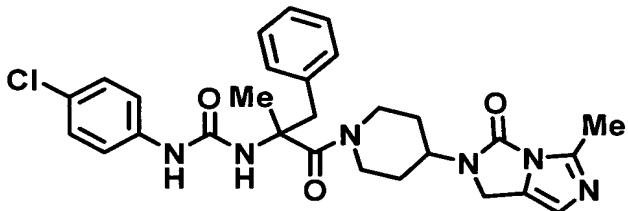
5 Found (%): C, 53.36; H, 5.43; N, 15.67

[0133]

Example 79

N-(1-Benzyl-1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 102]



79a) *tert*-Butyl 1-benzyl-1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 50a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.34 g, 84%) was obtained from 2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-methyl-3-phenylpropanoic acid (0.24 g).

20 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.34-1.38 (2H, m), 1.49 (9H, s), 1.60-1.93 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.14-3.40 (4H, m), 4.23-4.26 (3H, m), 4.58-4.86 (3H, m), 6.70 (1H, s), 7.11-7.18 (2H, m),

7.33-7.35 (3H, m).

79b) N-(1-Benzyl-1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 51c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.03 g, 7%) was obtained from tert-butyl 1-benzyl-1-methyl-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.41 g) obtained in Example 79a).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (3H, s), 1.46-1.71 (3H, m), 2.17 (2H, s), 2.53 (3H, s), 3.13-3.43 (3H, m), 3.81-3.87 (2H, m), 4.03-4.16 (1H, m), 4.65-4.79 (2H, m), 5.71 (1H, s), 6.61 (1H, s), 7.05-7.07 (2H, m), 7.14-7.29 (7H, m), 7.43-7.49 (1H, m).

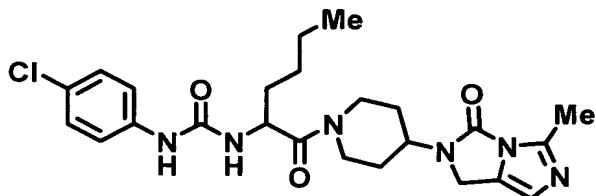
15 Elemental analysis for C₂₈H₃₁ClN₆O₃·0.25AcOEt·0.5H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 61.53; H, 6.05; N, 14.85
Found (%): C, 61.78; H, 5.96; N, 14.93

[0134]

Example 80

20 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentyl)urea

[Chemical formula 103]



80a) 2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)hexanoic acid

To a solution of 2-aminohexanoic acid (2.5 g) and triethylamine (2.9 g) in THF-H₂O (50 ml/50 ml) was added dropwise di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (4.6 g) under ice-cooling. After 10 minutes, the reaction mixture was returned to room temperature, and mixed for 15 hours. THF was distilled off under reduced pressure and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (4.5 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.86-0.89 (3H, m), 1.23-1.52 (6H, m), 1.43 (9H, s), 3.15 (1H, m).

15 80b) tert-Butyl 1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentylcarbamate
 To a solution of 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)hexanoic acid (0.46 g) obtained in Example 80a), HOBt (0.46 g) and WSC (0.58 g) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was added a solution of 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

dihydrochloride (0.6 g), DBU (0.6 ml) and triethylamine (0.61 ml) in acetonitrile (20 ml), and mixed for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in dichloromethane. The 5 dichloromethane solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic 10 silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.7 g, 75%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.90 (3H, t, J=7.5), 1.33-1.95 (10H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.64-2.74 (1H, m), 3.15-3.26 (1H, m), 4.01-4.28 (2H, m), 4.26 (2H, s), 4.59-4.64 (1H, m), 4.74-4.80 (1H, m), 5.34 (1H, d, J=10.1), 6.72 (1H, s).

15 80c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentyl)urea

To tert-Butyl 1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)pentylcarbamate 20 (0.65 g) obtained in Example 80b) was added concentrated hydrochloric acid (5 ml), and mixed for 15 minutes. To the reaction solution was added ethanol, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue and DBU (0.69 g) were dissolved in acetonitrile (15 ml), and a solution of 4- 25 chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.25 g) in acetonitrile (15 ml)

was added dropwise thereto. After reacting for 15 hours, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1). The product was 5 recrystallized from ethyl acetate-diisopropyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 51%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89 (3H, t, J=6.0), 1.28-1.42 (4H, m), 1.60-2.01 (6H, m), 2.62 (3H, s), 2.70-2.83 (1H, m), 3.21-3.35 (1H, m), 4.17-4.30 (2H, s), 4.75-4.82 (1H, m), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.43-6.53 (1H, m), 6.73 (1H, s), 7.15 (2H, d, J=9.0), 7.22 (2H, d, J=9.0), 7.73-7.81 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃·0.25H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.65; H, 6.46; N, 17.10

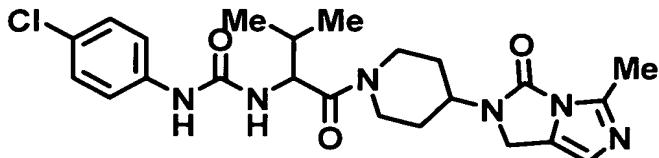
Found (%): C, 58.69; H, 6.45; N, 17.09

15 [0135]

Example 81

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 104]



81a) tert-Butyl 2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 80b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.30 g, 72%) was obtained from Boc-valine (0.29 g).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.91 (3H, t, J=6.6), 0.98 (3H, t, J=6.6), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.60-1.82 (1H, m), 1.88-2.00 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.62-2.70 (1H, m), 3.17-3.40 (1H, m), 4.06-4.20 (6H, m), 4.43-4.56 (1H, m), 4.70-4.84 (1H, m), 5.38 (1H, d, J=9.6), 6.71 (1H, s).

10 81b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 80c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.19 g, 58%) was obtained 15 from tert-butyl 2-methyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.3 g) obtained in Example 81a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.94-1.05 (6H, m), 1.80-2.04 (5H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.72-2.80 (1H, m), 3.19-3.31 (1H, m), 4.20-4.36 (4H, m), 4.74-4.85 (2H, m), 6.34 (1H, d, J=6.0), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.18-7.27 (4H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J=6.0).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.25H₂O·0.25AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 57.71; H, 6.36; N, 16.82

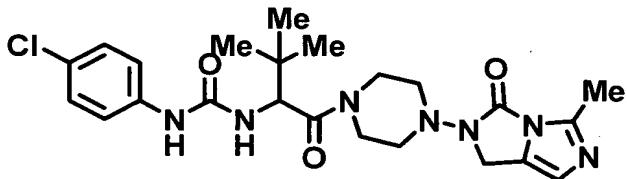
25 Found (%): C, 57.72; H, 6.40; N, 16.76

[0136]

Example 82

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 105]



82a) tert-Butyl 2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 85%) was obtained from Boc-tert-leucine (0.23 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.00 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.15-3.27 (4H, m), 3.65-3.90 (4H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.51 (1H, d, J=9.9), 5.33 (1H, d, J=9.9), 6.72 (1H, s).

82b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 80c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 52%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.32 g) obtained in Example 82a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03 (9H, s), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.10-3.30 (4H, m), 3.75-3.95 (4H, m), 4.42 (2H, s), 4.86 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.05 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.72 (1H, s), 7.24 (2H, d, J=9.0), 7.27 (2H, d, J=9.0).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₇O₃·0.5AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 56.44; H, 6.44; N, 18.43

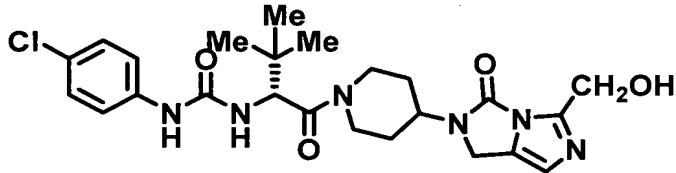
Found (%): C, 56.40; H, 6.48; N, 18.22

10 [0137]

Example 83

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5-(hydroxymethyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 106]



83a) 1-Benzyl-N-((1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-4-piperidinamine

To a solution of 1-benzyl-4-piperidinamine (3.4 g), imidazole-4-carbaldehyde (1.4 g) and acetic acid (1.7 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (100 ml) was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (4.7 g), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. A 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide

solution was added to the reaction solution and pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to about 12, and then extracted with chloroform (100 ml). The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a yellow oil (3.4 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.36-1.53 (2H, m), 1.75-2.08 (6H, m), 2.50-2.65 (1H, m), 2.66-2.86 (2H, m), 3.49 (2H, s), 4.31 (1H, brs), 6.86 (1H, s), 7.23-7.31 (5H, m), 7.51 (1H, s).

10 83b) tert-Butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

To a solution of 1-benzyl-N-((1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-4-piperidinamine (3.4 g, 12mmol) obtained in Example 83a) in ethanol (50 ml) was added di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (6.3 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 5 hours. Hydrazine hydrate (10 ml) was added, and mixed at room temperature for 18 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 10 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (2.3 g, 42%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42-1.61 (12H, m), 1.66-1.84 (2H, m), 1.93-2.04 (2H, m), 2.92 (2H, d, J=7.6), 3.47 (2H, s), 3.70 (1H, brs), 4.29 (2H, s), 6.86 (1H, s), 7.24-7.33 (5H, m), 7.49 (1H, s).

5 83c) tert-Butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

To a solution of tert-butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (1.3 g) obtained in Example 83b) in DMF (30 ml) was added sodium hydride (0.22 g) under ice-cooling, and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. Subsequently, 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (1.3 ml) was added under ice-cooling, and then mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction solution was diluted with ethyl acetate and water, and the organic layer was collected by separation. The organic layer was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate : hexane = 1 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (4.9 g, 24%).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.05 (9H, s), 0.91 (2H, t, J=8.1), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.62-1.66 (2H, m), 1.84-1.90 (3H, m), 2.03-2.09 (2H, m), 2.91-2.95 (2H, m), 3.41-3.54 (4H, m), 4.35 (2H, s),

5.22 (2H, s), 6.90 (1H, brs), 7.24-7.43 (5H, m), 7.48 (1H, s).

83d) *tert*-Butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((2-formyl-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

A solution of *n*-butyllithium in hexane (1.5 M, 5.7 ml) was added dropwise a solution of *tert*-butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (3.9 g) obtained in Example 83c) in THF (50 ml) at -40°C under argon atmosphere. The reaction solution was mixed at -40°C for 15 minutes, and then DMF (72 ml) was mixed, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. To the reaction solution was added a saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 10 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (2.5 g, 61%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: -0.04 (9H, s), 0.90 (2H, t, J=8.2), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.63-1.77 (5H, m), 1.99-2.05 (2H, m), 2.91 (2H, d, J=11.1), 3.47 (2H, s), 3.53 (2H, t, J=8.2), 4.37 (2H, s), 5.71 (2H, s), 7.20-7.35 (5H, m), 9.74 (1H, s).

83e) *tert*-Butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((2-

(hydroxymethyl)-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

To a solution of tert-butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((2-formyl-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (1.3 g) obtained in Example 83d) in ethanol (10 ml) was added sodium borohydride (95 mg) at 0°C, and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. Water (1 ml) was added thereto, the solvent was then distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (1.3 g, 98%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: -0.05 (9H, s), 0.88 (2H, t, J=8.4), 1.43 (9H, s), 1.57-1.60 (2H, m), 1.75-1.76 (1H, m), 1.98-1.99 (2H, m), 2.87 (2H, d, J=12.0), 3.44-3.49 (4H, m), 4.28 (2H, s), 4.66 (2H, s), 5.26 (2H, s), 6.75 (1H, brs), 7.19-7.29 (5H, m).

83f) (4-(((1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)amino)methyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methanol
tert-Butyl (1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)((2-(hydroxymethyl)-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (0.48 g) obtained in Example

83e) was dissolved in a mixed solution (TFA : water = 1 : 1, 2 ml), and mixed at 80°C for 3 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was neutralized with a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and extracted with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a yellow oil (0.28 g, quantitative).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48-1.55 (2H, m), 1.63-1.75 (2H, m), 1.87-2.02 (2H, m), 2.64-2.65 (1H, m), 2.84-2.88 (2H, m), 3.47 (2H, s), 3.74 (2H, s), 4.46 (2H, s), 5.42 (1H, brs), 6.76 (1H, s), 7.19-7.34 (5H, m).

15 83g) 1-Benzyl-N-((2-(((tert-butyl)dimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-4-piperidinamine

20 To a solution of (4-(((1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)amino)methyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methanol (0.28 g) obtained in Example 83f) and triethylamine (0.26 ml) in dichloromethane (5 ml) was added tert-butyl dimethylchlorosilane (0.17 g), and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction solution was diluted with chloroform and water. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off

under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 10 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.20 g, 52%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.10 (6H, s), 0.92 (9H, s), 1.41-1.44 (2H, m), 1.84-1.88 (2H, m), 1.97-2.04 (2H, m), 2.50-2.51 (1H, m), 2.82-2.86 (2H, m), 3.49 (2H, s), 3.75 (2H, s), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.81 (1H, s), 7.18-7.36 (5H, m).

10 83h) 2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

To a solution of 1-benzyl-N-((2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)-4-piperidinamine (0.20 g) obtained in Example 83 g) and DBU (0.14 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (3 ml) was added N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (94 mg), and mixed at 60°C for 30 minutes. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction solution was diluted with chloroform and water. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow oil (0.18 g, 85%).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.13 (6H, s), 0.91 (9H, s), 1.72-1.83

(4H, m), 2.08-2.17 (2H, m), 2.99 (2H, d, $J=11.4$), 3.52 (2H, s), 3.95-4.02 (1H, m), 4.30-4.31 (2H, m), 4.92 (2H, s), 6.79-6.80 (1H, m), 7.24-7.37 (5H, m).

83i) 5-(((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-2-(4-

5 piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-5-(((tert-

butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.18 g) obtained in Example 83h) and 10% palladium carbon (36 mg) were suspended in methanol (3 ml), and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 18 hours. The reaction solution was filtered using Celite, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.16 g, quantitative).

15 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.14 (6H, s), 0.92 (9H, s), 1.61-1.74 (2H, m), 1.85-1.88 (2H, m), 2.71-2.79 (2H, m), 3.20 (2H, d, $J=11.7$), 4.02-4.10 (1H, m), 4.32-4.33 (2H, m), 4.93 (2H, s), 6.80-6.81 (1H, m).

83j) Benzyl (1R)-1-((4-(5-(((tert-

20 butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate

Z-D-tert-Leucine (P. S. Dragovich et al., J. Med. Chem., 42, 1203 (1999); 0.25 g) was suspended in acetonitrile (10 ml). HOEt (0.17 g) and WSC (0.21 mg)

were sequentially added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 20 minutes. To the reaction solution was added a solution of 5-(((tert-butylidemethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-2-(4-piperidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.30 g) obtained in Example 83i) and triethylamine (0.18 ml) in acetonitrile (5 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. Acetonitrile was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then to the residue was added ethyl acetate and water. The 10 organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate : hexane = 1 : 1 to ethyl acetate) to obtain 15 the title compound as a colorless oil (0.44 g, 86%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.14 (6H, s), 0.92 (9H, s), 0.99 (9H, s), 1.59-1.71 (2H, m), 1.82-1.89 (2H, m), 2.62-2.65 (1H, m), 3.17-3.21 (1H, m), 4.16-4.31 (3H, m), 4.57-4.60 (1H, m), 4.78-4.87 (1H, m), 4.92 (2H, s), 5.08-5.11 (2H, m), 5.55-20 5.56 (1H, m), 6.81 (1H, s), 7.35-7.37 (5H, m).

83k) 2-(1-((2R)-2-Amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-(((tert-butylidemethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one
Benzyl (1R)-1-((4-(5-(((tert-butylidemethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-

c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate (0.44 g) obtained in Example 83j) and 10% palladium carbon (44 mg) were suspended in methanol (10 ml), and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room 5 temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution was filtered using Celite, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.33 g, 96%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.14 (6H, s), 0.92 (9H, s), 0.97 (9H, s), 1.64-1.74 (2H, m), 1.93-1.94 (2H, m), 2.60-2.69 (1H, m), 3.10-3.19 (1H, m), 3.57 (1H, d, J=13.5), 4.17-4.31 (4H, m), 4.90-4.92 (3H, m), 6.81 (1H, d, J=4.5).

831) N-((1R)-1-((4-(5-((tert-
15 Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-
c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

20 To a solution of 2-(1-((2R)-2-amino-3,3-dimethylbutanoyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.33 g) obtained in Example 83k) in acetonitrile was added 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.11 g), and then mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. Acetonitrile was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid 25

(0.38 g, 85%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.91 (9H, s), 1.03-1.07 (9H, m), 1.44-2.05 (4H, m), 2.62-2.74 (1H, m), 3.16-3.26 (1H, m), 4.03-4.26 (2H, m), 4.32-4.40 (2H, m), 4.80-4.93 (4H, m), 6.09-6.15 (1H, m), 6.80-6.83 (1H, m), 7.20-7.28 (4H, m), 7.37-7.41 (1H, m).

83m) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5-(hydroxymethyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

N-((1R)-1-((4-(5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea (0.31 g) obtained in Example 83l) was dissolved in a solution (acetic acid : water : THF = 4 : 1 : 1, 6 ml), and mixed at 60°C for 4 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then to the residue were added ethyl acetate and a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate : ethanol = 10 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.21 g, 85%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03-1.06 (9H, s), 1.56-2.12 (4H, m), 2.64-2.76 (1H, m), 3.16-3.26 (1H, m), 4.14-4.23 (2H, m), 4.35-4.40 (2H, m), 4.82-4.87 (4H, m), 5.95-6.07 (1H, m), 6.78-6.79 (1H, m), 7.18-7.34 (5H, m).

5 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₄·0.5H₂O·0.2Et₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 56.54; H, 6.50; N, 15.95

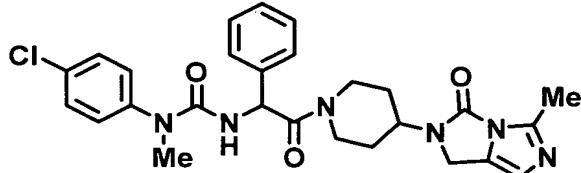
Found (%): C, 56.31; H, 6.58; N, 15.69

[0138]

Example 84

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 107]



A solution of N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (0.36 g) and 4-chloro-N-methylaniline (0.28 g) in THF (10 ml) was heated under reflux for 24 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed twice with water and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml), methyl

iodide (0.50 ml) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours and at 40°C for 5 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (5 ml). Then, a 5 solution of 2-(1-(2-amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.71 g) obtained in Example 50b) and DBU (0.61 g) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added thereto, and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 48 hours. The reaction 10 mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and 15 the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1 and ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) and solidified with diisopropyl ether to obtain the title compound (52 mg, 5%) as pale yellow powder.

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.26-1.38 (2H, m), 1.78-1.91 (2H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.67-3.12 (2H, m), 3.23-3.25 (3H, m), 3.79-4.27 (4H, m), 4.72-4.76 (1H, m), 5.74-6.01 (1H, m), 6.65-6.72 (2H, m), 7.20-7.40 (9H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₃·1.3H₂O

25 Calcd. (%): C, 59.56; H, 5.85; N, 15.44

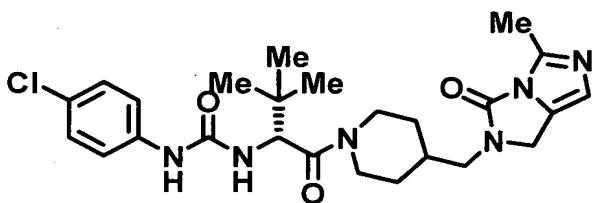
Found (%): C, 59.76; H, 5.92; N, 15.38

[0139]

Example 85

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 108]



85a) *tert*-Butyl 4-((5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of *tert*-butyl 4-(aminomethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (K. Ito et al., Eur. J. Med. Chem., 34, 977 (1999); 3.7 g), 2-methylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (1.9 g) and acetic acid (1 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (100 ml) was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (5.6 g), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to about 12 by adding a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution to the reaction solution, and then extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The resulting yellow oil was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 ml), DBU (2.6 ml)

and N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (2.8 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and chloroform and the organic layer was collected by separation, and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a yellow oil (3.5 g, 59%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.16-1.30 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.69 (2H, d, J=12.6), 1.83-1.91 (1H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.70 (2H, t, J=11.9), 3.34 (2H, d, J=7.2), 4.08-4.15 (2H, m), 4.35 (2H, s), 6.69 (1H, s).

15 85b) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

To tert-Butyl 4-((5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.5 g) obtained in Example 85a) was added concentrated hydrochloric acid (10 ml), and mixed for 10 minutes. To the reaction mixture was added ethanol, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. To the residue was further added ethanol, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. To the residue was added isopropyl alcohol, and the precipitate was collected by filtration.

The precipitate was washed sequentially with isopropyl alcohol and diethyl ether and dried under reduced pressure to obtain 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinyl)methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride as a colorless 5 solid (2.5 g, 78%).

To a solution of Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.69 g), HOBT (0.69 g) and WSC (0.86 g) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was added a solution of 5-methyl-2-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride 10 (0.91 g) as described above, DBU (0.6 ml) and triethylamine (0.61 ml) in acetonitrile (20 ml), and mixed for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in dichloromethane. The dichloromethane solution was washed with an aqueous sodium 15 hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (1.2 g, 66%).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96 (9H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 1.60-2.00 (4H, m), 2.50-2.70 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.00-3.10 (1H, m), 3.29-3.44 (3H, m), 4.11-4.18 (1H, m), 4.35 (2H, s), 4.50-4.72 (2H, m), 5.35 (1H, J=9.0), 6.70 (1H, s).

85c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-25 (5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-

yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane: 0.33 g, 48%) was obtained from tert-butyl 5 (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.62 g) obtained in Example 85a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.58-2.04 (4H, m), 2.60-2.62 (3H, m), 3.05-3.78 (4H, m), 4.18-4.36 (4H, m), 4.51-4.72 (1H, m), 4.83-5.00 (1H, m), 6.20 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.69-6.73 (1H, m), 7.16-7.23 (4H, m), 7.60 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₃ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.5Et₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 59.23; H, 7.19; N, 15.36

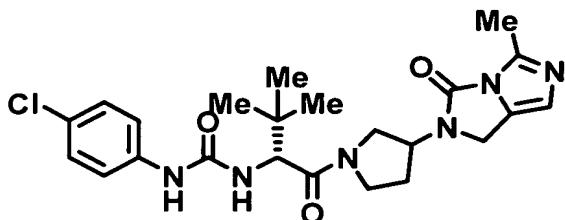
15 Found (%): C, 59.11; H, 6.84; N, 15.60

[0140]

Example 86

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 109]



86a) 2-(1-Benzyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

In the same manner as in Reference Example 1a), the title compound as a yellow oil (31 g, 80%) was obtained from 1-benzyl-3-pyrrolidinamine (23 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.81-1.89 (1H, m), 2.23-2.34 (2H, m), 2.51 (1H, dd, J=10.2, 6.9), 2.58 (3H, s), 2.78 (1H, dd, J=10.2, 2.4), 2.96-3.02 (1H, m), 3.54 (1H, d, J=12.8), 3.67 (1H, d, J=12.8), 4.41 (2H, s), 4.71-4.77 (1H, m), 6.68 (1H, t, J=1.5), 7.23-7.35 (5H, m).

86b) 5-Methyl-2-(3-pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride

2-(1-Benzyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (31 g) obtained in Example 86a), ammonium formate (40 g) and 10% palladium carbon (6.2 g) were suspended in methanol (300 ml), and heated under reflux for 2 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the precipitate was filtered using Celite, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added a mixed solvent (ethyl acetate : chloroform = 5 : 1), and the precipitate was filtered off. To the filtrate was added a 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (30 ml), mixed for 15 minutes, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added a mixed solvent (ethyl acetate : ethanol

= 5 : 1), and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The precipitate was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound as a pale brown solid (28 g, 91%).

5 NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 2.21-2.29 (2H, m), 2.76 (3H, s), 3.18-3.27 (1H, m), 3.33-3.47 (3H, m), 4.70-4.85 (3H, m), 7.55 (1H, s), 9.83 (1H, brs), 10.11 (1H, brs).

86c) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

10 In the same manner as in Example 19a), the title compound as colorless powder (1.3 g, 79%) was obtained from 5-methyl-2-(3-pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (1.1 g).

15 NMR (CD₃OD) δ: 1.00 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.08-2.37 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 3.49-3.68 (1H, m), 3.70-4.00 (1H, m), 4.11-4.85 (5H, m), 5.21 (1H, m), 6.62 (1H, s), 6.72 (1H, s).

86d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.40 g, 50%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.70 g) obtained in Example 86c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.06 (9H, s), 2.05-2.38 (2H, m), 3.43-4.88 (8H, m), 5.95-6.05 (1H, m), 6.59-6.74 (1H, m), 7.17-7.26 (4H, m), 7.48-7.63 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.5Et₂O

5 Calcd. (%): C, 57.85; H, 6.80; N, 16.19

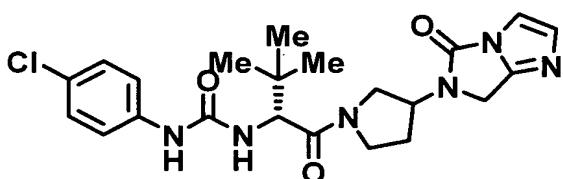
Found (%): C, 58.18; H, 6.79; N, 16.32

[0141]

Example 87

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(3-oxo-10 1H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 110]



87a) 6-(1-Benzyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-3-one

15 In the same manner as in Reference Example 1a), the title compound as a yellow oil (2.7 g, 12%) was obtained from 1-benzyl-3-pyrrolidinamine (14 g) and imidazole-2-carbaldehyde (7.7 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.79-1.90 (1H, m), 2.24-2.41 (2H, m), 20 2.45-2.51 (1H, m), 2.80 (1H, d, J=10.5), 3.02-3.09 (1H, m), 3.51 (1H, d, J=12.6), 3.70 (1H, d, J=12.6), 4.49 (2H, s), 4.79-4.86 (1H, m), 7.16 (1H, d, J=1.5), 7.22-7.35 (6H, m).

87b) 6-(3-Pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-

a]imidazol-3-one

6-(1-Benzyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-

imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-3-one (2.7 g) obtained in Example

5 87a), ammonium formate (1.8 g) and 10% palladium carbon (0.54 g) suspended in methanol (100 ml), and heated under reflux for 2 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the precipitate was filtered using Celite, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue was added a mixed solvent (ethyl acetate :

chloroform = 5 : 1), the precipitate was filtered off, and then the filtrate was further concentrated to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (1.4 g, 78%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.85-1.96 (1H, m), 2.18-2.30 (1H, m),

15 2.96-3.07 (2H, m), 3.15-3.28 (2H, m), 4.42 (1H, d, J=16.8), 4.49 (1H, d, J=16.8), 4.65-4.74 (1H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, J=1.2), 7.30 (1H, d, J=1.2).

87c) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(3-oxo-1H-

imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-

20 pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 11a), the title compound as colorless powder (1.3 g, 93%) was obtained from 6-(3-pyrrolidinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-3-one (0.65 g) obtained in Example 87b).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: major diastereomer 1.02 (9H, s), 1.45

(9H, s), 2.11-2.43 (2H, m), 3.44-4.60 (6H, m), 4.75-4.93 (1H, m), 5.18-5.24 (1H, m), 7.19 (1H, s), 7.31 (1H, s).

87d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from diethyl ether-diisopropyl ether: 0.46 g, 71%) was obtained from tert-butyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((3-(3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.57 g) obtained in Example 87c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.94-1.04 (9H, m), 2.14-2.34 (2H, m), 2.35-4.68 (7H, m), 4.83-4.93 (1H, m), 6.07-6.16 (1H, m), 7.07-7.36 (4H, m), 7.76-7.96 (1H, m), 8.52 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.25H₂O·0.25Et₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 57.32; H, 6.27; N, 17.44

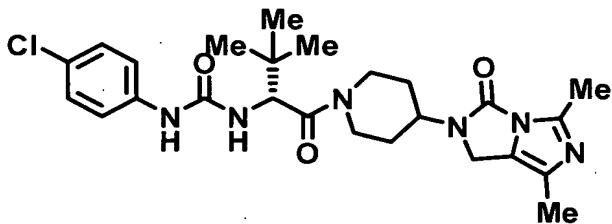
Found (%): C, 57.40; H, 6.32; N, 17.18

[0142]

20 Example 88

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 111]



88a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(((2,5-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

N-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl-4-piperidinyl)amine (4.8 g), 5 2,5-dimethylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (3.0 g) and acetic acid (1.7 ml) were dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 ml), under ice-cooling, sodium triacetoxyborohydride (7.7 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction solution was poured into an aqueous potassium 10 carbonate solution, and extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain a pale yellow oily title compound (8.0 g, quantitative).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.27-1.40 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.85-1.90 (2H, m), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.31 (3H, s), 2.66-2.80 (3H, m), 3.71 (2H, s), 4.00-4.18 (2H, m), 6.06 (2H, brs).

88b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

20 *tert*-Butyl 4-(((2,5-dimethyl-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (8.0 g) obtained in Example 88a) was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 ml),

DBU (3.6 ml) and N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (3.9 g) were added thereto. The reaction solution was mixed for 15 hours, and then the reaction solution was poured into an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and extracted with 5 chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain a pale yellow oily title compound (7.8 g, 97%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.57-1.72 (2H, m), 1.77-1.92 (2H, m), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.77-2.88 (2H, m), 4.03-4.15 (2H, m), 4.20 (2H, s), 4.29 (1H, brs).

15 88c) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate

20 In the same manner as in Example 85b), the title compound as colorless powder (1.5 g, 79%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (1.0 g) obtained in Example 88b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98-1.02 (9H, m), 1.43-1.45 (9H, m), 1.57-2.06 (4H, m), 2.14 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 2.62-2.71 (1H, m), 3.13-3.26 (1H, m), 4.15-4.28 (4H, m), 4.52 (1H, d, J=10.5), 4.78-4.83 (1H, m), 5.31 (1H, d, J=10.5).

25 88d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-

3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-
piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as a colorless solid (recrystallization from diethyl ether: 0.76 g, 50%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate (1.4 g) obtained in Example 88c).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03 (9H, s), 1.42-1.97 (4H, m), 2.11 (3H, s), 2.55 (3H, s), 2.61-2.74 (1H, m), 3.16-3.30 (1H, m), 3.94 (1H, d, J = 15.5), 4.05 (1H, d, J = 15.5), 4.13-4.22 (1H, m), 4.36-4.41 (1H, m), 4.76-4.92 (2H, m), 6.26 (1H, d, J = 9.3), 7.09-7.23 (4H, m), 7.55 (1H, s).

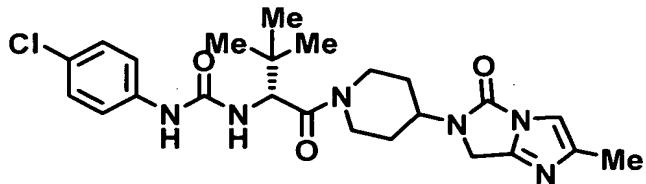
15 Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₆O₃ · 0.5H₂O · 0.25AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 58.69; H, 6.82; N, 15.80
Found (%): C, 58.61; H, 7.03; N, 15.85

[0143]

Example 89

20 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 112]



89a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(((4-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)methyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 88a), the title compound as a yellow oil (6.3 g, 68%) was obtained from 4-methylimidazole-2-carbaldehyde (N. J. Curtis et al., *J. Org. Chem.*, 45, 4038 (1980); 3.4 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.16-1.29 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.84 (2H, d), 2.22 (3H, s), 2.59-2.66 (1H, m), 2.76 (2H, t), 3.89 (2H, s), 4.00 (2H, brs), 6.63 (1H, s).

10 89b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5*H*-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 88b), the title compound (1.2 g, 46%) as a yellow oil was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(((4-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)methyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (2.4 g) obtained in Example 89a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.56-1.70 (2H, m), 1.85 (2H, d), 2.28 (3H, s), 2.82 (2H, t), 4.10-4.24 (3H, m), 4.27 (2H, s), 7.00 (1H, s).

20 89c) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5*H*-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 85b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 42%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5*H*-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.30 g)

obtained in Example 89b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.60-1.97 (4H, m), 2.28 (3H, s), 2.60-2.73 (1H, m), 3.11-3.24 (1H, m), 4.24 (2H, s), 4.25-4.35 (3H, m), 4.40-4.55 (1H, m), 4.78-5 4.86 (1H, m), 5.29-5.34 (1H, m), 7.01 (1H, s).

89d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

To tert-butyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-5-oxo-5H-imidazo[1,5-a]imidazol-6(7H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.17 g) obtained in Example 89c) was added a 40% solution of hydrogen chloride in ethanol (10 ml), and mixed for 1 hour. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue and triethylamine (0.16 ml) were dissolved in acetonitrile (15 ml) and a solution of 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (72 mg) in acetonitrile (15 ml) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed for 15 hours, then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1). The product was recrystallized from diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.17 g, 53%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.95-1.05 (9H, two s), 1.40-2.09 (2H, m), 25 2.29-2.32 (3H, two s), 2.58-2.72 (1H, m), 3.10-3.25 (1H, m),

4.11-4.48 (5H, m), 4.71-4.81 (1H, m), 4.84-4.88 (1H, m),
 5.70-6.05 (1H, m), 6.82-7.15 (2H, m), 7.15-7.35 (4H, m),
 8.20 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for $C_{24}H_{31}ClN_6O_3 \cdot H_2O$

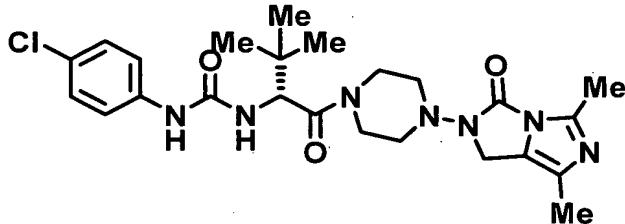
5 Calcd. (%): C, 57.08; H, 6.59; N, 16.64

Found (%): C, 56.96; H, 6.66; N, 16.42

[0144]

Example 90

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-
 10 1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-
 piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea
 [Chemical formula 113]



90a) 4-Benzyl-N-((1*E*)-(2,5-dimethylimidazol-4-
 15 yl)methylene)-1-piperazinamine

In the same manner as in Reference Example 2a), the title compound as pale yellow liquid (6.0 g, 84%) was obtained from 2,5-dimethylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (3.0 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 2.23 (3H, s), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.62 (4H, t, $J=4.8$), 3.08 (3H, t, $J=4.8$), 3.55 (2H, s), 7.22-7.33 (5H, m), 7.48 (1H, s).

90b) 2-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)-5,7-dimethyl-1,2-

dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

The reactions was sequentially carried out in the same manner as in Reference Examples 2b) and 2c), the title compound as yellow liquid (2.7 g, 40%) was obtained from 4-5 benzyl-N-((1E)-(2,5-dimethylimidazol-4-yl)methylene)-1-piperazinamine (6.0 g) obtained in Example 90a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.14 (3H, s), 2.52 (2H, t, J=5.0), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.63 (2H, t, J=5.0), 3.12 (2H, t, J =5.0), 3.56 (2H, s), 3.62 (2H, t, J=5.0), 4.36 (2H, s), 7.20-7.34 (5H, 10 m).

90c) 5,7-Dimethyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

In the same manner as in Reference Example 2d), the title compound as a colorless solid (1.2 g, 62%) was obtained from 2-(4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)-5,7-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (2.7 g) obtained in Example 90b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.16 (3H, s), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.82-3.04 (4H, m), 3.10-3.15 (4H, m), 4.38 (2H, s).

90d) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 10a), the title compound as colorless powder (1.4 g, 71%) was obtained from 25 5,7-dimethyl-2-(1-piperazinyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-

c]imidazol-3-one (1.0 g) obtained in Example 90c) and Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.98 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.99 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.05 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.14-3.23 (4H, m), 3.70-3.84 (4H, m), 4.35 (2H, s), 4.51 (1H, d, J=9.0), 5.33 (1H, d, J=9.0).

90e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane: 0.50 g, 64%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate (0.70 g) obtained in Example 90d).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.05 (9H, s), 2.14 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.01-3.24 (4H, m), 3.63-3.98 (4H, m), 4.28 (2H, s), 4.89 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.23 (1H, d, J=9.0), 7.13-7.24 (4H, m), 7.65 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₇O₃
Calcd. (%): C, 57.42; H, 6.43; N, 19.53
Found (%): C, 57.12; H, 6.56; N, 19.42

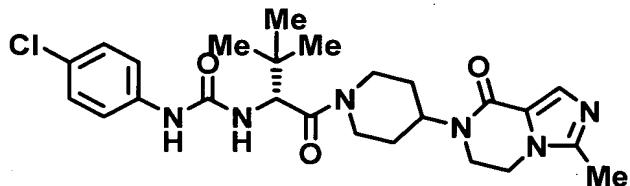
[0145]

Example 91

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5,6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-

piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 114]



91a) tert-Butyl 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino-1-

5 piperidinecarboxylate

A solution of tert-butyl 4-oxo-1-piperidinecarboxylate

(15 g), 2-aminoethanol (14 ml), acetic acid (6.6 ml) in

1,2-dichloroethane (300 ml) was mixed at room temperature

for 1 hour, and then sodium triacetoxyborohydride (49 g)

10 was added thereto, followed by mixing at room temperature

for 15 hours. pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to

about 12 by adding a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution to the reaction mixture, and then extracted with chloroform.

The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and

15 then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure

to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (18 g, 89%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.17-1.37 (2H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.88 (2H, m), 2.57-2.85 (5H, m), 3.66 (2H, m), 4.06 (2H, m).

91b) tert-Butyl 4-((2-hydroxyethyl)((2-methyl-1H-

20 imidazol-4-yl)carbonyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

2-Methylimidazole-4-carboxylic acid (2.0 g) was suspended in acetonitrile (150 ml). HOBr (3.7 g) and WSC (4.6 g) were sequentially added thereto, and then mixed at

room temperature for 20 minutes. To the reaction solution was added a solution of tert-butyl 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (4.7 g) obtained in Example 91a) and triethylamine (8.0 ml) in acetonitrile (50 ml), and 5 mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. Acetonitrile was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then to the residue were added chloroform and water. The organic layer was collected by separation and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off 10 under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (1.0 g, 18%).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.84 (4H, brs), 2.37 (2H, brs), 2.78 (2H, brs), 3.82 (4H, brs), 4.27 (3H, brs), 7.31 (1H, brs).

91c) tert-Butyl 4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

20 tert-Butyl 4-((2-hydroxyethyl)((2-methyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)carbonyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.94 g) obtained in Example 91b) and triethylamine (0.72 ml) were dissolved in THF (30 ml). Methanesulfonic acid chloride (0.24 ml) was added dropwise under ice-cooling, and then 25 mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. To the reaction

solution were added chloroform and water, and the organic layer was collected by separation and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with 5 basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.39 g, 44%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.52-1.72 (4H, s), 2.41 (3H, s), 2.85 (2H, m), 3.57 (2H, m), 4.04 (2H, m), 4.23 (2H, brs), 4.73-4.81 (1H, m), 7.62 (1H, s).

91d) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

15 In the same manner as in Example 85b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.82 g, 59%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.96 g) obtained in Example 91c).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.99 (9H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.56-1.83 (4H, m), 2.41 (3H, s), 2.70 (1H, dt, J=12.6, 3.3), 3.24 (1H, dt, J=12.6, 3.3), 3.53 (2H, t, J=6.0), 4.01 (2H, t, J=6.0), 4.20-4.26 (1H, m), 4.50-4.55 (1H, m), 4.78-4.87 (1H, m), 4.88-4.93 (1H, m), 5.30-5.36 (1H, m), 7.64 (1H, s).

25 91e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-

yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane: 0.59 g, 64%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.82 g) obtained in Example 91d).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.05-1.06 (9H, m), 1.60-2.00 (4H, m), 2.38-2.42 (3H, m), 2.73 (1H, t, J=12.9), 3.11-3.27 (3H, m), 3.78 (2H, t, J=5.7), 4.38-4.40 (1H, m), 4.75-4.87 (2H, m), 4.95 (1H, d, J=9.1), 6.25-6.45 (1H, m), 7.09-7.19 (4H, m), 7.58-7.64 (1H, m), 7.77-7.88 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₃ClN₆O₃·0.25AcOEt·0.75H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.20; H, 6.86; N, 15.66

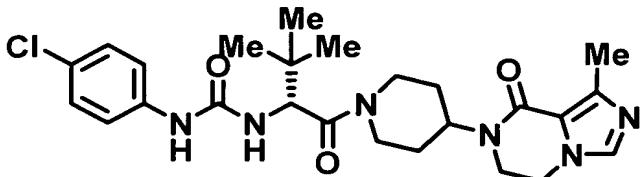
Found (%): C, 58.08; H, 7.14; N, 15.61

[0146]

Example 92

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5,6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 115]



92a) *tert*-Butyl 4-((2-hydroxyethyl)((5-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)carbonyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate
5-Methylimidazole-4-carboxylic acid hydrochloride (G. Wellman et al., *Synthesis*, 356 (1984); 1.6 g) was suspended
5 in acetonitrile (100 ml). HOBT (2.8 g) and WSC (3.5 g)
were sequentially added thereto, and mixed at room
temperature for 20 minutes (the reaction solution A). In a
separate flask were dissolved *tert*-butyl 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.0 g) obtained
10 in Example 91a), N-trimethylsilylacetamide (8.1 g) and
triethylamine (5.0 ml) in acetonitrile (50 ml), and mixed
at room temperature for 20 minutes (the reaction solution
B). The reaction solution B was added to the reaction
solution A, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours.
15 Acetonitrile was distilled off under reduced pressure, and
then to the residue were added chloroform and water. The
organic layer was collected by separation and dried over
anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was
distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was
20 purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate :
ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a
colorless oil (2.0 g, 59%).
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.84 (4H, brs), 2.27 (3H, s),
2.77 (2H, brs), 3.68 (2H, brs), 3.79-3.82 (2H, m),
25 4.20-4.33 (3H, m), 7.32 (1H, s).

92b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 91c), the title compound as a colorless solid (0.56 g, 30%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-((2-hydroxyethyl)((5-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl)carbonyl)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate obtained in Example 92a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.55-1.71 (4H, m), 2.54 (3H, s), 2.84 (2H, m), 3.55 (2H, m), 4.13 (2H, m), 4.22 (2H, brs), 4.74-4.83 (1H, m), 7.39 (1H, s).

92c) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 85b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.88 g, 94%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.65 g) obtained in Example 92b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96 (9H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 1.60-2.00 (4H, m), 2.50-2.70 (1H, m), 2.60 (3H, s), 3.00-3.10 (1H, m), 3.29-3.44 (3H, m), 4.11-4.18 (1H, m), 4.35 (2H, s), 4.50-4.72 (2H, m), 5.35 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.70 (1H, s).

92d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6-dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-

yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane: 0.16 g, 31%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5,

5 (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-8-oxo-5, 6- dihydroimidazo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1- piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.45 g) obtained in Example 92c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04-1.06 (9H, m), 1.61-1.88 (4H, m),
 10 2.54-2.56 (3H, m), 2.68-2.74 (1H, m), 3.20-3.36 (2H, m),
 3.61-3.75 (1H, m), 3.99-4.03 (2H, m), 4.16-4.41 (1H, m),
 4.75-4.95 (3H, m), 5.99-6.17 (1H, m), 7.15-7.21 (4H, m),
 7.33 (1H, s), 7.40-7.44 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₃ClN₆O₃·0.5AcOEt

15 Calcd. (%): C, 59.49; H, 6.84; N, 15.42

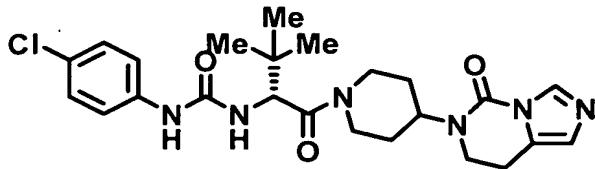
Found (%): C, 59.12; H, 7.03; N, 15.29

[0147]

Example 93

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-oxo-
 20 7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1- piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 116]



93a) tert-Butyl 4-(5-oxo-7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 4-oxo-1-piperidinecarboxylate (11 g) and histamine dihydrochloride (10 g) in 1,2-dichloroethane (300 ml) was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (17 g), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to about 12 by adding a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution to the reaction solution, and then extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The resulting yellow oil was dissolved in dichloromethane (300 ml), DBU (13 ml) and N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (7.6 g) were added to the reaction solution, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and chloroform, and the organic layer was collected by separation, and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate : ethanol = 5 : 1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (13 g, 77%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (9H, s), 1.54-1.79 (4H, m), 2.78-2.99 (4H, m), 3.43 (2H, t, J=6.4), 4.26 (2H, d, J=12.4), 4.48-4.64 (1H, m), 6.81 (1H, d, J=1.1), 8.14 (1H, d, J=1.1).

93b) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-oxo-7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 85b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.93 g, 64%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(5-oxo-7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.98 g) obtained in Example 93a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.58-1.90 (4H, m), 2.62-2.73 (1H, m), 2.94-2.98 (1H, m), 3.18-3.26 (1H, m), 3.35-3.45 (2H, t, J=7.5), 4.18-4.30 (1H, m), 4.53 (1H, d, J=9.0), 4.64-4.83 (2H, m), 5.32 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.80 (1H, s), 8.14 (1H, s).

93c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-oxo-7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane: 0.24 g, 52%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(5-oxo-7,8-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]pyrimidin-6(5H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.41 g) obtained in Example 93b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04-1.14 (9H, m), 1.73-1.95 (4H, m), 2.68-2.76 (1H, m), 2.81-3.01 (2H, m), 3.13-3.45 (3H, m),

4.32-4.40 (1H, m), 4.53-4.72 (1H, m), 4.75-4.92 (2H, m),
 6.15-6.28 (1H, m), 6.81-6.84 (1H, m), 7.14-7.21 (4H, m),
 7.56 (1H, s), 8.13-8.16 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{24}H_{31}ClN_6O_3 \cdot 0.5H_2O$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 58.12; H, 6.50; N, 16.94

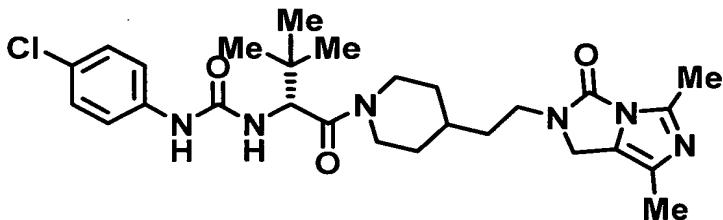
Found (%): C, 58.36; H, 6.70; N, 16.62

[0148]

Example 94

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-
 10 oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-
 piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 117]



94a) 2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-5,7-dimethyl-
 15 1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

To a solution of 2-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethanamine
 (2.2 g), 2,5-dimethylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (1.2 g) and
 acetic acid (0.3 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (25 ml) was
 added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (8.1 g) under ice-
 20 cooling. The reaction mixture was mixed at room
 temperature for 2 days, and then the reaction solution was
 washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and

dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in THF (50 ml). To the reaction solution were added N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (1.6 g) and DBU (1.6 ml), 5 and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform. The reaction mixture was then washed with saturated brine, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The 10 residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (1.3 g, 32%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.26-1.35 (2H, m), 1.53-1.59 (2H, m), 15 1.67-1.74 (2H, m), 1.88-1.97 (1H, m), 1.97 (2H, t, J=10.5), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 2.84-2.90 (2H, m), 3.44-3.49 (2H, m), 3.48 (2H, s), 4.21 (2H, s), 7.20-7.30 (5H, m).

94b) 5,7-Dimethyl-2-(2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one
20 2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-5,7-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (1.1 g) obtained in Example 94a), 10% palladium carbon (0.22 g) and ammonium formate (2.0 g) were added to methanol (30 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 2 days. The catalyst was filtered 25 off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced

pressure. The residue was dissolved in chloroform, the precipitate was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.8 g, quantitative).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.55-1.80 (5H, m), 1.90-1.98 (2H, m), 2.16 (1H, s), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.82 (2H, m), 3.40 (2H, m), 3.50 (2H, t, J=6.0), 4.24 (2H, s).

94c) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate

10 In the same manner as in Example 11a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.64 g, 75%) was obtained from 5,7-dimethyl-2-(2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.42 g) obtained in Example 94b) and Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.60 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-0.99 (9H, m), 1.10-1.55 (2H, m), 1.42-1.43 (9H, two s), 1.53-1.60 (3H, m), 1.78-1.88 (2H, m), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.52-2.63 (1H, m), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.98-3.14 (1H, m), 3.45-3.55 (2H, m), 4.09-4.16 (1H, m), 4.24 (2H, s), 4.50-4.55 (1H, m), 4.60-4.68 (1H, m), 5.33-5.38 (1H, m).

20 94d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

25 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl

acetate-hexane: 0.50 g, 75%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate (0.60 g) obtained in Example 94c).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.23-1.32 (2H, m), 1.48-1.87 (5H, m), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.53-2.65 (1H, m), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.03-3.17 (1H, m), 3.44-3.55 (2H, m), 4.18-4.25 (1H, m), 4.57-4.67 (1H, m), 4.90 (1H, t, J=9.3), 6.23 (1H, t, J=9.3), 7.15-7.31 (4H, m), 7.55-7.60 (1H, m).

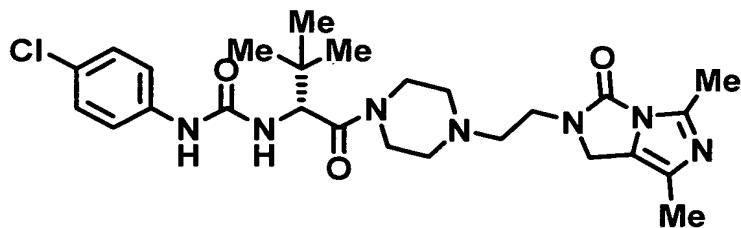
10 Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₃₇ClN₆O₃·0.1H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 61.09; H, 7.06; N, 15.83
Found (%): C, 60.97; H, 7.02; N, 15.78

[0149]

Example 95

15 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 118]



20 95a) (4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)acetonitrile

To a suspension of 1-benzylpiperazine (18 g) and sodium carbonate (8.3 g) in acetone (50 ml) was added

chloroacetonitrile (12 g) under ice-cooling, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, to the residue were added water and diethyl ether, and the organic layer was 5 collected by separation. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as pale yellow liquid (17 g, 80%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ:2.51 (4H, s), 2.62 (4H, t, J =4.8), 3.50 (2H, s), 3.52 (2H, s), 7.23-7.33 (5H, m).

95b) 2-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)ethanamine

To a suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (5.0 g) in anhydrous THF (150 ml) was added a solution of (4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)acetonitrile (11 g) obtained in Example 95a) in anhydrous THF (50 ml) under ice-cooling. The reaction 15 solution was refluxed for 3 hours, to the reaction solution was then added sodium sulfate decahydrate (420 g) under ice-cooling, and mixed for 15 hours. The reaction solution was diluted with THF, the precipitate obtained by 20 decantation was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as pale yellow liquid (10 g, 95%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ:2.41 (2H, t, J=6.0), 2.44-2.60 (8H, m), 25 2.78 (2H, J=6.0), 3.51 (2H, s), 7.24-7.35 (5H, m).

95c) 2-(2-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-5,7-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

In the same manner as in Example 94a), the title compound as pale yellow liquid (2.4 g, 34%) was obtained from 2-(4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)ethanamine (4.4 g) obtained in Example 95b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.16 (3H, s), 2.48-2.58 (8H, m), 2.56 (3H, s), 2.59 (2H, t, J=6.0), 3.49 (2H, s), 3.54 (2H, t, J=6.0), 4.34 (2H, s), 7.20-7.35 (5H, m).

95d) 5,7-Dimethyl-2-(2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

In the same manner as in Example 94b), the title compound as pale yellow liquid (0.65 g, quantitative) was obtained from 2-(2-(4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-5,7-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.88 g) obtained in Example 95c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.16 (3H, s), 2.50-2.55 (4H, m), 2.57 (3H, s), 2.60 (2H, t, J=6.3), 2.92 (4H, t, J=4.8), 3.56 (2H, t, J=6.3), 4.36 (2H, s).

95e) tert-Butyl (1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 11a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.68 g, 63%) was obtained from 5,7-dimethyl-2-(2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydro-

3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.60 g) obtained in Example 95d).

NMR (CD₃OD) δ: 0.97 (9H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.12 (3H, s), 2.42-2.55 (4H, m), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.63 (2H, t, J=6.0), 3.40-5 3.55 (2H, m), 3.61 (2H, J=6.0), 3.70-3.85 (2H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.49 (1H, s).

95f) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

10 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (recrystallization from ethyl acetate-hexane-diethyl ether: 0.23 g, 36%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-((4-(2-(5,7-dimethyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropylcarbamate (0.58 g) obtained in Example 95e).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (9H, s), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.38-2.55 (4H, m), 2.56 (3H, s), 2.59 (2H, t, J=6.0), 3.47-3.61 (2H, m), 3.55 (2H, t, J=6.0), 3.72-3.82 (2H, m), 4.31 (2H, s), 20 4.84 (1H, d, J=6.3), 6.02 (1H, d, J=6.3), 7.16-7.22 (4H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₃₆ClN₇O₃·0.3H₂O·0.4Et₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.66; H, 7.24; N, 17.35

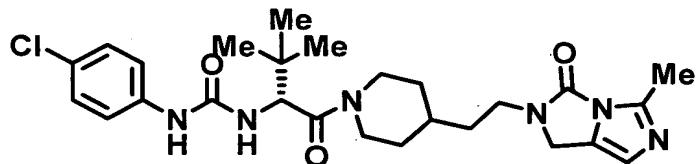
Found (%): C, 58.89; H, 7.38; N, 17.38

[0150]

25 Example 96

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 119]



5 96a) 2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-3-one

To a suspension of 2-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethanamine (5.5 g), 2-methylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (2.8 g) and acetic acid (1.7 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 ml) was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (8.1 g) under ice-cooling. The reaction mixture was returned to room temperature and mixed for 15 hours. Then, the reaction solution was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in THF (50 ml). To the reaction solution were added N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (4.5 g) and DBU (4.2 g), and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with water, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced

pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (4.0 g, 48%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.26-1.41 (2H, m), 1.50-1.81 (5H, m), 1.89-2.05 (2H, m), 2.61 (3H, s), 2.85-2.91 (2H, m), 3.45-3.53 (4H, m), 4.30 (2H, s), 6.69 (1H, m), 7.23-7.32 (5H, m).

96b) 5-Methyl-2-(2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (4.0 g) obtained in Example 96a) and 10% palladium carbon (0.8 g) were added to methanol (100 ml), and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 2 days. The catalyst was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure.

15 The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate, ethyl acetate/methanol = 20/1). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound (1.4 g, 48%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.12-1.77 (7H, m), 2.53-2.66 (5H, m), 3.04-3.10 (2H, m), 3.51 (2H, t, J=7.4), 4.31 (2H, s), 6.70 (1H, m).

96c) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

25 To a solution of Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.69 g) in

methylene chloride (15 ml) were added HOBr (0.61 g), WSC (0.86 g) and triethylamine (0.84 ml) under ice-cooling.

The reaction mixture was mixed at 0°C for 2.5 hours. Then, 5-methyl-2-(2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.74 g) obtained in Example 96b) was

5 added thereto, and further mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate.

10 The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol = 20/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.95 g, 69%).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-0.99 (9H, m), 1.10-1.34 (2H, m), 1.42-1.43 (9H, m), 1.56-1.60 (3H, m), 1.75-1.92 (2H, m), 2.51-2.66 (4H, m), 2.97-3.16 (1H, m), 3.48-3.54 (2H, t, J=5.9), 4.08-4.18 (1H, m), 4.31 (2H, s), 4.50-4.72 (2H, m), 5.33-5.37 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, m).

20 96d) 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

A solution of tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.95 g) obtained in

Example 96c) in toluene (10 ml)-trifluoroacetic acid (10 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 1.5 hours, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified 5 with potassium carbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The one-half amount of the resulting amine was dissolved in THF (20 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.15 g) was added 10 thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 days. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate, ethyl acetate/methanol = 20/1). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the 15 title compound (0.40 g, 75%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.12-1.30 (2H, m), 1.45-1.93 (5H, m), 2.60 (4H, m), 3.10-3.20 (1H, m), 3.42-3.56 (2H, m), 4.18-4.32 (3H, m), 4.54-4.70 (1H, m), 4.86-4.93 (1H, m), 6.05-6.15 (1H, m), 6.70 (1H, m), 7.15-7.34 20 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₃₅ClN₆O₃·0.2AcOEt

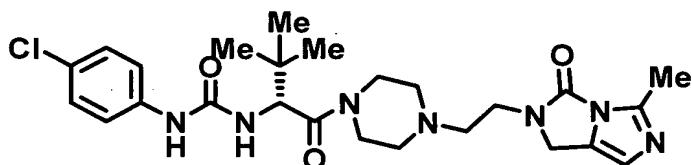
Calcd. (%): C, 60.32; H, 7.10; N, 15.79

Found (%): C, 60.13; H, 7.86; N, 15.55

[0151]

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 120]



5 97a) 2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperazinyl)ethanamine
trihydrochloride

To a solution of 1-benzylpiperazine (4.4 g), tert-butyl N-(2-oxoethyl)carbamate (3.8 g) and acetic acid (1.7 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 ml) was added sodium 10 triacetoxyborohydride (8.1 g) under ice-cooling. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 2 days. Then, the reaction solution washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under 15 reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in methanol (50 ml). A 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethanol (40 ml) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 5 hours. The precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with diethyl ether and hexane to obtain the 20 title compound (5.0 g, 61%).

NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 2.6-3.7 (12H, m), 4.35-4.40 (2H, m), 7.47 (3H, m), 7.67 (2H, m), 8.33 (3H, NH₃).

97b) 2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperazinyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

A suspension of 2-(1-benzyl-4-piperazinyl)ethanamine trihydrochloride (2.5 g) obtained in Example 97a), 2-methylimidazole-4-carbaldehyde (0.84 g) and acetic acid (0.5 ml) in 1,2-dichloroethane (50 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 40 minutes, and then sodium triacetoxyborohydride (2.4 g) was added thereto under ice-cooling. The reaction mixture was returned to room temperature, and mixed for 2 days. Then, the reaction solution was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in THF (60 ml). To the reaction solution were added N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (1.4 g) and DBU (1.3 g), and mixed at room temperature for 4 days. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, then washed with water, dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.22 g, 8.5%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.28-2.73 (15H, m), 3.43-3.65 (6H, m), 4.44 (2H, s), 6.68 (1H, m), 7.28-7.32 (5H, m).

25 97c) 5-Methyl-2-(2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-1,2-

dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one

2-(2-(1-Benzyl-4-piperazinyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-1,2-

dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.22 g) obtained in Example 97b), 1 N hydrochloric acid (1 ml) and 10%

5 palladium carbon (74 mg) were added to methanol (10 ml), and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 3 days. The catalyst was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in a small amount of water, and the reaction 10 mixture was basified with potassium carbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound (0.10 g, 63%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.4-3.0 (13H, m), 3.57 (2H, t, J=6),

15 4.45 (2H, s), 6.68 (1H, s).

97d) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-tert-leucine (93 mg) in 20 methylene chloride (2 ml) were added HOBr (81 mg), WSC (114 mg) and triethylamine (0.11 ml) under ice-cooling, and the reaction mixture was mixed at 0°C for 30 minutes. Then, a solution of 5-methyl-2-(2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl)-1,2-dihydroimidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one (0.10 g) obtained in 25 Example 97c) in methylene chloride (3 ml) was added, and

further mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol =30/1) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.15 g, 79%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97 (9H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 2.4-2.7 (9H, m), 3.40-3.85 (6H, m), 4.43 (2H, s), 4.49 (1H, d, J=10.2), 5.25-5.40 (1H, br), 6.69 (1H, s).

97e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

15 A solution of tert-butyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(4-(2-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2-yl)ethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.15 g) obtained in Example 97d) in methylene chloride (1.5 ml)-trifluoroacetic acid (1.5 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in THF (5 ml), triethylamine (0.3 ml) and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.10 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The solvent was 20 distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was 25

dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/methanol =30/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (54 mg, 32%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (9H, s), 2.32-2.66 (9H, m), 3.40-3.68 (4H, m), 3.70-3.86 (2H, m), 4.41 (2H, s), 4.85 (1H, d, J=9.6), 6.15 (1H, d, J=9.6), 7.20 (4H, m), 7.49 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₃₄ClN₇O₃·0.4AcOEt·0.3H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 57.39; H, 6.84; N, 17.61

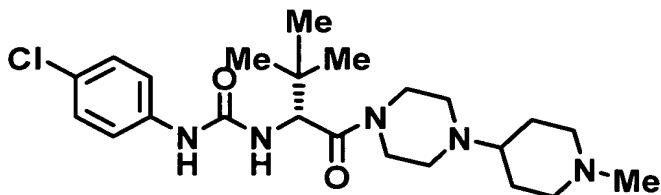
Found (%): C, 57.24; H, 7.02; N, 17.74

[0152]

Example 98

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 121]



98a) *tert*-Butyl *(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-*tert*-leucine (0.46 g) and HOBT

(0.46 g) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was added WSC (0.58 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 1-(1-methyl-4-piperidyl)piperazine (0.70 g) and triethylamine (0.61 g) were added, and the reaction 5 mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. 10 The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.80 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97 (9H, m), 1.43 (9H, s), 1.58-1.64 (2H, m), 1.89-1.97 (2H, m), 2.23-2.26 (3H, m), 2.32-2.58 (5H, m), 2.88-2.92 (2H, m), 3.20-3.29 (2H, m), 3.45-3.58 (2H, m), 3.67-3.83 (2H, m), 4.49-4.52 (1H, m), 5.34-5.37 (1H, m).

98b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea
20 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.44 g, 55%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.70 g) obtained in Example 98a).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03 (9H, s), 1.50-1.58 (3H, m), 1.87-

1.95 (2H, m), 2.05-2.25 (5H, m), 2.43-2.63 (4H, m), 2.86-2.90 (2H, m), 3.45-3.60 (2H, m), 3.78-3.82 (2H, m), 4.88 (1H, d, $J=9.1$), 6.16 (1H, d, $J=9.1$), 7.16-7.36 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{36}ClN_5O_2 \cdot 1.2H_2O$

5 Calcd. (%): C, 58.57; H, 8.21; N, 14.85

Found (%): C, 58.42; H, 8.29; N, 14.76

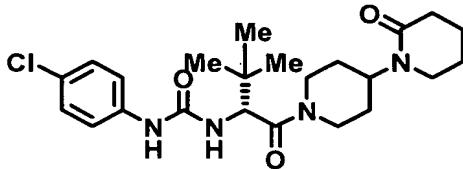
[0153]

Example 99

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -2,2-dimethyl-1-((2-oxo-

10 1,4'-bipiperidin-1'-yl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 122]



99a) *tert*-Butyl $(1R)$ -2,2-dimethyl-1-((2-oxo-1,4'-bipiperidin-1'-yl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 98a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.33 g, 83%) was obtained from 1,4'-bipiperidin-2-one hydrochloride (PCT Japanese Translation Patent Publication No. 2001524466; 0.22 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.96-1.00 (9H, m), 1.42-1.43 (9H, m), 1.53-1.79 (8H, m), 2.41-2.43 (2H, m), 2.60-2.69 (1H, m), 3.12-3.19 (3H, m), 4.17-4.21 (1H, m), 4.51-4.55 (1H, m), 4.72-4.83 (2H, m), 5.32-5.36 (1H, m).

99b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -2,2-dimethyl-1-((2-

oxo-1,4'-bipiperidin-1'-yl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.22 g, 61%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((2-oxo-1,4'-bipiperidin-1'-yl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.32 g) obtained in Example 99a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.01-1.05 (9H, m), 1.50-1.76 (7H, m), 2.39-2.43 (2H, m), 2.64-2.72 (1H, m), 2.99-3.23 (3H, m), 4.26-4.31 (1H, m), 4.73-4.89 (3H, m), 5.93-6.03 (1H, m), 7.11-7.61 (6H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₃ClN₄O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 60.32; H, 7.48; N, 12.23

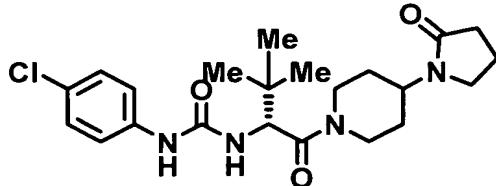
Found (%): C, 60.45; H, 7.54; N, 12.03

[0154]

15 Example 100

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 123]



20 100a) tert-Butyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 98a), the title compound as colorless powder (0.43 g, quantitative) was

obtained from 1-(4-piperidinyl)-2-pyrrolidinone (PCT
Japanese Translation Patent Publication No. 08502511; 0.17
g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97-1.00 (9H, m), 1.42-1.44 (9H, m),
5 1.67-1.80 (4H, m), 1.98-2.03 (2H, m), 2.37-2.44 (2H, m),
2.58-2.67 (1H, m), 3.09-3.17 (1H, m), 3.26-3.34 (2H, m),
4.20-4.27 (2H, m), 4.51-4.55 (1H, m), 4.74-4.78 (1H, m),
5.33-5.36 (1H, m).

100b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁴-
(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title
compound as colorless powder (0.43 g, 99%) was obtained
from tert-butyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁴-(2-oxo-1-
pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.38
15 g) obtained in Example 100a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.46-2.00 (6H, m),
2.35-2.45 (2H, m), 2.59-2.71 (1H, m), 3.12-3.36 (3H, m),
4.16-4.32 (2H, m), 4.73-4.89 (2H, m), 6.06-6.14 (1H, m),
7.16-7.38 (5H, m).

20 Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₃₁ClN₄O₃·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.33; H, 7.34; N, 12.37

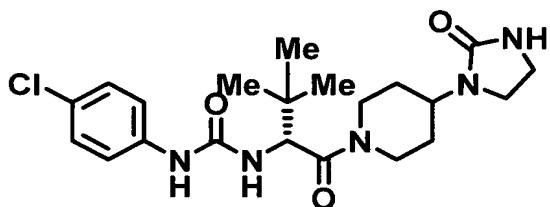
Found (%): C, 58.61; H, 7.42; N, 12.05

[0155]

Example 101

25 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁴-(2-oxo-

1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea
 [Chemical formula 124]



101a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 98a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.29 g, quantitative) was obtained from 1-(4-piperidinyl)-2-imidazolidinone (PCT Japanese Translation Patent Publication No. 57081483; 0.12 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97-1.00 (9H, m), 1.42-1.43 (9H, m), 1.51-1.81 (4H, m), 2.58-2.67 (1H, m), 3.12-3.17 (1H, m), 3.35-3.45 (4H, m), 3.96-4.04 (1H, m), 4.18-4.22 (1H, m), 4.52-4.55 (2H, m), 4.73-4.78 (1H, m), 5.34-5.37 (1H, m).

101b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as pale yellow powder (0.23 g, 78%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.26 g) obtained in Example 101a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.45-1.85 (4H, m),

2.59-2.70 (1H, m), 3.14-3.43 (5H, m), 3.98-3.99 (1H, m),
 4.29-4.34 (1H, m), 4.74-4.78 (1H, m), 4.87-4.90 (1H, m),
 4.98-5.06 (1H, m), 6.32-6.39 (1H, m), 7.16-7.26 (4H, m),
 7.51 (1H, s).

5 Elemental analysis for $C_{21}H_{30}ClN_5O_3 \cdot 0.6H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 56.46; H, 7.04; N, 15.68

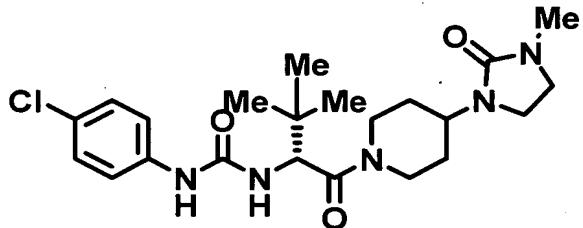
Found (%): C, 56.25; H, 7.22; N, 15.43

[0156]

Example 102

10 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 125]



15 102a) tert-Butyl $(1R)$ -2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-methyl-2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 98a), the title compound as a colorless oil (0.47 g, 59%) was obtained from 3-methyl-1-(4-piperidinyl)-2-imidazolidinone (Eur. Pat. Appl. EP485; 0.37 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 0.96-1.00 (9H, m), 1.42-1.43 (9H, m),

1.47-1.83 (5H, m), 2.58-2.67 (1H, m), 2.78 (3H, s), 3.12-3.30 (4H, m), 3.94-4.16 (2H, m), 4.52-4.55 (1H, m), 4.71-4.76 (1H, m), 5.33-5.36 (1H, m).

5 102b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁽⁴⁻
3-methyl-2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as pale yellow powder (0.52 g, 99%) was obtained from tert-butyl ^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁽⁴⁻(3-methyl-2-oxo-1-imidazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.46 g) obtained in Example 102a).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02-1.05 (9H, m), 1.38-1.85 (4H, m), 2.62-2.71 (1H, m), 2.77-2.79 (3H, m), 3.14-3.31 (5H, m), 3.94-3.99 (1H, m), 4.26-4.31 (1H, m), 4.72-4.77 (1H, m), 4.86-4.91 (1H, m), 6.07-6.16 (1H, m), 7.16-7.37 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₂H₃₂ClN₅O₃·H₂O·0.1AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 56.43; H, 7.36; N, 14.69

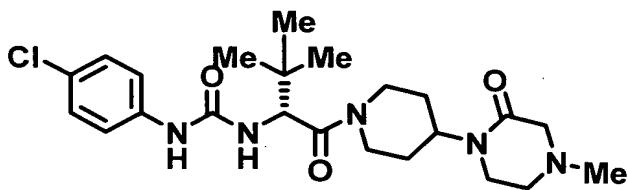
Found (%): C, 56.64; H, 7.31; N, 14.55

[0157]

20 Example 103

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁽⁴⁻(4-methyl-2-oxo-1-piperazinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 126]



103a) *tert*-Butyl 3-oxo-4-(4-piperidinyl)-1-

piperazinecarboxylate

tert-Butyl 4-(1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-

piperazinecarboxylate (PCT Japanese Translation Patent

5 Publication No. 2002533451; 1.4 g) was dissolved in ethanol (30 ml), 10% palladium carbon (50% water content; 0.12 g) was added thereto, and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a green oil (0.95

10 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.57-1.65 (3H, m), 2.08 (1H, m), 2.69-2.78 (2H, m), 3.12-3.16 (2H, m), 3.27-3.31 (2H, m), 3.58-3.62 (2H, m), 4.08 (2H, s), 4.54-4.61 (1H, m), 15 4.83 (1H, br).

103b) *tert*-Butyl 4-((2R)-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-piperazinecarboxylate

To a solution of Z-D-*tert*-leucine (0.64 g) and HOBT (0.55 g) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was added WSC (0.69 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for

15 minutes. Then, tert-butyl 3-oxo-4-(4-piperidinyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.68 g) obtained in Example 103a) and triethylamine (0.73 g) were added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, 5 and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and the reaction mixture was washed sequentially with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution, water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine and dried 10 over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (1.3 g, quantitative).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98-1.01 (9H, m), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.56-1.78 (4H, m), 2.59-2.68 (1H, m), 3.12-3.22 (3H, m), 3.53-3.62 (2H, m), 4.09-4.23 (3H, m), 4.56-4.59 (1H, m), 4.71-4.75 (2H, m), 5.09-5.10 (2H, m), 5.55-5.60 (1H, m), 7.35-7.37 (5H, m).

103c) Benzyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(4-methyl-2-oxo-1-piperazinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

20 A solution of tert-butyl 4-((2R)-2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)-3-oxo-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.23 g) obtained in Example 103b) in trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) 25 and dichloromethane (2 ml) was mixed at room temperature

for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was alkalified with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution, and then extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (20 ml) and methanol (1 ml). Formalin (0.50 ml) and acetic acid (25 mg) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. Then, sodium triacetoxyborohydride (0.22 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was alkalified with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution, and then the organic layer was collected by separation. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.19 g, quantitative).

15

103d) 1-(1-((2R)-2-Amino-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)-4-methylpiperazin-2-one
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97-1.01 (9H, m), 1.61-1.67 (5H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.59-2.65 (3H, m), 3.12-3.20 (4H, m), 4.16-4.23 (1H, m), 4.57-5.14 (5H, m), 5.56-5.62 (1H, m), 7.31-7.35 (5H, m).

20

103d) 1-(1-((2R)-2-Amino-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)-4-methylpiperazin-2-one
Benzyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(4-methyl-2-oxo-1-piperazinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.18 g) obtained in Example 103c) was dissolved in ethanol (10

25

ml), 10% palladium carbon (50% water content; 20 mg) was added thereto, and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to 5 obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.12 g, 91%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-1.00 (9H, m), 1.47-1.70 (7H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.63-2.64 (3H, m), 3.13-3.21 (5H, m), 4.11-4.15 (1H, m), 4.71-4.81 (2H, m).

103e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(⁽⁴⁻
10 (4-methyl-2-oxo-1-piperazinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

To a solution of 1-(1-((2R)-2-amino-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)-4-methylpiperazin-2-one (0.12 g) obtained in Example 103d) in acetonitrile (5 ml) 15 was added 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (57 mg), and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (46 mg, 27%).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.01-1.05 (9H, m), 1.63-1.76 (4H, m), 2.30-2.33 (3H, m), 2.52-2.66 (3H, m), 3.03-3.23 (5H, m), 4.27-4.33 (1H, m), 4.74-4.89 (3H, m), 5.98-6.09 (1H, m), 7.15-7.30 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₄ClN₅O₃·0.3H₂O·0.4AcOEt
25 Calcd. (%): C, 58.55; H, 7.55; N, 13.88

Found (%): C, 58.73; H, 7.78; N, 13.66

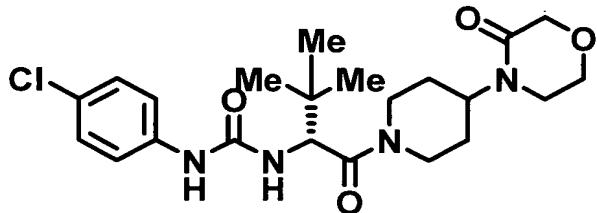
[0158]

Example 104

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-oxo-

5 4-morpholinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 127]



104a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(3-oxo-4-morpholinyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

10 *tert*-Butyl 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (2.4 g) obtained in Example 91a) and triethylamine (1.0 g) were dissolved in THF (70 ml). While the mixture was cooled to 0°C, chloroacetyl chloride (0.72 ml) was added dropwise thereto, and mixed at 0°C for 2 hours. Sodium hydride (60%; 1.0 g) and DMF (30 ml) were added to the reaction mixture, and mixed at 80°C for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, water was added thereto, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified

with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/hexane = 1/1 to ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.51 g, 18%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.58-1.67 (4H, m), 2.77-
2.85 (2H, m), 3.26 (2H, t, J=5.1), 3.88 (2H, t, J=5.1),
4.19 (2H, s), 4.22 (2H, br), 4.60-4.68 (2H, m).

104b) Benzyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-oxo-4-morpholinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

tert-Butyl 4-(3-oxo-4-morpholinyl)-1-

10 piperidinecarboxylate (0.28 g) obtained in Example 104a) was dissolved in trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) and dichloromethane (2 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (3 ml). The reaction solution was added to a solution of Z-D-tert-leucine (0.27 g), HOBT (0.23 g), triethylamine (0.51 g) and WSC (0.29 g) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was added, and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed sequentially with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution, water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a

colorless oil (0.39 g, 90%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98-1.01 (9H, m), 1.54-1.76 (4H, m), 2.61-2.69 (1H, m), 3.15-3.25 (3H, m), 3.82-3.90 (2H, m), 4.19-4.24 (3H, m), 4.57-4.60 (1H, m), 4.71-4.81 (2H, m), 5.08-5.10 (2H, m), 5.58-5.61 (1H, m), 7.35-7.36 (5H, m).

104c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-oxo-4-morpholinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

Benzyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(3-oxo-4-morpholinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.38 g) obtained in Example 104b) was dissolved in ethanol (10 ml), 10% palladium carbon (50 mg) was added thereto, and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml), 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.14 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 10/1) to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 93%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.03-1.05 (9H, m), 1.45-1.81 (4H, m), 2.60-2.73 (1H, m), 3.05-3.28 (3H, m), 3.76-3.91 (2H, m), 4.17-4.20 (2H, m), 4.31-4.35 (1H, m), 4.70-4.79 (2H, m), 4.86-4.90 (1H, m), 6.05-6.16 (1H, m), 7.15-7.35 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{23}H_{34}ClN_5O_3 \cdot 0.3H_2O \cdot 0.4AcOEt$

Calcd. (%): C, 58.55; H, 7.55; N, 13.88

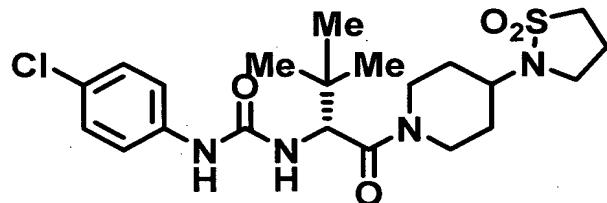
Found (%): C, 58.73; H, 7.78; N, 13.66

[0159]

5 Example 105

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-($(1R)$ -1-((4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 128]



10

105a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

tert-Butyl 4-amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (1.6 g) and pyridine (0.93 g) were dissolved in dichloromethane (20 ml).

15 While the mixture was cooled to 0°C, 3-

chloropropanesulfonyl chloride (1.1 ml) was added dropwise thereto, and mixed 0°C for 2 hours. To the reaction

mixture was added a saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution, and the organic layer was collected by separation.

20 The organic layer was washed with saturated brine, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in DMF (50 ml), cesium carbonate (2.6

g) was added thereto, and mixed at 80°C for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, water was added thereto, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel column (ethyl acetate/hexane = 3/1 to ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless oil (0.69 g, 34%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.56-1.69 (2H, m), 1.86-1.90 (2H, m), 2.30-2.40 (1H, m), 2.80 (2H, m), 3.15 (2H, t, J=7.6), 3.27 (2H, t, J=6.7), 3.53-3.61 (1H, m), 4.11-4.16 (2H, m).

105b) Benzyl (1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

To tert-Butyl 4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.30 g) obtained in Example 105a) was added a 4 N solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (10 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and water was removed from the residue by azeotropy with ethanol. The residue was added to a solution of Z-D-tert-leucine (0.27 g), HOEt (0.23 g), triethylamine (0.30 g) and WSC (0.29 g) in acetonitrile (10

ml), and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was washed sequentially with an aqueous 5 sodium hydrogen carbonate solution, water, a 5% aqueous citric acid solution and saturated brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.37 g, 82%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97-1.00 (9H, m), 1.56-1.72 (3H, m), 1.89-2.05 (2H, m), 2.30-2.38 (2H, m), 2.62-2.71 (1H, m), 3.11-3.27 (4H, m), 3.60-3.70 (1H, m), 4.09-4.16 (1H, m), 4.56-4.60 (1H, m), 4.71-4.72 (1H, m), 5.03-5.13 (2H, m), 5.58-5.61 (1H, m), 7.35-7.36 (5H, m).

15 105c) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-1-((4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)-2,2-dimethylpropyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 104c), the title compound as colorless powder (0.33 g, 85%) was obtained from benzyl (¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(1,1-dioxide-2-isothiazolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.37 g) obtained in Example 105b).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.98-1.05 (9H, m), 1.48-1.97 (4H, m), 2.24-2.39 (2H, m), 2.66-2.78 (1H, m), 3.05-3.29 (5H, m), 3.59-3.70 (1H, m), 4.26-4.32 (1H, m), 4.53-4.71 (1H, m),

4.85-4.91 (1H, m), 6.02-6.14 (1H, m), 7.15-7.28 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{21}H_{31}ClN_4O_4S \cdot 0.5H_2O \cdot 0.1AcOEt$

Calcd. (%): C, 52.58; H, 6.76; N, 11.46

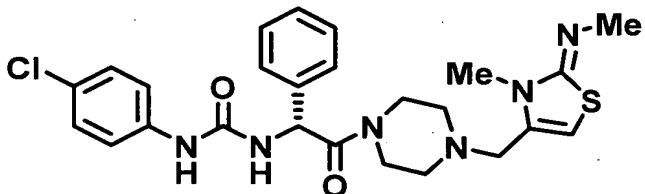
Found (%): C, 52.61; H, 6.36; N, 11.11

5 [0160]

Example 106

$N-(4\text{-Chlorophenyl})-N'-(1R)-2-(4-((2Z)-3\text{-methyl}-2\text{-}(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1\text{-piperazinyl}-2\text{-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea}$

10 [Chemical formula 129]



106a) *tert*-Butyl (1R)-2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-phenylglycine (0.50 g) and HOBT (0.46 g) in acetonitrile (15 ml) was added WSC (0.58 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, a solution of $N-((2Z)-3\text{-methyl}-4-(1\text{-piperazinyl)methyl}-1,3\text{-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)methanamine trihydrochloride}$ (0.67 g) obtained in Reference Example 3, DBU (0.91 g) and triethylamine (0.84 ml) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at

room temperature for 15 hours, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and the mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as pale brown powder (0.90 g, 99%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.41 (9H, m), 1.87-1.91 (1H, m), 2.26-
10 2.44 (3H, m), 2.98 (3H, s), 3.14 (2H, s), 3.29 (3H, s),
3.37-3.64 (4H, m), 5.54 (1H, d, J=7.8), 5.67 (1H, s), 6.04
(1H, d, J=7.8), 7.29-7.37 (5H, m).

15 106b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.43 g, 92%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate (0.42 g) obtained in Example 106a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.73-2.43 (4H, m), 2.98 (3H, s), 3.15 (2H, s), 3.29 (3H, s), 3.42-3.65 (4H, m), 5.67 (1H, s), 5.83-5.86 (1H, m), 6.50 (1H, m), 6.75 (1H, m), 7.21-7.34 (9H, m).

25 Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₉ClN₆O₂S·0.5H₂O·0.2AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 57.80; H, 5.87; N, 15.68

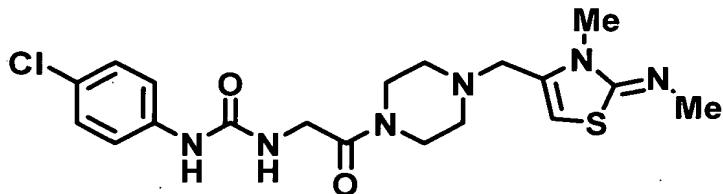
Found (%): C, 58.06; H, 6.17; N, 15.46

[0161]

Example 107

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 130]



10 107a) tert-Butyl 2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 106a), the title compound as a yellow solid (0.84 g, 88%) was obtained from Boc-glycine (0.44 g).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.42-2.45 (4H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.26 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.37-3.98 (7H, m), 5.50 (1H, br), 5.74 (1H, s).

107b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title

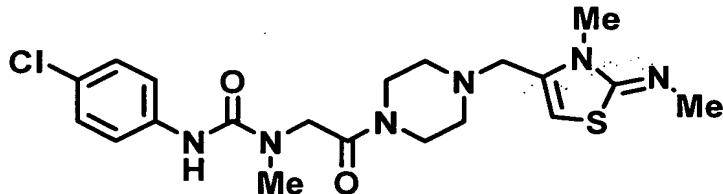
compound as colorless powder (66 mg, 29%) was obtained from tert-butyl 2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.20 g) obtained in Example 107a).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.42-2.45 (4H, m), 2.98 (3H, s), 3.29 (2H, s), 3.35 (3H, s), 3.46-3.49 (2H, m), 3.66-3.69 (2H, m), 4.25 (2H, s), 5.80 (1H, s), 6.99 (1H, d, J=0.9), 7.22 (2H, dd, J=1.8, 8.7), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.7), 7.63 (1H, d, J=1.5).
10 Elemental analysis for C₁₉H₂₅ClN₆O₂S·0.5H₂O
 Calcd. (%): C, 51.17; H, 5.88; N, 18.84
 Found (%): C, 51.43; H, 5.70; N, 18.69

[0162]

Example 108

N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea
15 [Chemical formula 131]



108a) tert-Butyl methyl(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate
20 In the same manner as in Example 106a), the title

compound as a yellow oil (0.95 g, 96%) was obtained from Boc-sarcosine (0.47 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 2.42 (4H, m), 2.92 (3H, s), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.25 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.37-4.05 (6H, m), 5.74 (1H, s).

108b) N'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (52 mg, 21%) was obtained from tert-butyl methyl(2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)carbamate (0.22 g) obtained in Example 108a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.43-2.46 (4H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.11 (3H, s), 3.26 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.46-3.49 (2H, m), 3.61-3.64 (2H, m), 4.19 (2H, s), 5.74 (1H, s), 6.97 (1H, br), 7.22 (2H, dt, J=1.8, 8.7), 7.32 (2H, dt, J=1.8, 8.7).

Elemental analysis for C₂₀H₂₇ClN₆O₂S·0.2H₂O·0.2AcOEt

Calcd. (%): C, 52.91; H, 6.19; N, 17.80

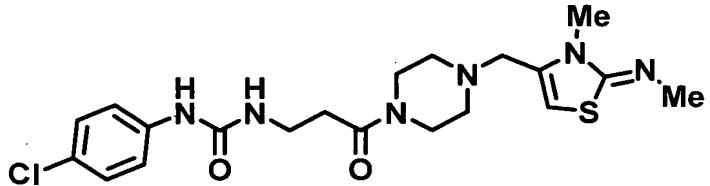
20 Found (%): C, 52.75; H, 6.18; N, 17.84

[0163]

Example 109

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

[Chemical formula 132]



109a) *tert*-Butyl 3-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 106a), the title compound as a yellow oil (0.97 g, 98%) was obtained from *Boc*- β -alanine (0.47 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.43 (9H, s), 2.40-2.44 (4H, m), 2.48-2.52 (2H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.25 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.41-3.47 (4H, m), 3.59-3.63 (2H, m), 5.29 (1H, m), 5.74 (1H, s).

15 109b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(3-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxopropyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (50 mg, 20%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 3-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-3-oxopropylcarbamate (0.22 g) obtained in Example 109a).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 2.38-2.44 (4H, m), 2.58 (2H, t, J=5.4), 2.99 (3H, s), 3.24 (2H, s), 3.34 (3H, s), 3.45 (2H, t, J=4.8), 3.53-3.61 (4H, m), 5.72 (1H, s), 5.76 (1H, br),

7.19-7.30 (4H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{20}H_{27}ClN_6O_2S \cdot 0.6H_2O \cdot 0.1AcOEt$

Calcd. (%): C, 52.06; H, 6.21; N, 17.86

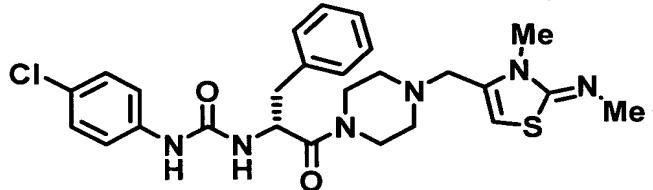
Found (%): C, 51.85; H, 6.25; N, 17.74

5 [0164]

Example 110

N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

10 [Chemical formula 133]



110a) *tert*-Butyl (1R)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 106a), the title
15 compound as a yellow oil (0.20 g, 42%) was obtained from
Boc-D-phenylalanine (0.27 g).

NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.42 (9H, s), 1.80-2.40 (5H, m), 2.92-
2.96 (3H, m), 2.99 (3H, s), 3.20-3.29 (2H, m), 3.30 (3H, s),
3.53 (2H, m), 4.80-4.82 (2H, m), 5.39-5.42 (1H, m), 5.68
20 (1H, s), 7.17-7.29 (5H, m).

110b) N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-

(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-N'-(4-chlorophenyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as pale brown powder (0.11 g, 52%) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-1-benzyl-2-(4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethylcarbamate (0.19 g) obtained in Example 110a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.64-2.35 (4H, m), 2.93-3.14 (2H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.12 (2H, s), 3.30 (3H, s), 3.38-3.59 (4H, m), 5.14-5.18 (1H, m), 5.69 (1H, s), 6.75 (1H, d, J=9.0), 7.16-7.33 (9H, m), 7.62 (1H, s).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₃₁ClN₆O₂S·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 58.25; H, 6.02; N, 15.68

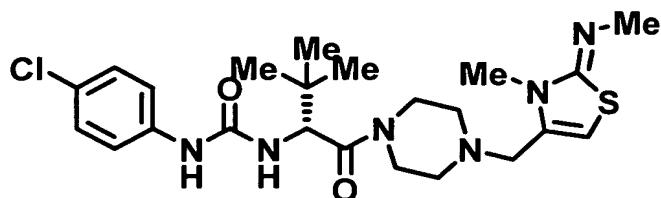
15 Found (%): C, 58.05; H, 6.11; N, 15.39

[0165]

Example 111

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 134]



111a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(((2*Z*)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 106a), the title compound as yellow powder (0.39 g, 89%) was obtained from Boc-*D*-*tert*-leucine (0.23 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.97 (9H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 2.40-2.52 (4H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.25 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.50-3.85 (4H, m), 4.48-4.51 (1H, m), 5.32-5.35 (1H, m), 5.74 (1H, s).

111b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2*Z*)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylurea

15 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 28%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2*Z*)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.39 g) obtained in Example 111a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (9H, s), 2.29-2.58 (4H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.23 (2H, s), 3.36 (3H, s), 3.40-3.90 (4H, m), 4.82-4.85 (1H, m), 5.73 (1H, s), 5.97-6.00 (1H, m), 7.19-7.26 (5H, m).

25 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₃ClN₆O₂S·H₂O·0.2AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 54.07; H, 6.98; N, 15.90

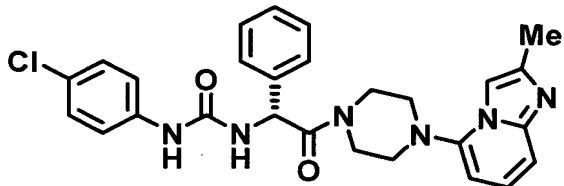
Found (%): C, 53.87; H, 6.88; N, 15.60

[0166]

Example 112

5 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 135]



112a) *tert*-Butyl ^(1R)-2-(4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-phenylglycine (0.25 g) and HOBT (0.23 g) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was added WSC (0.29 g), and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, a solution of 2-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine dihydrochloride (0.29 g) obtained in Reference Example 4, DBU (0.30 g) and 15 triethylamine (0.42 ml) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours, and then the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, and the reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution 20 and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was

distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a yellow oil (0.41 g, 91%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43 (9H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.93-3.65 (8H, m), 5.64 (1H, d, J=7.5), 6.02-6.13 (1H, m), 7.06-7.42 (9H, m).

112b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2-(4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

10 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.45 g, quantitative, 21%ee) was obtained from tert-butyl (1R)-2-(4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethylcarbamate (0.40 g) obtained in Example 112a).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.72-1.94 (2H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.51-3.99 (6H, m), 5.93 (1H, d, J=7.2), 6.12 (1H, d, J=7.1), 6.50-6.56 (1H, m), 7.07-7.40 (9H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₇ClN₆O₂·1.4H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 61.39; H, 5.69; N, 15.91

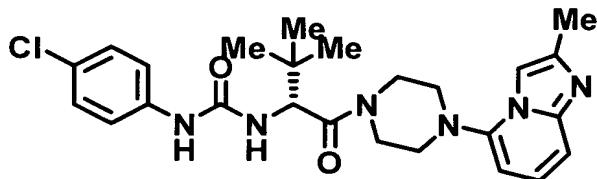
20 Found (%): C, 61.64; H, 5.96; N, 15.53

[0167]

Example 113

25 N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 136]



113a) *tert*-Butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 112a), the title compound as yellow powder (0.24 g, 56%) was obtained from Boc-D-*tert*-leucine (0.23 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (9H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.14 (4H, m), 3.84-4.00 (4H, m), 4.57 (1H, d, J=9.8), 5.35 (1H, d, J=10.2), 6.25 (1H, d, J=7.1), 7.11-7.33 (3H, m).

113b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 15b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.11 g, 41%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl (1*R*)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-5-yl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propylcarbamate (0.24 g) obtained in Example 113a).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.06 (9H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.03-3.16 (4H, m), 3.74-4.14 (4H, m), 4.90 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.00 (1H,

d, $J=9.5$), 6.22 (1H, d, $J=7.2$), 7.10-7.34 (8H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{25}H_{31}ClN_6O_2 \cdot 0.6H_2O \cdot 0.3Et_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 61.34; H, 6.92; N, 16.38

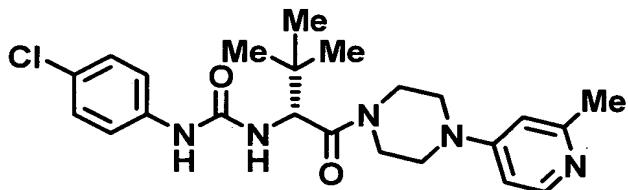
Found (%): C, 61.13; H, 6.81; N, 16.22

5 [0168]

Example 114

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 137]



10 114a) 1-Benzyl-4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)piperazine

A solution of 1-benzylpiperazine (6.8 g) and 4-chloro-2-methylpyridine (4.9 g) in acetic acid (20 ml) was heated under reflux for 15 hours, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in water, and the reaction mixture was basified with potassium carbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (10 g, quantitative).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.44 (3H, s), 2.53-2.58 (4H, m), 3.29-3.34 (4H, m), 3.55 (2H, s), 6.46-6.53 (2H, m), 7.29-7.35 (5H, m), 8.16 (1H, d, J=6.2).

114b) 1-(2-Methyl-4-pyridinyl)piperazine

5 1-Benzyl-4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)piperazine (10.3 g) obtained in Example 114a) and 10% palladium carbon (1.0 g) were added to methanol (200 ml), and mixed under hydrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 7 days. The catalyst was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under 10 reduced pressure. The residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) and recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound as a colorless needle-like crystal (2.58 g, 38%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.45 (3H, s), 2.96-3.01 (4H, m), 3.25-3.30 (4H, m), 6.48-6.55 (2H, m), 8.17 (1H, d, J=6.0).

15 114c) tert-Butyl ((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate

To a solution of Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.23 g) in 20 methylene chloride (5 ml) were added HOBr (0.20 g), WSC (0.29 g) and triethylamine (0.28 ml) under ice-cooling, and the reaction mixture was mixed at 0°C for 15 minutes. Then, 1-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)piperazine (0.18 g) obtained in Example 114b) was added thereto, and further mixed at room 25 temperature for 13 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in

ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified 5 with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (0.35 g, 90%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.00 (9H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.20-3.50 (4H, m), 3.58-3.80 (2H, m), 3.82-3.98 (2H, m), 4.52 (1H, d, J=10.2), 5.31 (1H, d, J=10.2), 6.49-6.53 (2H, 10 m), 8.21 (1H, d, J=5.8).

114d) 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

A solution of tert-butyl ((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-methyl-4-pyridinyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)carbamate 15 (0.35 g) obtained in Example 114c) in trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was mixed at room temperature for 1 hour, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in THF (5 ml), triethylamine (0.3 ml) and 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.14 g) were added thereto, and 20 mixed at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent 25 was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue

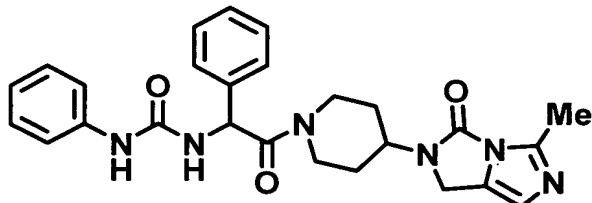
was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate-hexane to obtain the title compound as a colorless needle-like crystal (0.26 g, 59%).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04 (9H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.12-3.48 (4H, m), 3.60-4.10 (4H, m), 4.86 (1H, d, J=9.4), 5.98 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.47-6.51 (2H, m), 7.22 (4H, m), 7.37 (1H, s), 8.21 (1H, d, J=5.8).

10 Elemental analysis for C₂₃H₃₀ClN₅O₂·0.5AcOEt
Calcd. (%): C, 61.53; H, 7.02; N, 14.35
Found (%): C, 61.90; H, 7.28; N, 14.14
[0169]

Example 115

15 N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-phenylurea
[Chemical formula 138]



115a) 2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride

20 tert-Butyl 2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-

phenylethylcarbamate (13 g) obtained in Example 50a) was dissolved in concentrated hydrochloric acid (30 ml) and ethanol (30 ml). The reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 30 minutes, and then the solvent was 5 distilled off under reduced pressure. Water in the residue was removed by azeotropy with ethanol to obtain the title compound as pale yellow powder (12 g, quantitative).

10 NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.41-2.09 (4H, m), 2.71-2.76 (3H, m), 2.79-2.81 (1H, m), 3.12-3.40 (1H, m), 3.63-4.12 (3H, m), 4.40-4.55 (2H, m), 4.64 (1H, s), 5.59-5.60 (1H, m), 7.45-7.57 (5H, m), 8.72-8.82 (3H, m).

15 115b) N-((2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-phenylurea

20 2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.21 g) obtained in Example 115a) and DBU (0.15 g) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml). Phenyl isocyanate (66 mg) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with silica gel 25

column (ethyl acetate to ethyl acetate/methanol = 5/1) and solidified with ethyl acetate and diethyl ether to obtain the title compound (0.14 g, 59%) as colorless powder.

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34-1.87 (5H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 5 2.64-3.16 (2H, m), 3.77-4.23 (4H, m), 4.77-4.81 (1H, m), 5.89-5.99 (1H, m), 6.55-6.71 (2H, m), 6.90-7.45 (10H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₈N₆O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 64.85; H, 6.07; N, 17.45

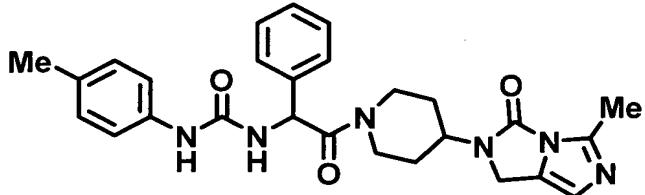
Found (%): C, 65.04; H, 6.01; N, 17.24

10 [0170]

Example 116

N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-methylphenyl)urea

15 [Chemical formula 139]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (92 mg, 19%) was obtained from 4-methylphenyl isocyanate (73 mg).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.62-1.87 (4H, m), 2.29 (3H, s), 2.56-20 2.60 (3H, m), 2.64-3.16 (2H, m), 3.77-4.23 (4H, m), 4.77-4.81 (1H, m), 5.88-5.98 (1H, m), 6.60-6.95 (3H, m), 7.06-

7.17 (4H, m), 7.35-7.42 (5H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{27}H_{30}N_6O_3 \cdot 0.5H_2O$

Calcd. (%): C, 65.44; H, 6.31; N, 16.96

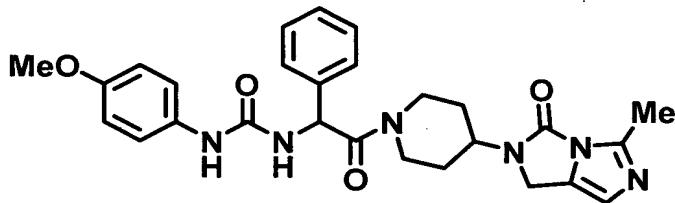
Found (%): C, 65.45; H, 6.52; N, 16.81

5 [0171]

Example 117

N-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

10 [Chemical formula 140]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.18 g, 72%) was obtained from 4-methoxyphenyl isocyanate (82 mg).

15 NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ : 1.30-1.90 (4H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 2.64-3.15 (2H, m), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.76-4.23 (4H, m), 4.76-4.80 (1H, m), 5.87-5.96 (1H, m), 6.42-6.84 (3H, m), 7.16-7.42 (9H, m).

Elemental analysis for $C_{27}H_{30}N_6O_4 \cdot 0.5H_2O$

20 Calcd. (%): C, 63.39; H, 6.11; N, 16.43

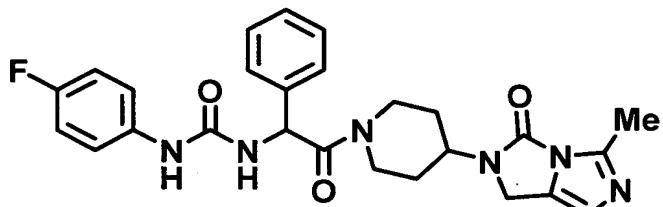
Found (%): C, 63.53; H, 6.13; N, 16.13

[0172]

Example 118

N-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N'-(1*R*)-2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

5 [Chemical formula 141]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.12 g, 49%) was obtained from 4-fluorophenyl isocyanate (69 mg).

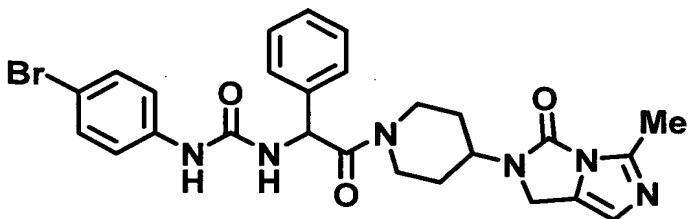
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29-1.93 (4H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m),
 10 2.64-3.18 (2H, m), 3.79-4.24 (4H, m), 4.76-4.81 (1H, m),
 5.88-5.97 (1H, m), 6.63-6.72 (2H, m), 6.91-7.38 (10H, m).
 Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇FN₆O₃·0.5H₂O·0.1Et₂O
 Calcd. (%): C, 62.67; H, 5.78; N, 16.61
 Found (%): C, 62.89; H, 5.77; N, 16.42

15 [0173]

Example 119

N-(4-Bromophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1*H*-imidazo[1,5-*c*]imidazol-2(3*H*)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 142]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.21 g, 76%) was obtained from 4-bromophenyl isocyanate (99 mg).

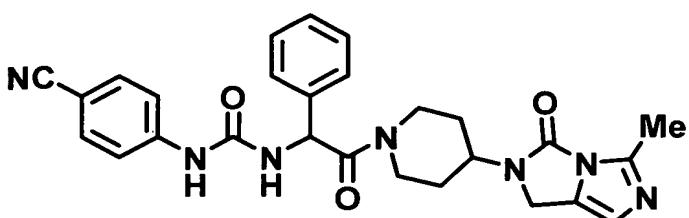
5 NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.32-1.93 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m),
2.73-3.22 (2H, m), 3.82-4.30 (4H, m), 4.78-4.82 (1H, m),
5.88-5.95 (1H, m), 6.67-6.87 (2H, m), 7.30-8.04 (10H, m).
Elemental analysis for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{27}\text{BrN}_6\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
Calcd. (%): C, 55.72; H, 5.04; N, 15.00
10 Found (%): C, 55.80; H, 5.01; N, 14.79

[0174]

Example 120

15 N- (4-Cyanophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 143]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.21 g, 70%) was obtained

from 4-cyanophenyl isocyanate (72 mg).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.32-1.93 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.65-3.18 (2H, m), 3.79-4.25 (4H, m), 4.76-4.81 (1H, m), 5.89-5.97 (1H, m), 6.66-6.76 (2H, m), 7.13-7.50 (10H, m).

5 Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₇N₇O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 64.02; H, 5.57; N, 19.36

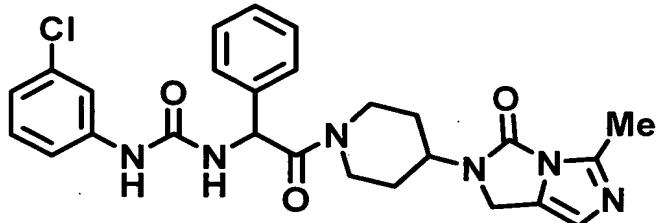
Found (%): C, 63.96; H, 5.75; N, 18.98

[0175]

Example 121

10 N-(3-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 144]



15 In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.20 g, 79%) was obtained from 3-chlorophenyl isocyanate (77 mg).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.32-1.95 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.68-3.19 (2H, m), 3.80-4.29 (4H, m), 4.78-4.84 (1H, m), 5.91-5.99 (1H, m), 6.66-7.69 (12H, m).

20 Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 60.52; H, 5.47; N, 16.29

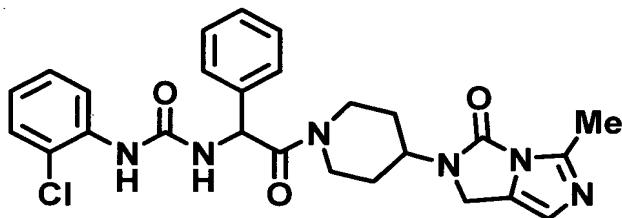
Found (%): C, 60.81; H, 5.49; N, 16.05

[0176]

Example 122

5 N-(2-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 145]



10 In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.17 g, 65%) was obtained from 2-chlorophenyl isocyanate (77 mg).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.32-1.92 (4H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 2.67-3.14 (2H, m), 3.99-4.26 (4H, m), 4.81-4.85 (1H, m), 5.88-6.00 (1H, m), 6.67-6.72 (1H, m), 6.85-7.48 (10H, m), 8.05-8.08 (1H, m).

15 Elemental analysis for C₂₆H₂₇ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 60.52; H, 5.47; N, 16.29

Found (%): C, 60.70; H, 5.58; N, 16.02

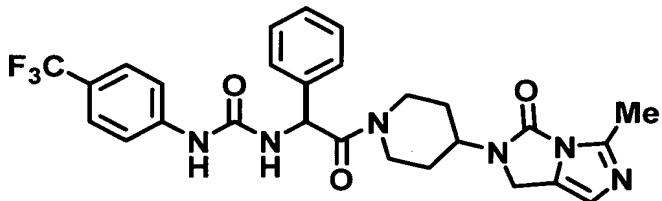
[0177]

Example 123

20 N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-

trifluoromethylphenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 146]



In the same manner as in Example 115b), the title compound as colorless powder (0.22 g, 82%) was obtained from 4-trifluoromethylphenyl isocyanate (0.10 g).

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.32-1.90 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.70-3.23 (2H, m), 3.81-4.28 (4H, m), 4.79-4.83 (1H, m), 5.90-5.98 (1H, m), 6.67-6.75 (1H, m), 6.83-6.85 (1H, m), 7.30-7.41 (9H, m), 7.78-7.87 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{27}\text{F}_3\text{N}_6\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O} \cdot 0.1\text{Et}_2\text{O}$

Calcd. (%): C, 59.19; H, 5.26; N, 15.12

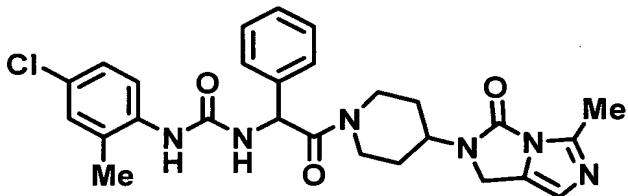
Found (%): C, 59.30; H, 5.24; N, 14.83

[0178]

Example 124

N-(4-Chloro-2-methylphenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 147]



2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.21 g) obtained in Example 115a) was dissolved in acetonitrile (5.0 ml). Triethylamine (0.14 ml) and 4-chloro-2-methylphenyl isocyanate (80 mg) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate/hexane = 1/1 to ethyl acetate). The product was crystallized from ethyl acetate-diethyl ether to obtain the title compound as colorless powder (0.16 g, 61%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33-1.92 (3H, m), 2.15 (3H, s), 2.56-2.84 (4H, m), 3.78-4.24 (4H, m), 4.77 (1H, d, J=12.4), 5.85-5.94 (1H, m), 6.58-6.73 (3H, m), 7.10-7.13 (2H, m), 7.30-7.43 (6H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₂₉ClN₆O₃·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 61.18; H, 5.71; N, 15.86

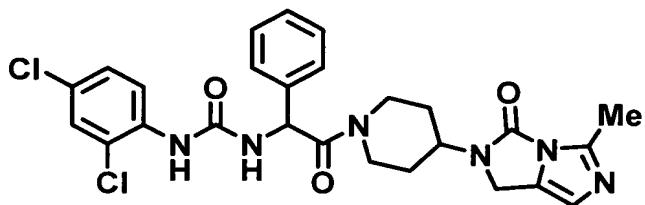
Found (%): C, 61.31; H, 5.96; N, 15.61

[0179]

Example 125

N-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 148]



In the same manner as in Example 124, the title compound as colorless powder (0.13 g, 47%) was obtained from 2,4-dichlorophenyl isocyanate (0.09 g).

NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.18-1.88 (4H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 2.67-3.20 (2H, m), 3.80-4.26 (4H, m), 4.81 (1H, d, $J=13.4$), 5.89-6.00 (1H, m), 6.67-6.73 (1H, m), 7.08-7.46 (10H, m), 8.01-8.05 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{26}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_6\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.25\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Calcd. (%): C, 57.20; H, 4.89; N, 15.39

Found (%): C, 57.19; H, 5.01; N, 15.03

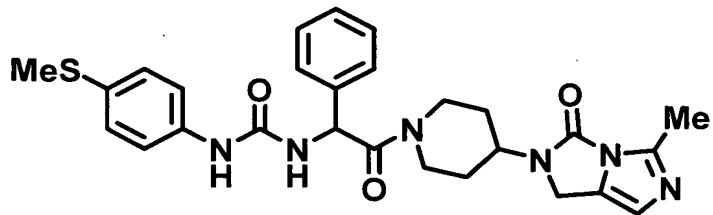
[0180]

Example 126

N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-

(methylthio)phenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 149]



In the same manner as in Example 124, the title
 5 compound as colorless powder (0.46 g, 60%) was obtained
 from 4-methylthiophenyl isocyanate (0.22 ml).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.19-1.83 (4H, m), 2.42 (3H, s), 2.56-
 2.59 (3H, m), 2.65-3.13 (2H, m), 3.78-4.22 (4H, m), 4.77
 (1H, d, J=13.2), 5.92-6.02 (1H, m), 6.66-6.86 (2H, m),
 10 7.12-7.19 (4H, m), 7.33-7.40 (5H, m), 7.50-7.66 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₃₀N₆O₃S·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 61.46; H, 5.92; N, 15.93

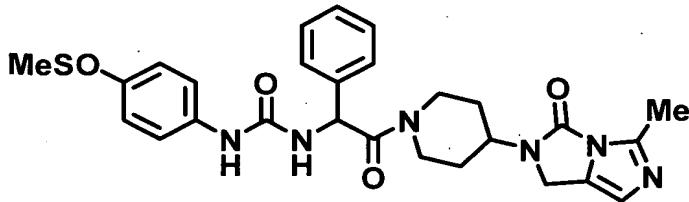
Found (%): C, 61.62; H, 6.13; N, 15.66

[0181]

15 Example 127

N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-
 2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-
 (methylsulfinyl)phenyl)urea

[Chemical formula 150]



In the same manner as in Example 67, the title compound as colorless powder (0.08 g, 73%) was obtained from N-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)urea (0.10 g) obtained in Example 126 and 3-chlorobenzoic acid (0.05 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42-1.85 (4H, m), 2.56-2.59 (3H, m), 2.69 (3H, s), 2.83-3.16 (1H, m), 3.80-4.27 (5H, m), 4.79 (1H, d, J=12.6), 5.89-5.97 (1H, m), 6.67-6.74 (1H, m), 7.01-7.04 (1H, m), 7.34-7.47 (9H, m), 8.26-8.33 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₃₀N₆O₄S·0.5AcOEt·0.5H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 59.27; H, 6.00; N, 14.30

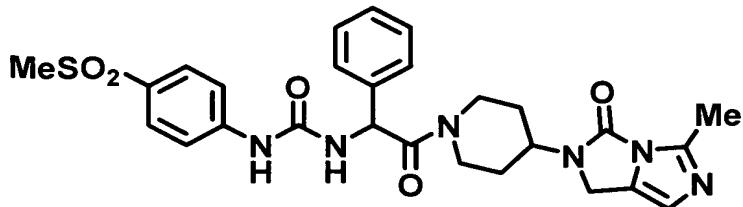
Found (%): C, 59.31; H, 5.78; N, 14.51

15 [0182]

Example 128

N-(2-(4-(5-Methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 151]



In the same manner as in Example 68, the title compound as colorless powder (0.07 g, 67%) was obtained from N-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)-N'-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)urea (0.10 g) obtained in Example 126 and 3-chlorobenzoic acid (0.11 g).

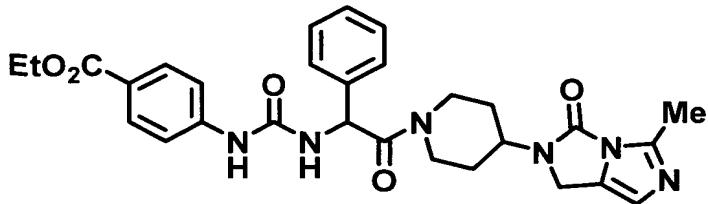
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48-2.05 (4H, m), 2.56-2.64 (3H, m), 2.77-2.90 (1H, m), 3.00 (3H, s), 3.15-3.28 (1H, m), 3.87-4.30 (4H, m), 4.81 (1H, d, J=13.4), 5.88-5.96 (1H, m), 6.68-6.76 (1H, m), 6.96-6.98 (1H, m), 7.36-7.42 (7H, m), 7.61-7.71 (2H, m), 8.26-8.33 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₇H₃₀N₆O₄S·1.5H₂O
 Calcd. (%): C, 56.14; H, 5.76; N, 14.55
 Found (%): C, 56.11; H, 5.59; N, 14.43

[0183]

Example 129

Ethyl 4-(((2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)amino)carbonyl)amino)benzoate
 [Chemical formula 152]



In the same manner as in Example 124, the title compound as colorless powder (0.54 g, 60%) was obtained from ethyl 4-isocyanatobenzoate (0.30 g).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.36 (3H, t, J=7.2), 1.51-1.90 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.73-3.16 (2H, m), 3.80-4.26 (4H, m), 4.33 (2H, q, J=7.2), 4.80 (1H, d, J=9.0), 5.94-6.03 (1H, m), 6.66-6.74 (1H, m), 6.95-6.99 (1H, m), 7.32-7.37 (7H, m), 7.85-8.04 (3H, m).

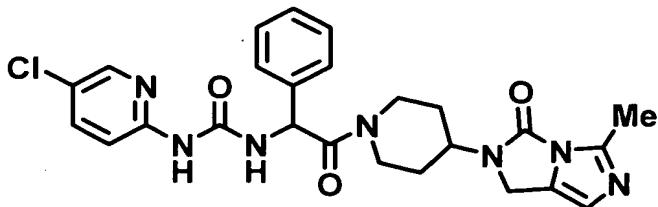
10 Elemental analysis for C₂₉H₃₂N₆O₅·0.5H₂O
Calcd. (%): C, 62.92; H, 6.01; N, 15.18
Found (%): C, 63.00; H, 5.98; N, 15.16

[0184]

Example 130

15 N-(5-Chloro-2-pyridinyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 153]



2-Amino-5-chloropyridine (0.64 g) and DBU (1.5 g) were dissolved in acetonitrile (10 ml), N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole (0.97 g) was added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. 2-(1-(2-Amino-2-phenylacetyl)-4-piperidinyl)-5-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-3-one dihydrochloride (0.85 g) obtained in Example 115a) and DBU (0.91 g) were added thereto, and the reaction mixture was mixed at room temperature for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform. The mixture was washed with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified with basic silica gel column (ethyl acetate) and crystallized from ethyl acetate to obtain the title compound (55 mg, 5%) as colorless powder.

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38-1.87 (4H, m), 2.57-2.60 (3H, m), 2.72-3.19 (2H, m), 3.79-4.24 (4H, m), 4.85-4.90 (1H, m), 5.95-6.03 (1H, m), 6.67-6.70 (1H, m), 6.96-6.99 (1H, m), 7.36-7.55 (6H, m), 8.20-8.23 (2H, m), 9.78-9.84 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₆ClN₇O₃·0.5H₂O

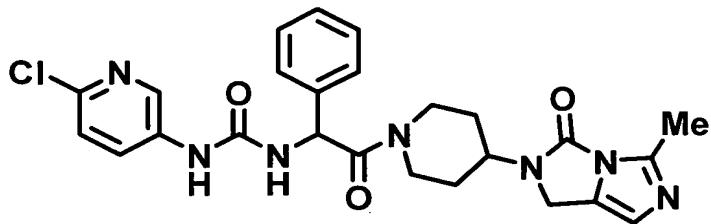
Calcd. (%): C, 58.08; H, 5.26; N, 18.97

Found (%): C, 58.35; H, 5.19; N, 19.09

[0185]

N-(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

[Chemical formula 154]



5 In the same manner as in Example 130, the title compound as colorless powder (0.40 g, 26%) was obtained from 3-amino-6-chloropyridine (0.39 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38-1.93 (4H, m), 2.56-2.60 (3H, m), 2.69-3.22 (2H, m), 3.82-4.34 (4H, m), 4.77-4.81 (1H, m), 5.89-5.95 (1H, m), 6.67-6.85 (2H, m), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.37-7.40 (5H, m), 7.94-8.04 (3H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₆ClN₇O₃·0.8H₂O·0.2IPE

Calcd. (%): C, 57.97; H, 5.64; N, 18.06

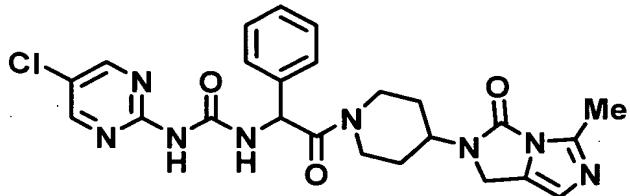
Found (%): C, 57.86; H, 5.36; N, 18.05

15 [0186]

Example 132

N-(5-Chloro-2-pyrimidinyl)-N'-(2-(4-(5-methyl-3-oxo-1H-imidazo[1,5-c]imidazol-2(3H)-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 155]



In the same manner as in Example 130, the title compound as colorless powder (0.50 g, 33%) was obtained from 2-amino-5-chloropyrimidine (0.39 g).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38-1.93 (4H, m), 2.57-2.60 (3H, m), 2.69-3.22 (2H, m), 3.82-4.27 (4H, m), 4.84-4.87 (1H, m), 5.91-6.00 (1H, m), 6.67-6.72 (1H, m), 7.38-7.65 (6H, m), 8.50 (2H, s), 9.97-10.09 (1H, m).

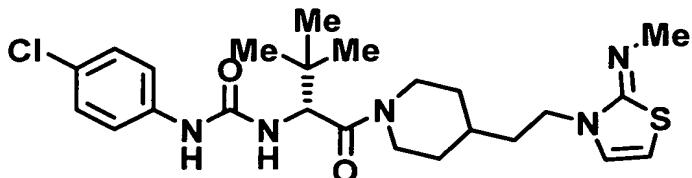
Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₂₅ClN₈O₃·0.3H₂O
10 Calcd. (%): C, 56.04; H, 5.02; N, 21.78
 Found (%): C, 56.05; H, 5.20; N, 21.58

[0187]

Example 133

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea hydrochloride

[Chemical formula 156]



133a) tert-Butyl 4-(2-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 4-(2-bromoethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (D. Brundish et al., J. Med. Chem., 42, 4584 (1999); 5.0 g) and 2-methylaminothiazole (O. Kemal et al., J. Chem. Soc. Perkin I, 5, 1569 (1981); 3.9 g) in 5 DMF (50 ml) was added potassium iodide (5.7 g), and mixed at 80°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform and a saturated aqueous potassium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was 10 collected by separation, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a brown oil (1.25 g, 22%).

15 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.06-1.21 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.47 (1H, m), 1.58-1.69 (4H, m), 2.59-2.74 (2H, m), 2.97 (3H, s), 3.75 (2H, t, J=7.4), 4.00-4.16 (2H, br), 5.90 (1H, d, J=4.9), 6.51 (1H, d, J=4.9).

133b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea hydrochloride

To tert-butyl 4-(2-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (1.3 g) obtained in Example 133a) was added concentrated hydrochloric acid (2 ml), subsequently, the mixture was diluted with ethanol, 25 and then concentrated under reduced pressure. to the

residue was added triethylamine (1.7 ml) and dissolved in acetonitrile (20 ml). WSC (1.1 g), HOBr (0.90 g) and Boc-D-tert-leucine (1.4 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was 5 concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform and a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was collected by separation and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the solvent was distilled off under reduced 10 pressure. To the residue was added trifluoroacetic acid (10 ml), and mixed for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was poured into chloroform and a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution, and the isolated organic layer was collected by separation. The organic layer was dried 15 over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile, 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate (0.60 g) was added thereto, and mixed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was 20 purified with silica gel column to obtain N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea as a white solid (0.98 g, 47%). The resulting compound was treated with a 4 N 25 solution of hydrochloric acid/ethyl acetate to obtain the

title compound as white powder.

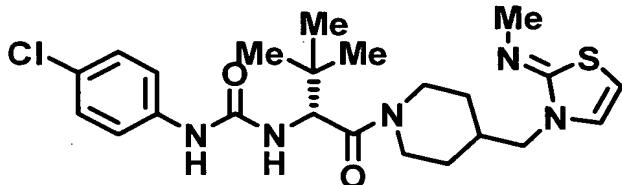
NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 0.88-0.99 (9H, m), 0.99-1.18 (2H, m), 1.56-1.81 (5H, m), 2.57 (1H, m), 2.99 (3H, s), 3.05 (1H, m), 4.04-4.19 (3H, m), 4.41 (1H, m), 4.67 (1H, t, J=9.1), 6.57 (1H, m), 7.13 (1H, m), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.46 (2H, m), 7.60 (1H, m), 9.07 (1H, m).

[0188]

Example 134

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 157]



134a) *tert*-Butyl 4-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 133a), the title compound as a brown oil (0.75 g, 14%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-bromomethyl-1-piperidinecarboxylate (R. J. DeVita et al., Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 9, 261 (1999); 4.8 g) and 2-methylaminothiazole (3.9 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.05-1.53 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.62-1.67 (2H, m), 2.01 (1H, m), 2.67 (2H, t, J=15.0), 2.97 (3H,

s), 3.59 (2H, br), 4.12 (2H, br), 5.90 (1H, d, $J=4.8$), 6.47 (1H, d, $J=4.8$).

134b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 133b), the title compound as a white solid (0.56 g, 49%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-((2Z)-2-(methylimino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.70 g) obtained in Example 134a).

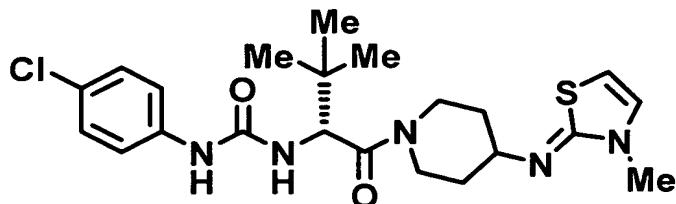
NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 0.95-1.08 (9H, m), 1.16-1.35 (2H, m), 1.61-1.88 (2H, m), 2.21 (1H, m), 2.55 (1H, m), 2.97 (3H, s), 3.02 (1H, m), 3.59-3.74 (2H, m), 4.14 (1H, m), 4.62 (1H, m), 4.86 (1H, m), 5.74 (1H, m), 6.15 (1H, m), 6.32 (1H, m), 6.50 (1H, m), 7.15-7.34 (5H, m).

[0189]

Example 135

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)amino)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 158]



135a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(1, 3-thiazol-2-yl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of *N*-Boc-4-aminopiperidine (6.0 g) in THF (100 ml) was added benzoyl isothiocyanate (4.1 ml), and 5 mixed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in methanol, potassium carbonate was added thereto, and mixed at 50°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was dissolved 10 in ethyl acetate. The mixture was washed with 1 N hydrochloric acid, a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and saturated brine. The ethyl acetate solution was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title 15 compound as a pale yellow solid (7.3 g, 94%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.26-1.45 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.98-2.08 (2H, m), 2.90 (2H, t, J=9.8), 3.98-4.10 (3H, m), 6.10 (2H, s), 6.74 (1H, d, J=7.2).

135b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(1, 3-thiazol-2-yl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate

tert-Butyl 4-(1, 3-thiazol-2-yl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (5.0 g) obtained in Example 135a) was dissolved in ethanol (50 ml), chloroacetaldehyde (40% water content: 5.7 ml) was added thereto, and heated under reflux 25 for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under

reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was collected by separation. The residue was basified with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and extracted with chloroform.

5 The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (3.2 g, 61%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33-1.49 (2H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.06 (2H, m), 2.92 (2H, m), 3.56 (1H, m), 4.02 (2H, d, J=10.5), 4.95 (1H, br), 5.71 (1H, d, J=4.8), 6.72 (1H, d, J=4.8).

135c) tert-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

15 To a solution of tert-butyl 4-(1, 3-thiazol-2-yl)amino-1-piperidinecarboxylate (2.5 g) obtained in Example 135b) in DMF (50 ml) was added methyl iodide (1.1 ml), and mixed at 80°C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform and an aqueous potassium carbonate solution. The organic layer was collected by separation, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.54 g, 21%).

20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.51-1.85 (4H, m), 2.82-3.08 (3H, m), 3.26 (3H, s), 3.96 (2H, br), 5.83 (1H, d,

$J=4.8$), 6.45 (1H, d, $J=4.8$).

135d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-*((4-*
((2Z)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)amino)-1-
 piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

5 In the same manner as in Example 133b), the title
 compound as a white solid (0.48 g, 61%) was obtained from
 tert-butyl 4-*((2Z)*-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-
 ylidene)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.50 g) obtained in
 Example 135c).

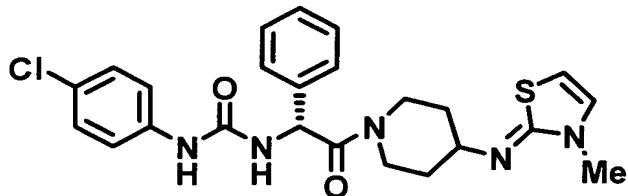
10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.03 (9H, s), 1.51-2.00 (4H, m), 3.02
 (1H, m), 3.20 (1H, m), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.46 (1H, m), 4.07-
 4.20 (2H, m), 4.96 (1H, m), 5.87 (1H, d, $J=4.7$), 6.37 (1H,
 d, $J=9.0$), 6.47 (1H, d, $J=4.7$), 7.14-7.29 (4H, m), 7.90 (1H,
 s).

15 [0190]

Example 136

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2-(4-*((2Z)*-3-methyl-1,3-
 thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)amino)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-
 phenylethyl)urea

20 [Chemical formula 159]



In the same manner as in Example 133b), the title

compound as colorless powder (0.22 g, 46%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-(((2Z)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene)amino)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.30 g) obtained in Example 135c).

5 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.24-1.83 (4H, m), 2.89-2.97 (1H, m), 3.18-3.25 (3H, m), 3.30-3.49 (2H, m), 3.82 (1H, m), 4.00-4.20 (1H, m), 5.80-5.83 (1H, m), 5.99-6.02 (1H, m), 6.41-6.45 (1H, m), 7.07-7.37 (10H, m), 7.77-7.80 (1H, m).

Elemental analysis for C₂₄H₂₆ClN₅O₂S

10 Calcd. (%): C, 59.56; H, 5.41; N, 14.47

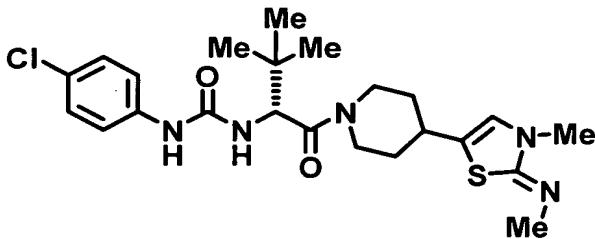
Found (%): C, 59.42; H, 5.40; N, 14.36

[0191]

Example 137

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 160]



137a) tert-Butyl 4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

20 A solution of tert-butyl 4-(1-bromo-2-oxoethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (21 g) and N,N'-dimethylthiourea (6.0

g) in ethanol (300 ml) was heated under reflux. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and water, and the aqueous layer was collected by separation. The residue was basified with an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and extracted with chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (12 g, 57%).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.46-1.55 (2H, m), 1.83-1.87 (2H, m), 2.55 (1H, m), 2.78 (2H, m), 2.98 (3H, s), 3.23 (3H, s), 4.14 (2H, br), 6.17 (1H, s).

137b) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

15 In the same manner as in Example 133b), the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.23 g, 52%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.29 g) obtained in Example 137a).

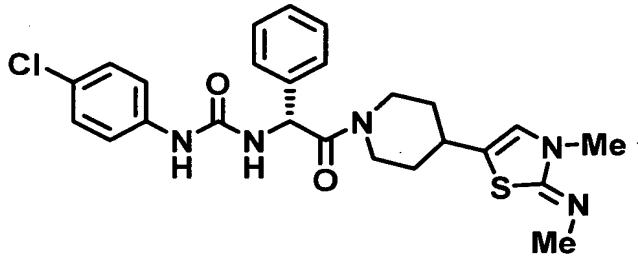
20 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-1.08 (9H, m), 1.36-1.52 (2H, m), 1.90-2.03 (2H, m), 2.60-2.76 (2H, m), 2.93-3.03 (3H, m), 3.17 (1H, m), 3.44 (3H, s), 4.30 (1H, m), 4.60 (1H, m), 4.83 (1H, d, J=9.0), 6.25-6.39 (2H, m), 7.12-7.22 (2H, m), 25 7.22-7.33 (3H, m), 7.93 (1H, m).

[0192]

Example 138

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2-(4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinyl)-2-oxo-1-phenylethyl)urea hydrochloride

[Chemical formula 161]



In the same manner as in Example 133b), the title compound (0.19 g, 71%, 70%ee) as colorless powder was obtained from tert-butyl 4-((2Z)-3-methyl-2-(methylimino)-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.16 g) obtained in Example 137a).

NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.44-1.91 (4H, m), 2.68-3.40 (7H, m), 3.51-3.56 (3H, m), 3.90-4.10 (1H, m), 4.44-4.48 (1H, m), 5.75-5.81 (1H, m), 7.05-7.11 (1H, m), 7.23-7.44 (9H, m), 9.07-9.09 (1H, m), 9.88 (1H, br).

Elemental analysis for C₂₅H₂₉Cl₂N₅O₂S·H₂O

Calcd. (%): C, 54.35; H, 5.66; N, 12.68

Found (%): C, 54.39; H, 5.65; N, 12.60

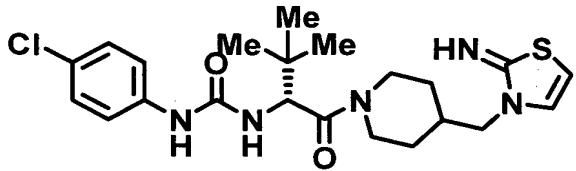
[0193]

Example 139

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(^(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2-

imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 162]



139a) *tert*-Butyl 4-((2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 133a), the title compound as a brown oil (0.90 g, 18%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-bromomethyl-1-piperidinecarboxylate (4.8 g) and 2-aminothiazole (3.4 g).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.08-1.22 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.67 (2H, d, J=12.9), 2.05 (1H, m), 2.68 (2H, t, J=13.2), 3.57 (2H, br), 4.12 (2H, br), 5.77 (1H, d, J=4.8), 6.33 (1H, d, J=4.8).

15 139b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-2-((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

To a solution of *tert*-butyl 4-((2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.9 g) obtained in Example 139a) and triethylamine (0.93 ml) in dichloromethane (10 ml) was added allyl chloroformate (0.35 ml) under ice-cooling, and mixed at 0°C for 12 hours. Ice chips were added to the reaction mixture to stop the

reaction, and diluted with ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was collected by separation, washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate water and saturated brine, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was 5 distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound as a colorless solid (1.1 g, 96%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.10-1.28 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.10 (1H, m), 2.65 (2H, t, J=11.0), 3.98 (2H, d, J=7.2), 4.69-4.74 (2H, m), 5.23 (1H, d, J=10.2), 5.35 (1H, d, J=15.8), 10 6.05 (1H, m), 6.58 (1H, d, J=4.8), 6.81 (1H, d, J=4.8).

139c) Allyl (2Z)-3-(1-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene carbamate

tert-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.49 g) 15 obtained in Example 139b) was dissolved in a 4 N solution of hydrochloric acid in dioxane (10 ml), and mixed at room temperature for 4 hours. To the reaction mixture was added an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and extracted with 20 chloroform. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile, triethylamine (0.36 ml), WSC (0.37 g), HOBr (0.29 g) and Boc-D-tert-leucine (0.44 g) were added thereto, and mixed at room temperature 25 for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under

reduced pressure, and the residue was dissolved in chloroform and a saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was collected by separation and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and the 5 solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in a 4 N solution of hydrochloric acid in dioxane and mixed at room temperature for 4 hours. To the reaction mixture was added an aqueous potassium carbonate solution and extracted with chloroform. The 10 extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile, 4-chlorophenyl isocyanate was added thereto, and mixed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue 15 was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a white solid (0.35 g, 50%).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.96-1.08 (9H, m), 1.20-1.35 (2H, m), 1.63-1.79 (2H, m), 2.29 (1H, m), 2.55 (1H, m), 3.03 (1H, m), 3.85 (1H, m), 4.03 (1H, d, J=7.7), 4.22 (1H, m), 4.61-4.74 20 (3H, m), 4.87 (1H, t, J=9.8), 5.23 (1H, d, J=10.4), 5.35 (1H, d, J=17.2), 6.06 (1H, m), 6.59-6.84 (2H, m), 7.16-7.23 (4H, m).

139d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(²⁵(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-(4-((2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)methyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

Allyl (2Z)-3-(1-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene carbamate (0.33 g) obtained in Example 139c) and meldrum's acid (0.13 g) were dissolved in THF (10 ml). The 5 solution was deaerated and substituted with argon. Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (0.07 g) was added thereto, and mixed under argon atmosphere for 12 hours. The precipitated insolubles were filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The 10 residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.14 g, 51%).

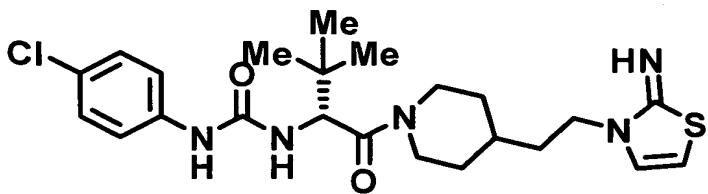
NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.95-1.08 (9H, m), 1.18-1.33 (2H, m), 1.61-1.86 (2H, m), 2.20 (1H, m), 2.58 (1H, m), 3.12 (1H, m), 3.43-3.63 (3H, m), 4.23 (1H, m), 4.63 (1H, m), 4.90 (1H, m), 15 5.74 (1H, m), 6.15-6.34 (2H, m), 7.15-7.34 (5H, m), 7.65 (1H, s).

[0194]

Example 140

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-((1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 163]



140a) *tert*-Butyl 4-(2-(2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 133a), the title compound as a brown oil (1.1 g, 20%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(2-bromoethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (5.0 g) and 2-aminothiazole (3.4 g).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04-1.25 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.50 (1H, m), 1.60-1.74 (4H, m), 2.67 (2H, t, J=11.0), 3.74 (2H, t, J=7.2), 4.07 (2H, d, J=11.0), 5.77 (1H, d, J=4.8), 6.37 (1H, d, J=4.8), 7.15-7.34 (5H, m), 7.65 (1H, s).

140b) *tert*-Butyl 4-(2-((2Z)-2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 139b), the title compound as a white solid (1.3 g, 96%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-(2-(2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (1.0 g) obtained in Example 140a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.12-1.22 (2H, m), 1.38 (1H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.69-1.76 (4H, m), 2.66 (2H, t, J=13.5), 4.08-4.20 (4H, m), 4.69-4.72 (2H, m), 5.20-5.25 (2H, m), 5.32-5.40 (2H, m), 5.97-6.11 (1H, m), 6.60 (1H, d, J=4.8), 6.86 (1H,

d, $J=4.8$).

140c) Allyl (2Z)-3-(1-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene carbamate

5 In the same manner as in Example 139c), the title compound as a white solid (0.40 g, 59%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-(2-((2Z)-2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.48 g) obtained in Example 140b).

10 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 0.97-1.06 (9H, m), 1.18-1.33 (2H, m), 1.53-1.87 (5H, m), 2.59 (1H, m), 3.03 (1H, m), 4.07-4.20 (3H, m), 4.60 (1H, m), 4.67-4.72 (2H, m), 4.89 (t, $J=8.7$), 5.23 (1H, d, $J=10.4$), 5.36 (1H, d, $J=17.1$), 6.10 (1H, m), 6.61 (1H, m); 6.83 (1H, m), 7.16-7.25 (4H, m), 7.33 (1H, d, 15 $J=10.4$).

140d) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(1R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-(2-(2-imino-1,3-thiazol-3(2H)-yl)ethyl)-1-piperidinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

20 In the same manner as in Example 139d), the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.24 g, 74%) was obtained from allyl (2Z)-3-(1-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-4-piperidinyl)ethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidene carbamate (0.38 g) obtained in Example 140c).

25 NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.00 (9H, s), 1.17-1.32 (2H, m), 1.55-1.86 (5H, m), 2.58 (1H, m), 3.02 (1H, m), 3.64-3.78 (2H, m),

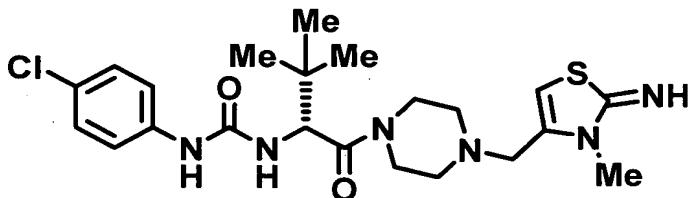
4.16 (1H, d, $J=13.4$), 4.58 (1H, m), 4.88 (1H, t, $J=9.1$),
 5.76 (1H, t, $J=5.2$), 6.19 (1H, d, $J=9.2$), 6.34 (1H, dd,
 $J=4.9, 13.4$), 7.15-7.29 (4H, m), 7.51 (1H, m).

[0195]

5 Example 141

N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(*(1R)*-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2-imino-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

[Chemical formula 164]



10 141a) tert-Butyl 4-((2-amino-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

A solution of Boc-piperazine (4.67 g), 2-amino-4-chloromethylthiazole hydrochloride (WO 0190090; 5.1 g) and potassium carbonate (8.4 g) in DMF (100 ml) was mixed at 15 65°C for 12 hours. The precipitated insolubles were filtered off, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified with silica gel column to obtain the title compound as a brown solid (5.6 g, 74%).

20 NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.45 (9H, s), 2.36-2.46 (4H, m), 3.42-3.49 (4H, m), 4.94 (2H, s), 6.32 (1H, s).

141b) *tert*-Butyl 4-((2-imino-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 135c), the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.56 g, 10%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-((2-amino-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (5.5 g) obtained in Example 141a).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 2.36-2.41 (4H, m), 3.20 (2H, s), 3.39 (3H, s), 3.39-3.45 (4H, m), 5.30 (1H, s), 10 5.64 (1H, s).

141c) *tert*-Butyl 4-(((2Z)-2-((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate

In the same manner as in Example 139b), the title compound as a white solid (0.63 g, 83%) was obtained from *tert*-butyl 4-((2-imino-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.59 g) obtained in Example 141b).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 2.34-2.42 (4H, m), 3.37-20 3.43 (4H, m), 3.41 (3H, s), 3.73 (2H, s), 4.69 (2H, d, J=6.0), 5.21 (1H, d, J=11.5), 5.35 (1H, d, J=17.1), 5.98-6.08 (1H, m), 6.38 (1H, s).

141d) Allyl (2Z)-3-(4-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-1-piperazinyl)methyl)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidenecarbamate

In the same manner as in Example 139c), the title compound as a white solid (0.23 g, 35%) was obtained from tert-butyl 4-(((2Z)-2-(((allyloxy)carbonyl)imino)-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.46 g) obtained in Example 141c).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.01 (9H, s), 2.28-2.59 (4H, m), 3.34-3.45 (3H, m), 3.55 (1H, m), 3.72 (3H, s), 3.69-3.76 (2H, m), 4.71 (2H, d, J=5.7), 4.81 (1H, d, J=9.2), 5.22 (1H, dd, J=1.1, 10.4), 5.36 (1H, d, J=17.4), 5.75 (1H, d, J=9.4), 6.03 (1H, m), 6.39 (1H, s), 6.78 (1H, s), 7.21-7.25 (4H, m).

141e) N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-N'-(¹R)-2,2-dimethyl-1-((4-((2-imino-3-methyl-2,3-dihydro-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl)propyl)urea

In the same manner as in Example 139d), the title compound as a pale yellow solid (0.14 g, 81%) was obtained from allyl (2Z)-3-(4-(2-(N'-(4-chlorophenyl)ureido)-3,3-dimethylbutyroyl)-1-piperazinyl)methyl)-3-methyl-1,3-thiazol-2(3H)-ylidenecarbamate (0.21 g) obtained in Example 141d).

NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.02 (9H, s), 2.21-2.52 (4H, m), 3.17 (2H, s), 3.34 (3H, s), 3.41 (1H, m), 3.56 (1H, m), 3.78-3.93 (2H, m), 4.84 (1H, d, J=9.4), 5.61 (1H, s), 6.13 (1H, d, J=9.4), 7.17-7.27 (4H, m), 7.45 (1H, s).

[0196]

25 Preparation Example 1

FXa inhibitors (e.g., therapeutic agent for deep vein thrombosis, therapeutic agent for cardiogenic cerebral infarction, etc.) comprising the compound represented by Formula (1) in the invention or a salt thereof as an active 5 ingredient can be prepared by, for example, the following formulation.

In addition, as ingredients (additives) other than the active ingredients in the following formulation, the list of ingredients according to Japanese Pharmacopoeia, 10 Pharmaceutical Specification out of Japanese Pharmacopoeia or Pharmaceutical Additives Specification can be used.

1. Capsule

(1) Compound obtained in Example 20	120 mg
(2) Lactose	210 mg
15 (3) Microcrystalline cellulose	27 mg
(4) Magnesium stearate	3 mg
1 Capsule	360 mg

(1), (2), (3) and 1/2 of (4) were mixed and then granulated. The remaining (4) was added thereto, and the 20 whole mixture was encapsulated in a gelatin capsule.

2. Capsule

(1) Compound obtained in Example 74	120 mg
(2) Lactose	210 mg
25 (3) Microcrystalline cellulose	27 mg
(4) Magnesium stearate	3 mg

1 Capsule	360 mg
-----------	--------

(1), (2), (3) and 1/2 of (4) were mixed and then granulated. The remaining (4) was added thereto, and the whole mixture was encapsulated in a gelatin capsule.

5 3. Tablet

(1) Compound obtained in Example 20	120 mg
(2) Lactose	174 mg
(3) Corn starch	54 mg
(4) Microcrystalline cellulose	10.5 mg
10 (5) Magnesium stearate	1.5 mg

1 Tablet	360 mg
----------	--------

(1), (2), (3), 2/3 of (4) and 1/2 of (5) were mixed and then granulated. The remaining (4) and (5) were added to the granules, and the mixture was compressed to give 15 tablets.

4. Tablet

(1) Compound obtained in Example 74	120 mg
(2) Lactose	174 mg
(3) Corn starch	54 mg
20 (4) Microcrystalline cellulose	10.5 mg
(5) Magnesium stearate	1.5 mg

1 Tablet	360 mg
----------	--------

(1), (2), (3), 2/3 of (4) and 1/2 of (5) were mixed and then granulated. The remaining (4) and (5) were added 25 to the granules, and the mixture was compressed to give

tablets.

Preparation Example 2

5 50 mg of the compound obtained in Example 74 was dissolved in 50 mL of the distilled water for injection according to Japanese Pharmacopoeia, and then the distilled water for injection according to Japanese Pharmacopoeia was added to a volume of 100 mL. The solution was filtered under the sterilized condition, and then taken out in 1 mL-
10 portions, and under sterilized condition, charged into a vial for injection. The vials were freeze-dried for sealing.

[0197]

Experimental Example 1

15 (1) Human activated blood coagulation factor X (FXa) inhibitory action

Method of experiment: 225 μ l of a 0.05 M Tris hydrochloride buffer (pH 8.3) containing 0.145 M sodium chloride and 2 mM calcium chloride, 5 μ l of a sample (the test compound is dissolved in dimethylsulfoxide), and 10 μ l of human FXa (0.3 unit/ml) were added to a 96-well microplate to react at 37°C for about 10 minutes, and then 10 μ l of a substrate (3 mM, S-2765) was added thereto to react at 37°C for about 10 minutes. Subsequently, 25 μ l of a 50% aqueous acetic acid solution was added to terminate the reaction, and then the change in the absorbance at 405 nm was measured with a spectrophotometer to calculate the

concentration inhibiting 50% of the FXa action (IC₅₀).

[0198]

(2) Method of measuring in vitro coagulation time

(2-1) Method of measuring extrinsic coagulation time

5 (PT) :

The extrinsic coagulation time was measured with an automatic blood coagulation time measuring device (STA compact, Diagnostica stago, Inc.) using a PT reagent (Diagnostica Stago, Inc.). 3 μ l of the drug was added to 10 97 μ l of human normal plasma (fresh human plasma FFP, Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd.), and the mixture was pre-warmed to 37°C for 4 minutes. To 50 μ l of the aforementioned plasma, 100 μ l of a solution of tissue thromboplastin derived from rabbit brain was added, and then the time to 15 coagulate was measured. The drug was dissolved in dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) for use. The concentration for doubling the coagulation time was calculated based on the coagulation time for the case of adding DMSO instead of the drug.

20 (2-2) Method of measuring intrinsic coagulation time (APTT)

The intrinsic coagulation time was measured with an automatic blood coagulation time measuring device using STA-APTT-LT (Diagnostica Stago, Inc.). 3 μ l of the drug 25 was added to 97 μ l of human normal plasma. To 50 μ l of the plasma, 50 μ l of a solution of activated partial

thromboplastin was added, and the mixture was pre-warmed to 37°C for 4 minutes. 50 µl of a 25 mmol/l CaCl₂ solution was added, and the time to coagulate was measured. The drug was dissolved in DMSO for use. The concentration for doubling the coagulation time was calculated in the same manner as in (2-1).

5 (2-3) Method of measuring thrombin coagulation time (TT) :

10 The thrombin coagulation time was measured with an automatic blood coagulation time measuring device using a fibrinogen reagent (Diagnostica Stago, Inc.). The fibrinogen reagent (containing thrombin) was dissolved in 5 ml of distilled water, and then was adjusted by diluting to a 20-fold volume with 0.5% bovine serum albumin-added 15 physiological saline. 3 µl of the drug was added to 97 µl of human normal plasma (fresh human plasma FFP, Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd.), and the mixture was pre-warmed to 37°C for 3 minutes. To 50 µl of the above-mentioned plasma, 100 µl of a thrombin solution was added, and the time to 20 coagulate was measured. The drug was dissolved in DMSO for use. The concentration for doubling the coagulation time was calculated in the same manner as in (2-1).

[0199]

25 (3) Method of measuring *ex vivo* coagulation time (mouse)

(3-1) Intravenous administration:

Male ICR mice (25 to 35 g, Crea Japan Inc.) were used.

Under pentobarbital (50 mg/kg, i.p.) anesthesia, the drug was administered a single time through the tail vein in a dose of 5 ml/kg. After five minutes of administration, 0.8 ml of blood was collected in a tube containing a 1/10 volume of a 3.8% sodium citrate solution (Chitoral, Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.) from the abdominal aorta or from the heart, and was centrifuged at 3000 rpm for 15 minutes to obtain the plasma. To 50 μ l of the plasma, 100 μ l of a solution of thromboplastin derived from rabbit brain tissue was added, and then the time to coagulate was measured. The coagulation time was measured with an automatic blood coagulation time measuring device (STA compact) using a PT reagent (Diagnostica Stago, Inc.).

15 The drug was dissolved in a solution prepared by mixing dimethylacetamide, 1/10 N hydrochloric acid and physiological saline for use, and for the control, a solution formed by mixing dimethylacetamide, 1/10 N hydrochloric acid and physiological saline was administered.

20 The drug activity was referred to as a ratio (%) of the coagulation time in the drug administered group to the coagulation time in the control group.

(3-2) Oral administration:

Male ICR mice (25 to 35 g, Crea Japan, Inc.) were used.

25 Mice which had fasted for over 12 hours were forced to take oral administration of the drug at a dose of 5 ml/kg.

After 1 hour of administration, blood was collected from abdominal aorta under pentobarbital (50 mg/kg, i.p.) anesthesia. The drug was used as a suspension in 0.5% methylcellulose, and for the control, 0.5% methylcellulose was administered instead of the drug. The other procedure was carried out in the same manner as in (3-1).

[0200]

(4) Method of measuring *in vivo* antithrombotic action

(4-1) Rat arteriovenous shunt method:

The method was carried out according to the method of Umetsu, et al. (Thromb. Haemostas., 39, 74-73 (1978)). Male SD rats (200 to 350 g, Crea Japan, Inc.) were employed, and an extracorporeal circulation route of a polyethylene tube having a silk thread was placed in between the left jugular vein and the right jugular vein in each rat, under pentobarbital (50 mg/kg, i.p.) anesthesia. In order to prevent blood coagulation, the tube was filled in advance with physiological saline containing heparin (50 U/ml). The blood was circulated for 15 minutes, and the wet weight of the thrombi attached to the silk thread during the circulation was measured. The drug administration was performed orally or intravenously. In the case of oral administration, the drug was administered (2 ml/kg) as a suspension in 0.5% methylcellulose under fasting, and for the control, 0.5% methylcellulose was administered instead of the drug. In the case of intravenous administration,

the drug was dissolved in physiological saline and was administered through the tail vein at a dose of 1 ml/kg, and for the control, physiological saline was administered instead of the drug. The drug activity was calculated as a 5 ratio (%) of the wet weight of thrombi in the drug administered group to the wet weight of thrombi in the control group.

(4-2) Rat abdominal vena cava partial ligation model

Male SD rats (200 to 400 g, Crea Japan, Inc.) were 10 used. In each rat, the abdominal vena cava was carefully detached under pentobarbital (50 mg/kg, i.p.) anesthesia, and then threads were used to ligate all of the rami present between the renal vein bifurcation of the abdominal vena cava and a spot 1 cm downstream therefrom. A balloon 15 catheter (Fogarty 2F, Baxter, Inc.) was inserted from the left femoral vein, and the part between the two pieces of threads was injured three times using a balloon filled with 200 to 300 ml of air. The balloon catheter was removed, and a partial ligation was produced by tying the thread 20 tied at the renal vein bifurcation together with a 26G needle and then removing the needle. After 30 minutes, a piece of thread was tied, and the thrombi caught between the two pieces of threads were carefully isolated. The wet 25 weight of thrombi was measured by using an analytic balance equipped with windshield (BP110S, Sartorius AG). The drug administration was performed orally or intravenously in the

same manner as in (4-1). The drug activity was calculated in the same manner as in (4-1).

(4-3) Rat deep vein thrombosis (DVT) model

Male SD rats (200 to 350 g, Crea Japan, Inc.) were employed. In each rat, a polyethylene tube was inserted to the left femoral vein under pentobarbital (50 mg/kg, i.p.) anesthesia. A silk thread (length 5 cm) connected in advance to a guide wire was inserted to the polyethylene tube, and the polyethylene tube was filled physiological saline containing heparin (50 U/ml) in order to prevent blood coagulation. The polyethylene tube was inserted until it reached the abdominal vena cava, and the silk thread was placed to stand still in the abdominal vena cava by using the guide wire. After standing for 30 minutes, heparin (200 U/kg) was intravenously administered through the tail vein. After bleeding by means of brachial artery incision, the abdominal cavity was surgically opened to take out the silk thread, and the wet weight of attached thrombi (including the weight of silk thread) was measured. The drug administration was performed orally or intravenously in the same manner as in (4-1). The wet weight of thrombi only was determined from the formula: (wet weight of thrombi attached to the silk thread) - (wet weight of the silk thread measured by immersing the silk thread in the venous blood collected with heparin). The drug activity was calculated in the same manner as in (4-1).

[0201]

Experiment Results

The IC_{50} values determined from Experiment Example 1(1) are presented in Table 1. From these results, it is 5 clear that the compound of the invention has excellent FXa inhibitory action.

Table 1

Example No.	IC_{50} (nM)	Example No.	IC_{50} (nM)
20	18	40	10
37	26	74	50

Industrial Applicability

[0202]

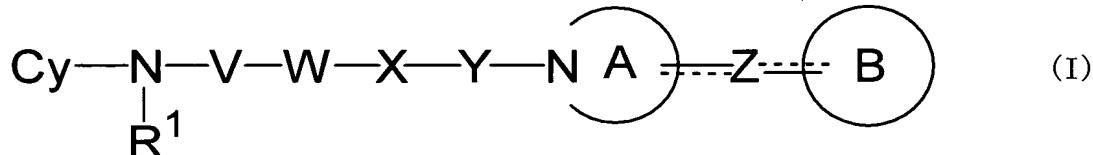
10 The Compound (I) of the present invention or a salt thereof has excellent FXa inhibitory action with low side effect of hemorrhage, is useful as an orally absorbable anticoagulant, and is advantageously used in the prevention and/or treatment of various diseases caused by thrombosis 15 or infarction.

Document Name: Abstract

Problem: To provide a urea derivative useful as a therapeutic agent for thrombosis.

Solution: A compound represented by the formula (I):

5 [Chemical formula I]



wherein Cy is an aromatic hydrocarbon group which may be substituted or an aromatic heterocyclic group which may be substituted; R¹ is a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted; V is -C(O)-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-; 10 W is -N(R²)-, -O-, or a bond (wherein R² is a hydrogen atom or a hydrocarbon group which may be substituted); X is alkylene which may be substituted; Y is -C(O)-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)₂-; Z is a bond, a chain hydrocarbon group which may be substituted, or -N=; ring A is a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted; ring 15 B is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring which may be substituted; and

[Chemical formula 2]

-----, -----

are each independently a single bond or a double bond; R¹ 20 may be bonded to R² to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring, or R² may be bonded to a substituent of X to form a non-aromatic nitrogen-containing

heterocyclic ring which may be substituted, or a salt thereof.

Selected Figure: none